4 🕏	in a second	. 👽	•			**
1	OFFICE M	EMORANDUM	UNITED STAT	es governme	NT	1
,	TO A	Director, FBI	(62-105095)	DATE:	5-5-59	5 -
•	FROM J	SAC, Memphis(1	.05-275)			a. ச _{துர∞} 444 - 1. ஆ. த.
.3	SUBJECT:	FREDERICK JOHN RACIAL MATTERS				
M	and the second second	Washington Fie	eld Origin			
10°	vities settin	Transmitt memorandum setting of the subject. mg forth the reli memorandum. Men	Also transm ability of the ophis Confiden	mation concitted is a informant tial Inform	erning the letterhead utilized i	acti- memo n the
•	States who ha	In view of to the Tennesses Rights Party, of the tennesses actions their respective	copies are bei ivities in con	ens Council ng furnishe nection wit	s and the N d other off h these gro	ational $^{^{\mathrm{b}^{7}\mathrm{D}}}$
	anothe	er meeting of the			that there	•
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	2- Was	shing <u>ton Field(er</u>	ncl4)	Ъ7D	S MAY	11 1959
	.4- Men	(1-105-275) ((1-105-207) ((Frederick Joh (Tenn. White C	itizens Cou		A STATE OF THE STA
	TAYLERT . TA 1		(Nat'l States	Rights Part	y)	
	FWN: FJ (30)	;	Agency 4_2	Dig Osit	hebites	•
<i>(</i>	√ _{ENCLO}	SURE A	Req. Rec'd Date Forw How Forw	5/1/2	A	
	5.9	MAY 19 1050	100 in	202 573	8	

Me#105-275

* John

nlace.
The informant was instructed to follow this closely and keep in touch with his contacting agent in order that the Bureau may be immediately advised.
It is suggested that other offices advise Memphis in event they learn of any proposed meeting of this group in b6 order that appropriate arrangements may be made to cover KASPER's b70 activities.
One copy of this letterhead memorandum is being furnished to CIC. Third Army, by separate letter, in view of
Lt. Colonel ROBERT COOK, Region 1, 111th CIC Group, Nashville, was advised of this information orally on 4-23-59 by SA FRANCIS W. NORWOOD.

it is the same

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Memphis, Tennessee May 5, 1959

Re: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER RACIAL MATTERS

On April 22, 1959, Memphis Confidential Informant T-1 furnished the following information:

The informant furnished copies of mimeographed material which KASPER is having distributed in behalf of Mrs. BESSIE M. WILLIAMS, Candidate for Mayor, City of Nashville, and HENRY A. JARRELL, Candidate for Vice-Mayor, City of Nashville, Tennessee. KASPER is the campaign manager for these two people. This material sets forth their platform, which is in favor of segregation of races, anti-Semitic, and calls for an exposure of the "Communist-Jewish Conspiracy." It is in opposition to the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People and to alleged interference by the Federal Government in the local affairs of the people of Nashville. The literature gives a short paragraph of personal history on each of the candidates.

The informant advised that he had learned that KASPER had made the statement that by running Mrs. WILLIAMS and JARRELL he had the opportunity to speak publicly and distribute literature without being arrested. The informant also stated that the literature being distributed has in it an advertisement for the Tennessee White Citizens Councils, Davidson County Division, P. O. Box 7073, Nashville, and urges the readers of the material to join this group.

Memphis Confidential Informant T-1 stated that KASPER recently advised an associate of his that he had attended a meeting in Knoxville, Tennessee on April 12, 1959, the exact nature of which he did not disclose. The informant stated that KASPER, in talking to his associate, at times referred to the National States Rights Party in connection with this meeting but did not specifically state that this was a meeting of leaders of that organization. Also in connection with the meeting KASPER referred to the "Thirty Young Men" or "Thirty Angry Men." He allegedly said something about a publication by the "Jewish

62-105095=46 ENCLOSURE b6 b7C 5-5-59

Re: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER RACIAL MATTERS

Anti-Defamation League" which he said was entitled Thirty Angry Men. The informant was not familiar with the publication and only knew of it through the statements made by KASPER to his associate. KASPER stated that the publication named thirty men who have been identified as being anti-Semitic and said that many of the men named in the article were in attendance at the meeting in Knoxville on April 12, 1959. During the conversation KASPER was critical of the National States Rights Party for being inconsistent and stated that they did not have an over-all plan.

In a theoretical discussion concerning the aims of KASPER and his associates, KASPER mentioned violence once or twice; indicated that he felt that it was proper to use any means to an end; and made some reference to the use of "selective assassination." The informant stated that his remarks appeared to be strictly theoretical and KASPER did not indicate that he himself would engage in such activities.

This is loaned to you by the FBI, and neither it nor its contents are to be distributed outside the agency to which loaned.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Memphis, Tennessee May 5, 1959

Re: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER RACIAL MATTERS

Memphis Confidential Informant T-1, mentioned in the memorandum of above caption, dated May 5, 1959, has furnished reliable information in the past.

This is loaned to you by the FBI, and neither it nor its contents are to be distributed outside the agency to which loaned.

62 -105095-46 ENCLOSURE





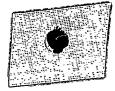
FBI

		<u>:</u>			Date: May	13, 1959	
	Γrαnsmit t	he following in			PLAIN TEXT	r .	
	:	£'		(Type	in plain text or co	le)	
7	Via	ATRTEL			ÁIRMA		
	<u> </u>	~			(Priority or Meth	od of Mailing)	
1		TO:	DIRECTOR,	FBI (62-	105095)		
		FROM	SAC, MEMP	HIS (105-	275)		•
⋄		SUBJECT:	FREDERICK RACIAL MAY (00: WFO	TTERS	PER, Aka,		b6
		and person is being a	f appearan informati nal observate set forth	ce of J. on. which the ation of herein.	B. STONER was devel Nashville agent of t Complete i	d interested of with KASPER, to oped through Police Depart he Memphis Division in usion in next	offices, b7C b7D ment, vision, insert
Q.		for Mayor, for Vice-I at 1:30 PI to the Nas present, we clothes pot to heckle, mated that the speaks	WILLIAMS, City of Indicate of the Control of the Co	aka Mrs. Nashville the steps ad been a pers. On er includ cers and as KASPER ut ten ad KASPER's	Wayne M., and HENR of the Da nnounced ply twenty-ed, news recollege stills supported ults presented apporters	tical rally for Williams, cand Y A. JARRELL, vidson County reviously by K five persons we porters, plais udents, who casers. It was ent, other than curiosity.	candidate candid
Airtel		in his tal Chicago, I	no spoke fo lk, he sta	or about ted that ednesday	fifteen mi he had add 5/6/59. 0	peaker, was J. nutes. At one ressed a group ther speakers	time in
Telstypo A. M. S. A. M. S. Spec. Del	D		ja go ngham nnati	l - Loui l - Mobi l - Sava l - WFO l - Mempo FWN:EMB (16)			
Pegistera(Appro	MAY 2219					
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ME 62-105095

advised that KASPER had not said anything about STONER coming to Nashville and that he did not know where STONER was staying or how he was traveling. He stated that he believed that STONER might be staying with KASPER at his quarters at 4010 Brush Hill Rd., Nashville.
whose name should be confidential by his request, advised that lights were on in KASPER's quarters very late on Saturday night and that on Sunday night or Monday morning 5/11/59 at approximately 3:00 AM, KASPER, another man, and some women came in and made quite a racket for thirty or more minutes. The car they were driving had a license that was black with white numbers but could not make out the number of the state. He stated that he does not know whether the women left or not, but that everything got quiet and the lights went out. However, about daylight, he heard the car leaving. He did not know who was in the car.
On 5/11/59 at 3:00 PM, advised that KASPER had come out of his quarters where he apparently had been sleeping all day. He got his old Chrysler out of the garage and left in it. No one was with him at the time.

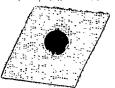
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			Date: 6/5/59		ľ	
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	TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI (62-1	L05095)		ľ	•
	Ω		• •			
	FROM:	SAC, MEMPHIS (105-2	275)		,	
103	FROM:	DAC, MEMPHID (100-2	213)			
79	0	0				
1	SUBJECT:	FREDERICK JOHN KASI	PER, aka		4.	• .
		RACIAL MATTERS OO: WASHINGTON FIEL	r.n			
į	•	OO. MIDHIMOTON TILL			b6 b7C	
	,					
1	Attonnout	On 6/4/59 s Office, Davidson (igator, Distr		
		A FRANCIS W. NORWOOI				* !
		rning of $6/4/59$ by				I.
,		's case. This case				
		m Davidson County ar n <u>viction</u> on the char				,
		stated that				
	BUMPUS, f	o r the D istrict Atto	orney's Office	e and that Mr		
		at no new arguments				
		on or defense. The but will probably do			b .	I
	doctoton	but will probably de	DO IN SULLY,	1000,	1.	
		On 6/4/59 Mr. DAVII				
		ourt, advised SA NOF				
ŀ		e presented by Assis ents for the defense				
	SCHOOLFIE					
-	to hand de	own a ruling on the	case on July	27, 1959.		
	32 Rureau	(62-105095)	•		1	
Airtel		gton Field (62-8028)		•	,	, ,
Teletypa.	1- Memphi:				10	, i
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Registers	od. — COUNT	17050	ŕ		$\mathbb{M}^{\mathbb{Q}}$	
	Approved:	- Se	ent	MP Per		
		cial Agent in Charge		<i>y</i>		
	•			•		

		in 10 col
F D-36 (nev.	12-13-56)





Date:



Mr. Tolson____ Mr. Belmont__

Mr. DeLoach... Mr. McGuire_

Mr. Mohr___ Mr. Parsons_

Mr. Parsons Mr. Rosen.... Mr. Tamm...

Mr. Trater____ Mr. W.C.Sullivan Tele. Room____

Mr. Holloman_ Miss Gandy___

b7D

(Type in plain text or code)

Via <u>AIRTEL</u>

Transmit the following in _

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

6/15/59

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (62-105095)

FROM: SAC, WFO (62-8028)

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, aka John Kasper RACIAL MATTERS (OO: WFO)

advised this date that JOHN KASPER intends to visit WDC this week to see his attorney, J. BENJAMIN SIMONS.

WFO will follow KASPER's activities in WFO territory by use of and spot check surveillances.

Bureau will be kept advised.

MM is requested to furnish WFO any known plans of travel for KASPER as well as a description of his car. P.

3 - Bureau 2 - Memphis (RM) 2 - WFO_____

62-105095-49

RBL:jd

(1 -

REC- 23

20 JUN 16 1959

AIRTEL

EX 109

C C Wick

53 JUN 18 1959

Approved: Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____M Per ____

305



Special Agent in Charge

FBI



Tran	Date: 6/22/59 PLAIN TEXT (Type in plain text or code)	
Via	AIR TEL (Priority or Method of Mailing)	
	TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-105095) FROM: SAC, MEMPHIS (105-275) SUBJECT: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, Aka. RACIAL MATTERS O0: WFO Re WFO airtel to Burgu, 6/15/59, and Memphis airtel to Bureau, 6/20/59. On June 20, 1959, advised SA FRANCIS W. NORWOOD that he had made contact with Miss GRACE DAWSON, who is furnishing KASPER living quarters. She stated that KASPER left Nashville Thursday night. He was scheduled to go to Knoxville where he was going to confer with RAULSTON SCHOOLFIELD and from there he planned to go to Washington, D. C., for a few days. He then planned to visit with his mother in New Jersey and would then return to Nashville. He plans to be gone from Nashville for a period of two weeks.	b6 b7C b7D
B	On June 20, 1959, a spot check at 4010 Brush Hill Road by SA NORWOOD revealed that KASPER's car is gone from his garage. KASPER is driving a 1950 bluish-grey Chrysler, four-door sedan with 1959 Tennessee license number 3C-6927. On the rear window is a sticker with an American flag at the top of the sticker. Alton	

8

ME 105-275

LEADS

THE KNOXVILLE DIVISION -

AT KNOXVILLE AND CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

b7C

Check sources to ascertain if KASPER has been in touch with SCHOOLFIELD and ______ If itinerary is ascertained, advise interested offices.

THE NEWARK DIVISION

AT NEWARK, NEW JERSEY

Ascertain if KASPER's mother presently staying in New Jersey and, if so, arrange to cover subject's activities while in New Jersey.

THE WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE

AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

Will follow KASPER's activities in Washington.



		F B I	
		6/20/59 Date: PLAIN TEXT	
Tráns	mit the following in	(Type in plain text or code)	
Via		AIRTEL	
, 14		(Priority or Method of Mailing)	
	TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI (62-105095)	
	FROM:	SAC, MEMPHIS (105-275)	
	ŘE:	FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, AKA RACIAL MATTERS	
ŀ		OO: WFO	
		Re WFO airtel to Director dated 6/15/59.	
1;		On 6/19/59 at 4:15 P. M.	
	dential	whose name should be kept confi-	6 70
		dvised that KASPER was at that time in his quarters	7 E
		car was in the garage. He did not know anything about	٠
		ns. It should be noted that on 6/17/59,	
	advised that	there had been considerable activity at KASPER'S d from information furnished by as to descriptions	į.
	of cars call	ing at the house, it appeared that his callers were	,
	leaders in the	ne Tennessee White Citizens Council, Davidson County	
	Division.		
	<u></u>	On 6/19/59. and	
		were contacted. Neither had infor-	
		KASPER'S planning to take a trip. Both are alerted to lately of any information received.	
	Chrysler 4-do	For the information of WFO, subject is driving a 1950 oor Sedan, blush gray in color. It has 1959 Tennessee	
1	license No. 3	3C-6927, and has a sticker on the rear window which	
ľ	has an Americ	can Flag at the top.	
Q de	3 - Bureau	b7D Com	A. C.
10	2Washingto	on Field (62-8028) (7)	
Mitto	3 - Memphis (\frac{1}{2}	
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A. 14	(8)	REC 3 Comments	
A. 12 C	. 5	12 JUN 23 1959	
Spread To			
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3 m = 1	Spec	cial Agent in Charge	

	Rev. 12-13-56)	FBI Date: 6/22/59 Well	Mr. Tolson Mr. Belmont Mr. DeLoach Mr. McGuire Mr. Mohr Mr. Twom Mr. Twom Mr. ter Mr. W.C.Sullivan Tele, Room
		(Type in plain text or code)	Mr. Holloman Miss Gandy
Via	AIRTEL	(Priority or Method of Mailing)	
	·	,	Kolf
,	TO: DIRE	CTOR, FBI (62-105095)	KANA
	FROM: SA	C,WFO	- Alexander of the same of the
	FREDERICK John Kasp RACIAL MA (00: WFO)	TTERS	b6 b7C
is de la company	•	Re WFO airtel 6/15/59, re KASPER coming to	. 1
	[advised this date KASPER is	
*		AGVISED DHIS DAVE RADIENT IS	
	establish	WFO will institute fisur of KASPER this dat his activities.	e to
	coverage.	Bureau will be kept advised of fisur and by P.	informant
	1 - Memph	is (Info) (RM)	
,	2 - WFO (1-	· ·	.b7D
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G	C - Wick	JN 30 1959	
		Thirt	
A .	approved:	Special Agent in Charge SentM Per	·

-	FD#36{(Rev. 12-	M M	r. Tolson r. Belmont
		I M	r. DeLoach r. McGuire
			r. Mohr r. Parsons
1			r. Tamm
Ŋ		Date: 6/24/59 M	r. Trotter
	Transmit the f	following in (Týpe in plain text or code)	r. W.C.Sullivandle. Room r. Holloman iss Gandy
	Via	AIRTEL	iss Ganuy
		(Priority or Method of Mailing)	
		TO: DIRECTOR, FB: (62-105095)	tigeld
	i.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	,	FROM: SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD (62-8028)	j.
		RE: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, aka RACIAL MATTERS 00: WFO	
			,
-		Re Memphis airtel 6/22/59 setting forth leads concernin a trip of subject to Knoxville, Washington and Newark.	g
		For information Knoxville and Newark, KASPER visited WD from Monday, 6/22/59 to Wednesday morning, 6/24/59. At 3:30 A.M., KASPER left WDC for Nashville, Tenn.	C
	l _r	Newark may disregard lead in reftel.	
,		Knoxville is requested to cover its lead in reftel to ascertain if KASPER has been in touch with SCHOOLFREED and	The same of the sa
			b6 b7C
		3 Bureau 1 Newark (Info) (RM) Memphis Knoxville WFO	53
		RBL:VIM 47 JUN 25 1959	
	A Company of the Comp	C C - Wick	
	Approve	ed: M Per	neuroinine 1
-	UWJ	IIII 2 Special Agent in Charge	



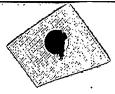


¥ ,		FB4		Mr. Moh Mr. Pars
		Date: :6/2	4/59	Mr. Rose Mr. Tan Mr. Tro Mr. W.O
mit the following in	1 <u>(T</u>)	pe in plain text or co	ode)	Tele. Ro Mr. Holl Miss Ga
AIRTEL		(Priority or Met	hod of Mailing)	
	ا ما يو يو په په يې د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د			
TO:	DIRECTOR, FB	Ι		partyon
FROM:	SAC, WASHING	ON FIELD (62-8028)	/
RE:	JOHN KASPER RACIAL MATTER	RS		
obtaine actions	airtel 6/22/59 ac FISUR conducted ed from informants s in WDC in connec WDC 6/24/59 at 3:	Dy WFO Age reflect KA ction with r	nts and info SPER did not acial matter	ormation t do any
KASPER	on 6/22/59 rented	l a U-Haul t	advised on[railer which	he has
to turi	in at Nashville to haul some of	within 7 da	vs. He is n	icing the
CHIASIE	y WFO reflects KA er sedan, Tennesse ing bears Florida	e license 3	C6927. The	dull gray trailer he
Therefo	advised that KAS tely if the U.S. re, after taking	his nossess	urt denies h	is appeal.
his car either	to go to Louisyi to J. B. STONER. go to Wetumpka. A	lle, Kentuci After doi: labama, to s	ky, where he ng this, KÁS visit Admira	e will deed & SPER will I TOHN
sources	IN or return to W KASPER said he	ashington, I would stav	D. C., to vi	sit the
time of	his departure, s	urt acts on ources said	his appeal.	At the
monta, b	tongn'h do to Met	umpka instea	ad of return	ing to
р. Әе	3 JUN 30 1959	REC: 20		
э вигеа	u ville (Info) (RM)	6 G	4-105090 - Wick	7-54KO 1
Memph Mobil	is " "	A -	TA JUN 26	1959
3 WFO (1 M.	M		b7D

0.

Mr. Tolson____ Mr. Belmont_ Mr. DeLoach_ Mr. McGuire_

Special Agent in Charge





		Date:	June 27, 1959	
Transmi	it the following inP	LAIN TEXT	•	1
r ransını	tt the lollowing in	(Type in plain te	ct or code)	
Via	AIRTEL		AM	,
V 144	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(Priority	or Method of Mailing)	
a si	TO: DIRECTOR, FB FROM: SAC, MEMPH RE: FREDERICK JO RACIAL MATTE OO: WFO	IS (105-275)	<u> </u>	
	advised SA FRANCI			ect returned
1	to Nashville, Ten	n., late evening c	f 6/25/59	ne b6
	writ of certiorar Court will deny w leaving Nashville Cromelleins resid Sunday and Monday he will "turn mys He did not state Tuesday. Infor	BENJAMIN SIMMONS i and that SIMMONS rit on Monday 6/29 early AM of 6/27/ ence at Wetumpka, . He stated that elf in down there whether would turn mant to recontact h will be dissemin	is of opinion /59. KASPER st 59 to go to Adm Alabama, where if court denies for propaganda himself in Mor	that Supreme ates he is airal he will stay certiorari purposes". Inday or
Airtel.	L E A	<u>Ď</u> (and the state of t
A. Al.	THE MOBILE DIVISI	ON-		
	will through establish		to cover KASPER mpka, Alabama.	NS activities
Reg. Mal	/31 Bureau	1	· ·	خيد سن
Registered.	2- Mobile -2- WFO (62-8020) 1- Memphis FWN:drw (8)	REC- 73 EX- 131	62-1056 12 JUN 29 1959	95-55
	112		The great	
	& UJUL 6 1959		• ,	
A	pproved:	Sent	M Per	·
	Special Agent	in Charge		



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

.IIIN 30 1959

Mr. DeLoad Mr. McGuif Mr. Mohr. Mr. Trotter Mr. W.C.Sullivan Tele. Room. Mr. Holloman. Miss Gandy_

URGENT

6-30-59

4-27 PM

LO

TO DIRECTOR FBI AND SAC MEMPHIS

FROM SAC MOBILE 1P

Washington Field Office

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER. RACIAL MATTERS. RE WFO AIRTEL TO

BUREAU JUNE TWENTYFOUR LAST AND MEMPHIS AIRTEL TO BUREAU.

JUNE TWENTYSEVEN LAST.

CONTACTED SUBJECT TODAY FOR STATEMENT OF HIS

INTENTIONS AFTER SUPREME COURT REFUSED TO REVIEW HIS CONVICTION. KASPER SAID HE INTENDED TO TURN SELF IN TO USM, MONTGOMERY, BUT DID NOT SAY EXACTLY WHEN. AP ALSO CONTACTED USM CHARLES PRESCOTT, MONTGOMERY, WHO SAID HE COULD NOT ACCEPT CUSTODY OF KASPER UNTIL USM, NASHVILLE, FORWARDED CERTIFIED COPIES NECESSARY PAPERS. KASPER CURRENTLY STAYING WITH ADMIRAL JOHN CROMMELIN, HARROGATE SPRINGS, WETUMPKA, ALA. MOBILE WILL

ADVISE FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS THIS MATTER.

END AND ACK PLS

EX-132

-105095-56

6-31 PM OK FBI WA DM WA

REC- 87 6 JUL 7 1959

OK FBI ME EM '

TUDISCO

51X- Hu

50 JUL 10 Rosen

CC--NR. ROSET

July 16, 1959

Airtel -

To:

SACs, Mobile Memphis 63201

Director, FBI (62-105095)

JOHN KASPER RACIAL MATTERS

Mobile advise whether Kasper still in Wetumpka and nature of any public activities. Submit weekly airtel as long as he remains in your territory. Memphis determine and advise status of legal action against Kasper and approximate date warrant will be issued for his arrest.

1 - Washington Field (62-8028)

WLM: LWA

JE 17 193

AILED 10 **16** 1959 COMM-FBI

Tolson Belmont DeLoach McGuire .

🖰 Sullivan 🗻

TELETYPE UNIT

Date: 7-17-59

Transmit the following in		
	(Type in plain text or code)	
AIRTEL	AIRMAIL	
Via	(Priority or Method of Mailing)	

TO:

Director, FBI (62-105095)

FROM:

SAC, Knoxville (62-623)

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, aka RACIAL MATTERS

Re Memphis airtel to Director dated 6/22/59.

Captain M. W. UPCHURCH, Chattanooga Police Department was contacted by SA JACK D. HUGUELET on 6/24/59 and 6/30/59. He advised that he has no information indicating that KASPER has been in Chattanooga recently. No information has come to the attention of the writer indicating KASPER has been in Chattanooga within the past several months.

An article appearing in the Knoxville News-Sentinel of 7/1/59 and deadlined Montgomery, Alabama, 7/1/59, states that on Tuesday (presumably 6/30/59), KASPER appeared in the office of the USM at Montgomery and attempted to surrender to start serving the sentence he received in the USDC at Knoxville after having been convicted of contempt of court in connection with his activities in respect to the integration of the Clinton High School. The article indicates that Marshal CHARLES S. PRESCOTT refused to take KASPER into custody inasmuch as he had not received proper authority from USDC, Knoxville, for accepting the surrender of KASPER. The article states that KASPER indicated he was visiting a friend, retired Navy Admiral JOHN G. CROMMELIN, at CROMMELIN's home in nearby Wetumpka.

3)- Bureau (62-105095)

2 - Washington Field (62-8028)

1 - Knoxville (62-623)

FX-139, 5 JUL 20 1959

HES: ejh (6)

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57 JUL 231959 #

Special Agent in Charge

Sent .

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	e following in	
'ia	(Priority or Method of Mailing)	
7		<u>.</u> b6
		b7C
K	x 62-623	•
E b I	A spot check at the residence ofin ountain City, a Knoxville suburb, on 7/2/59 by SA HERBER. SHRIDER revealed the presence there of an old model lue-gray Chrysler, bearing 1959 Tennessee license 3C6927 t is noted that this was the same license number which as reportedly on alcar which had been in KASPER's ossession.	
c r T	on 7-8-59 visited CROMMELIN and KASPER in labama from 6/28 - 6/30/59 and had returned in KASPER's ar. She advised that the car was, at that time, being epaired in Knoxville at direction and would be eleased by to friends of KASPER from Nashville, enn., who would keep the car during his incarceration. indicated that insofar as she knew KASPER emained in Wetumpka and would do so until taken into Fed eustody.	leral
k b K	On 7/17/59, Deputy U. S. Marsha noxville, advised that approximately 2:30 p.m. on 7/16/5 ASPER was taken into Federal custody by a USM at the some of stated that on 7/17/59 ASPER would be removed to the Federal Correctional Institut Tallahassee, Florida, by a USM.	.
w	stated that KASPER had made no eff to surrender to the office of the USM at Knoxville but as taken into custody after it was learned by employees of the U.S. Marshal's Office that KASPER was at the home.	ort
- 1	RUC.	

Airtel

SAC, Jacksonville

Director, FBI (62-105095)

IPEDIRICK JOHN TASPIR, AKK! IMCIAL IMPETES 00: TASHINGTON FILLD OFFICE

De Knoxville airtel 7-17-59, no copy to Jacksonville, which indicated that Kasper had been approhended by the U. S. Marchal at knowville and would be removed to the Veleral Correctional Institution, Tallahassee, Plorida, on 7-17-59.

Verify that Easper is presently in Federal Correctional Institution, Tallahassee, and advise by return airtel. Alao make discreet arrangements to be advised when Kasper is to be released and keep the Eureau currently informed of any developmente.

1 - Knoxville (62-623) (information) 1 - Dashington Field (62-8023) (information)

> REC- 63 62-105 17 JUL 32 1953 1 37 7 气生长/50

Belmont DeLoach McGuire Mohr . Parsons Rosen Tamm Trotter

Tele.Room 🗕





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AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mulling) From: SAC, Mobile (62-105095) From: SAC, Mobile (62-739) Re: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER RACIAL MATTERS Re Bureau airtel to Mobile and Memphis captioned "JOHN KASPER, RACIAL MATTERS", dated 7/16/59. Montgomery Advertiser, daily at Montgomery, Ala., 7/17/59 carried an article on Page 5C relating that subject was taken into custody at home of TOY USM FRANK QUARLES on 7/16/59. This article states that KASPER held in Knox County Jail pending transfer to Federal Prison. Article did not indicate any statement made by KASPER. advised that on 7/8/59 visitors to Harrogate Springs, residence of Admiral JOHN CROMMELIN, included U. S. Klans, KKKK, Inc. Imperial Kladd TURNER CLINTON AILLS and two other Klan leaders from central Alabama. Informant stated that these persons conferred with CROMMELIN and KASPER and that the subject of conversation was princi- and KASPER and that the subject of conversation was princi- Cally CROMMELIN's and KASPER's anti-Semitic propaganda line. Informant stated that it was apparent that CROMMELIN has substantial influence over MILLS and ROBERT SHELTON, Grand Dragon of Alabama, U. S. Klans, and is believed to have considerable influence in shaping policies of U. S. Klans in Alabama. Informant stated that it was apparent that KASPER is full confidante of CROMIELIN in these matters. Details 3 - Bureau (AM)(RM) 2 - Memphis (105-275)(AM)(RM) REC-63 2 JUL 20 1959	the following in	Date: 7/17/59
Priority or Method of Mailing) From: SAC, Mobile (62-739) Re: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER RACIAL MATTERS RE Bureau airtel to Mobile and Memphis captionery Re Bureau airtel to Mobile and Memphis captionery Re Bureau airtele on Page 5C relating that subject Was taken into custody at home of CASPER held in Knox County Jail pending transfer to Federal Prison. Article did not indicate any statement made by KASPER. Advised	rue romowing in	(Type in plain text/or code)
To: Director, FBI (62-105095) From: SAC, Mobile (62-739) Re: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER RACIAL MATTERS Re Bureau airtel to Mobile and Memphis captioner Berney By June Lasser Bureau JOHN KASPER, RACIAL MATTERS", dated 7/16/59. Montgomery Advertiser, daily at Montgomery, Ala., 7/17/59 carried an article on Page 5C relating that subject was taken into custody at home of DY USM FRANK QUARLES on 7/16/59. This article states that RASPER held in Knox County Jail pending transfer to Federal Prison. Article did not indicate any statement made by KASPER. advised that on 7/8/59 visitors to Harrogate Springs, residence of Admiral JOHN CROMMELIN, included U. S. Klans, KKKK, Inc. Imperial Kladd TURNER CLINTON MILLS and two other Klan leaders from central Alabama. Informant stated that these persons conferred with CROMMELIN has substantial influence over MILLS and ROBERT SHELTON, Grand Dragon of Alabama, U. S. Klans, and is believed to have considerable influence in shaping policies of U. S. Klans in Alabama. Informant stated that it was apparent that KASPER is full confidence of CROMMELIN in these matters. Details 3 - Bureau (AM)(RM) 2 - Knoxville (AM)(RM) 2 - Memphis (105-275)(AM)(RM) 1 - Mobile WED Willy MEC 63 JUL 20 1959	AIRTEL	and the second of the second o
Re: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER RACIAL MATTERS Re Bureau airtel to Mobile and Memphis captioner TJOHN KASPER, RACIAL MATTERS", dated 7/16/59. Montgomery Advertiser, daily at Montgomery, Ala., 7/17/59 carried an article on Page 50 relating that subject was taken into custody at home of your was taken into custody at home of Crison. Article did not indicate any statement made by CASPER held in Knox County Jail pending transfer to Federal Prison. Article did not indicate any statement made by CASPER. Advised that on 7/8/59 visitors advised that on 7/8/59 visitors included U. S. Klans, KKKK, Inc. Imperial Kladd TURNER CLINTON AILLS and two other Klan leaders from central Alabama. Informant stated that these persons conferred with CROMMELIN and KASPER and that the subject of conversation was principally CROMMELIN's and KASPER's anti-Semitic propaganda line formant stated that it was apparent that CROMMELIN has substantial influence over MILLS and ROBERT SHELTON, Grand Dragon of Alabama, U. S. Klans, and is believed to have considerable influence in shaping policies of U. S. Klans in Alabama. Informant stated that it was apparent that KASPER is full confidente of CROMHELIN in these matters. Details 3 - Bureau (AM) (RM) 2 - Memphis (105-275) (AM) (RM) 2 - Memphis (105-275) (AM) (RM) 2 - Mobile MED MILL 20 1959	·	(Priority or Method of Mailing)
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RACIAL MATTERS ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN SUNCLASSIFIC DATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP	From:	SAC, Mobile (62-739)
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Was taken into custody at home of by USM FRANK QUARLES on 7/16/59. This article states that KASPER held in Knox County Jail pending transfer to Federal Prison. Article did not indicate any statement made by KASPER. advised	"JOHN KAS	Re Bureau airtel to Mobile and Memphis captioned SPER, RACIAL MATTERS", dated 7/16/59.
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2 - Knoxville (AM)(RM) 2 - Memphis (105-275)(AM)(RM) 1 - Mobile WED: WLW 2 JUL 20 1959	included MILLS and Informant and KASPI pally CRO Informant substant Dragon of considera Alabama.	gate Springs, residence of Admiral JOHN CROMMELIN, U. S. Klans, KKKK, Inc. Imperial Kladd TURNER CLINTO d two other Klan leaders from central Alabama. t stated that these persons conferred with CROMMELIN ER and that the subject of conversation was princi- OMMELIN's and KASPER's anti-Semitic propaganda line. t stated that it was apparent that CROMMELIN has ial influence over MILLS and ROBERT SHELTON, Grand f Alabama, U. S. Klans, and is believed to have able influence in shaping policies of U. S. Klans in Informant stated that it was apparent that KASPER
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of this information appearing in current report being prepared Mobile in U. S. Klans, Bufile 100-7801.

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advised that at a "big" meeting of U. S. Klans, KKKK, Inc., Realm of Alabama, at Evergreen, Ala. on 7/39/59, CROMMELIN and KASPER were speakers and each in his turn addressed the Klan group, principally attacking the Jews.

On 7/17/59 Deputy USM WILLIAM SHERRILL, Montgomery, Ala., advised that the USM at Montgomery, Ala. never did receive appropriate copies of documents enabling that office to arrest KASPER.

RUC

	Date: July	22, 1959
Trans	nsmit the following inPLAIN TEXT	{
114113	(Type in plain text or cod	(e)
Via	AIRTEL	M
V 1U	(Priority or Metho	od of Mailing)
	FROM: SAC, MEMPHIS (105-275) RE: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER RM OO: WFO Reurairtel dated 7/16/59. 6/5/59. The only legal action again Tenn., is a conviction in Circuit Court Nashville, on a charge of inciting a ri was appealed to the Tennessee State Sup Bureau was advised, the decision by the will not be handed down until 7/27/59. Bureau will be advised of the results. this appeal. However, local Nashville wire service dispatches stating that KA self to the U.S. Marshal, EDT, at Knox conviction and has been remanded to the Attorney General. 3-Bureau (62-105095) 1- Knoxville (Info) 1- WFO (Info) 1- Memphis FWN:drw	ast KASPER in Nashville, by Davidson County, cot. This conviction by State Supreme Court At that time, the KASPER is on bond pendir newspapers have carried asper surrendered him- cyille, on his federal
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Talayja.	3	# 1/F
. 11. <u>1</u> . 11. s.	REC- 23	62-105095-61
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/n	Approved: Sent	м Р
	Special Agent in Charge	•





Date: 7/27/59

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Transmit the following in	PLAIN TEXT
ridibilit the following in	(Type in plain text or code)
Via ATRTEL	
<u> </u>	(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-105095)

FROM: SAC, JACKSONVILLE (105-45)

SUBJECT: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, Aka.

RACIAL MATTERS

(00 NFO)

Re Buairtel to Jacksonville, 7/21/59.

Warden EUGENE R. GOODNYN, JR., Federal Correctional Institution, Tallahassee, Fla., on 7/24/59, informed SA JAIMS B. MAFLEY that subject was received at this institution at 4:30 PM on 7/23/59 to serve a six months sentence.

GOODTYN explained that subject could possibly be released in five months, due to the "good time" he can earn while an inmate there. He said that RASPER will probably be classified as "a medium custody immate", which means that he will not be assigned to duties outside the compound area of the institution.

Inasmuch as KASPER was "a model prisoner" when an inmate at this institution previously, GOODWYN is of the opinion that he will cause no trouble during instant period of incarceration. He said he would keep this Bureau advised of any further current developments in this matter, as well as subject's exact release date as soon as it is known.

EX-140 PARGETT

34 Bureau (62-105095) AM 1- lnoxville (62-623)INFO AM 1- NFO (62-8028)INFO AM

1- Jacksonville (105-45)

JBE /sd1 (6)

REC- 56

62-105095-62

Z3 JUL 29 1959

pproved: Sent _____ M Per ____

Special Agent in Charge





	 Dαte: 7/29/59	
Tra	ensmit the following inPLAIN TEXT	
	(Type in plain text or code) AIRTEL	
V 10	(Priority or Method of Mailing)	
	TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-105095) FROM: SAC, MEMPHIS (105-275) FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, Aka RACIAL MATTERS OO: Washington Field	
	On 7/27/59, Tennessee Supreme Court ruled again subject in his appeal from conviction in Criminal Court, County, Nashville, Tenn. KASPER received a 6-months sent \$500 fine. He will start serving this sentence in the Da County Workhouse upon completion of time served in Federal Correctional Institution, Tallahassee, Fla. In commenting on the case the Tennessee Suprem commended Judge HOMER WEIMER, the lower court judge, for efforts in assuring subject an impartial trial. No annount has been made by Raulston Schoolfield, KASPER's defense a	Davidson ence and vidson e Court his ncement
,	as to whether he will appeal the case to the U.S. Suprem or not.	e Court
	3 - Bureau (62-105095) (RM) 2 - Washington Field (62-8028) 1 - Memphis (105-275) FWN:ME (6) REC-73 Alriel	5
	57 AUG 101959 m Sent Special Agent in Charge	





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		سيبي		Date: 7/28/	59	
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Via_	<u></u>	AIRTEL	AIRMAI	(Priority or Method o	of Mailing)	[. [
	-, — — <u> </u>	TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI	(62–105095)	<u> </u>	
\$	flo	FROM:	SAC, JACKSONVII	LE (105-45)		
7	YB	SUBJECT:	FREDERICK JOHN RACIAL MATTERS (OO: WFO)			
7. ()		Institution follows:	Mr. EUGENE R. C on, Tallahassee,	HOODWYN, Warden, Florida, on 7/	Federal Correction 27/59 advised	às b6
•		in some se a Negro in said, "You then excha	e recreation fie ort of athletic nmate named u don't like Neg anged a few word	2.M., on 7/25/59 ald of this instantion contest with ot came groes, do you?" It and the two mother inmates co	itution partic: her inmates who up to KASPER a and KAS en scuffled for	ipating en and SPER r a
		while in hurt and cording to been the	the U.S.Army. that no we <u>apon l</u> o GOODWYN,	en convicted on He said that n and been used by had admitted scuffle, and th	either man had either man. to him that he	rge been Ac- had
		daily; ho involved information probably	een various inma wever, this is t in one. GOODWYI on to get to the	DDWYN explained ates occur at the the first time K waid that he depress as the 1 a full scale rathe case.	is institution ASPER has been id not want th atter " would	almost
		1 - Knoxv 1 - Washi	u (RM) ille (62-623)(Ington Field (62- onville		2-105095 18 JUL 30 1959	
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JK 105-45

He said that if any inmate other than KASPER had been involved in this scuffle, he would have thought no more about it; however, in view of KASPER's potential for causing racial disturbances, he, GOODWYN, plans to recommend to the U.S. Bureau of Prisons that KASPER be transferred in the near future to some other Federal institution outside the South, such as the Federal Correctional Institution, Danbury, Connecticut. GOODWYN stated that he would keep this Bureau advised of any further developments in the future with reference to KASPER's possible transfer to another Federal institution.

The Bureau will be kept closely advised in the premises.





FEDERAL BURE	EAU C)F INVI	ESTIGATIO	N
REPORTING OFFICE OF ORIGIN		E -	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD	
WASHINGTON FIELD WASHINGTON	FIELD	AUG 6 1959	4/14-7/27/59	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
TITLE OF CASE		ORT MADE BY		TYPED BY
	1	RICHARD B.	TAVTN	MMG
		ARACTER OF CA		
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FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, JR. a	aka	Ď	IAL MATTERS	•
		RAU	IAL MATTERS	
SYNOPHIS:	· · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		***		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
REFERENCE			* **	
Report of SA PICHAF	RD B. LAY	/IN. dated	4-24-59 at	
Washington, D. C.				
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	- P* -	HEREIN	PMATION CONTAINE	2 1/2
ADMINISTRATIVE DATA	4		33/100BY JP-41	YATTOG
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Due to the fact the this case is being placed in such time as he is released.	at KASPEI a pendi	R is prese ng inactiv	ntly incarcerat e status until	ed,
The Agent conduction Tennessee, was SA FRANCIS W.	ng spot NORWOOD	checks on	KASPER in Nashv	ille,
The Agents to whom 3-26-59, are SAs ELMER LEE TO	DDD and 1	RICHARD B.	LAVIN	
Oll a	0-17 WLM	to WFD -1	insufficient cop	oles-send and
APPROVED SPECIAL IN CH	AGENT ARGE		DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BE	LÒW
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49Bureau (62-105095) 2-Jacksonville (RM)		62-11	5093 _	5
1-Knoxville (62-623)(Info)(RM)				
1-Memphis (105-275)(Info)(RM)		3		9EI - 7X7
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2-Washington Field (62-8028)		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u>/</u>	
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PROPERTY OF UBIL-27 his report is loaned to you by the FBI, and neither it nor its contents are to be distributed outside the agency to which loaned.

The Agents conducting the physical surveillance who observed KASPER in his car on 3-26-59, are SAs TODD and LAVIN.

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source	File Where Located
ME T-l is	
ME T-2 is	b6
ME T-3 is	Instant Report b7D
(Requested)	
ME T-4 is	Instant Report
(Requested)	
WF T-4 is	b7D
WF T-16 is	
Seaboard White Citizens Councils Enterprise National Socialists.	source used to characterize the and the World Union of Free

Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed and T symbols were utilized in the report only in those instances where the identities of the source must be concealed.

LEADS

KNOXVILLE, MEMPHIS and MOBILE (INFORMATION)

Information copies are being sent to these offices since KASPER has been active in their divisions, and may again become active upon his release from prison.

- A -COVER PAGE



WFO 362-8028-

JACKSONVILLE DIVISION

AT TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA

Will make discreet arrangements to be advised when KASPER is to be released from prison as set forth in Bureau airtel to Jacksonville 7-21-59.

WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE

AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

1. 1. 1

Will upon notification of release of KASPER from prison place this matter in an active status and resume following his activities.

_ R _

COVER PAGE

digit was

Me#105-275

The following investigation was conducted by SA FRANCIS W. NORWOOD at Nashville, Tennessee:

On April 22, 1959, Memphis Confidential Informant T-1 advised SA NORWOOD that he had received material and information from FREDERICK JOHN KASPER:

T-1 furnished copies of mimeographed material which KASPER is having distributed in behalf of Mrs. BESSIE M. WILLIAMS, Candidate for Mayor, City of Nashville, and HENRY A. JARRELL, Candidate for Vice-Mayor, City of Nashville, Tennessee. KASPER is the campaign manager for these two people. This material sets forth their platform, which is in favor of segregation of races, anti-Semitic, and calls for an exposure of the "Communist-Jewish Conspiracy." It is in opposition to the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People and to alleged interference by the Federal Government in the local affairs of the people of Nashville. The literature gives a short paragraph of personal history on each of the candidates.

The informant advised that he had learned that KASPER had made the statement that by running Mrs. WILLIAMS and JARRELL he had the opportunity to speak publicly and distribute literature without being arrested. The informant also stated that the literature being distributed has in it an advertisement for the Tennessee White Citizens Councils, Davidson County Division, P. O. Box 7073, Nashville, and urges the readers of the material to join this group.

Memphis: Confidential Informant T-1 stated that KASPER recently advised an associate of his that he had attended a meeting in Knoxville, Tennessee on April 12, 1959, the exact nature of which he did not disclose. The informant stated that KASPER, in talking to his associate, at times referred to the National States Rights Party in connection with this meeting but did not specifically state that this was a meeting of leaders of that organization. Also in connection with the meeting KASPER referred to the "Thirty Young Men" or "Thirty Angry Men." He allegedly said something about a publication by the "Jewish Anti-Defamation League" which he said was entitled Thirty Angry Men. The informant was not familiar with the publication and only knew of it through the statements made by KASPER to his associate. KASPER stated that the publication named thirty men who have been identified as being anti-Semitic and said that many of the men named in the article were in attendance at the meeting in Knoxville b6 b7C 14 - 734

Me#105-275

on April 12, 1959. During the conversation KASPER was critical of the National States Rights Party for being inconsistent and stated that they did not have an over-all plan.

In a theoretical discussion concerning the aims of KASPER and his associates, KASPER mentioned violence once or twice; indicated that he felt that it was proper to use any means to an end; and made some reference to the use of "selective assassination." The informant stated that his remarks appeared to be strictly theoretical and KASPER did not indicate that he himself would engage in such activities.

On May 4, 1959, Memphis Confidential Informant T-2 advised SA NORWOOD that KASPER was still residing at the residence of Miss GRACE DAWSON, 4010 Brush Hill Road, Nashville. The in- Tend formant stated that he had not seen KASPER at that residence, but that he had learned that KASPER was there on Sunday, May 3, 1959. He also stated that on Friday, May 1, 1959, KASPER was not at the house but that he might have been in Nashville on that date. At 10:00 PM, May 4, 1959, T-2 stated that KASPER and Miss DAWSON were working in KASPER's quarters as of 7:30 PM of that date. The informant did not observe KASPER's car at the house. He has advised that in the past the house at 4010 Brush Hill Road is owned by Miss DAWSON who is furnishing KASPER quarters in a garage apartment at that address free of charge.

On May 7, 1959, the Nashville Tennessean, a daily newspaper, Nashville, Tennessee, carried a story stating that at 11:30 PM the preceding evening the subject appeared to speak on the campus at Vanderbilt University at Nashville. He apparently had been invited to do so by some of the students and appeared before a group in an open air meeting in the Kissam Hall area. At this time a large group of students gathered around and asked him questions. Some of the students threw raw eggs at him and some wanted to throw him in the lake in nearby Centennial Park. The demonstration was broken up by school officials.

On May 7, 1959, a Special Agent of the FBI observed the subjects old model blue-grey Chrysler Sedan parked in a garage across the street from 4010 Brush Hill Road, Nashville. This is a private garage owned by Miss GRACE DAWSON. On the night of May 7, 1959, spot checks were made by a Special Agent of the FBI to locate the subject in Nashville with negative results. He returned to the residence of Miss DAWSON sometime between 9:00 PM and 11:00 PM that evening.

Me#105-275

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On May 9, 1959, Memphis Confidential Informant T-1 furnished the following information to SA NORWOOD:

B. APPROX.

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, as campaign manager of
Mrs. BESSIE M WILLIAMS, candidate for Mayor, City of Nashville,
and HENRY A JARRELL, candidate for Vice-Mayor, City of NashTotalle, organized a political rally that was held on the front
steps of the Davidson County Courthouse at 1:30 PM, May 9, 1959.

MPROTHER were approximately fifteen people present when the speaking started, with some children in the crowd. There were also
four or five newspaper men and photographers present. As the
meeting progressed some passers-by stopped and listened,
apparently out of curiosity, and one or two Negroes were among
them. Also some young people, who were apparently Vanderbilt
University students, who were dressed in Burmuda shorts, came
up while the speakers, who were being made. They apparently came
to heckle the speakers, KASPER in particular. In all there
were never more than twenty-five people present.

The first speaker introduced was J. B. STONER, who was a guest speaker. In his speech STONER attacked the integration of schools, the NAACP, the Jews and the Communists. He used the usual line of propaganda which appears in most of KASPER's material. It was noted that STONER was a more polished speaker than any of the others.

B. APPROX.

KASPER introduced all of the speakers and in doing so managed to get in two or three speeches of his own.

Mrs. WILLIAMS made a short talk and JARRELL made a long talk, punctuated with verbal blasts at Mayor BEN WEST. All speeches were apparently written by KASPER or at least the speakers were coached by KASPER as they all followed his line of propaganda.

STONER was a crippled man, wearing a brown suit. He wore no hat. He is about forty years of age, has brown hair, is 5° 7" tall, and weighs about 150 lbs. Mrs. WILLIAMS is in her late forties, about 5° 4" and weighs about 150 lbs. She has dark hair and is very heavily built. JARRELL is a small wiry man about sixty years of age with white hair. He is 5° 6" and weighs about 140 lbs. There was an old man standing with the candidates and speakers who was never identified. He was in his sixties or seventies, had white hair, 5' 10" tall, weighed 160 lbs. and wore a hat throughout the rally. The crowd that gathered was principally made up of persons who appeared to be laborers or persons of the lower economic bracket.

Me#105-275

Literature was passed out which consisted of a mimeographed circular giving the platform of the two candidates, some information about the candidates, an advertisement for the Tennessee White Citizens Councils and some of the campaign slogans.

OFFICE MEMORANDUM UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC

FROM: SA FRANCIS W. NORWOOD (105-275)

DATE: 5-15-59

Dictated: 5-11-59

SUBJECT: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER

RACIAL MATTERS

On 5-9-59, the following information was obtained by SA FRANCIS W. NORWOOD by making a spot check at the Davidson County Courthouse, Nashville, Tennessee:

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER and four other individuals appeared on the front steps of the Davidson County Courthouse and proceeded to make speeches in behalf of Mrs. BESSIE M. WILLIAMS and HENRY A. JARRELL. The first speaker noted was a white male, 5° 7", dark brown or black hair worn straight, medium complexion, age thirty-five to forty, 145 lbs. He was wearing a brown suit, white shirt, bow tie and no hat. Only brief statements made by him could be heard but he was heard saying that he had addressed a crowd in Chicago, Illinois on the night of Wednesday, May 6, 1959. His principal remarks seemed to be aimed at what he termed the Jewish-Communist Conspiracy to force integration on the South. Later on this man distributed literature among the spectators and it was observed that he limps badly.

KASPER introduced the other speakers who were identified by SA NORWOOD as Mrs. BESSIE M. WILLIAMS and HENRY A. JARRELL. There was another man standing with the speakers who never did speak. Mrs. WILLIAMS was not a very forceful speaker and none of her remarks could be heard.

JARRELL is a loud talker and forceful in his delivery. He attacked Mayor BEN WEST, Nashville, for his policies on integration and attacked the NAACP, the Jews and the Communists. He apparently was reading from a prepared text.

FWN: FJ

Mrs. WILLIAMS was observed to be:

Race White Female Sex Age Late 40°s 50-411 Height 145 to 155 Weight Hair Black Build Heavy Complexion Medium

JARRELL was observed to be:

White Race Sex Male Age 60 5 6" Height Weight 140 Hair White Complexion Tanned Build Small Voice Medium tone, Southern

The man who did not speak was observed to be:

accent

Race White Sex Male 5 10" Height Weight 150 Hair Grey (wore hat) Build Medium Age 65 Complexion Medium

During the speaking literature was passed out. This consisted of a mimeograph sheet giving the campaign platform of the two candidates. On the reverse side was given some background information about each of the two candidates and an advertisement for membership in the Tennessee White Citizens' Councils. One of these was picked up off the street where it had been thrown and is submitted herewith.

The talks lasted for about two hours. At most there were not more than twenty-five people listening, including newsmen, photographers, two plain clothes police officers from the Nashville Police Department, and five or six students

from one of the universities in Nashville. At one time there were nine adults observed in the crowd who seemed to be supporters of the candidates and adherents of the KASPER policies.

The following license numbers were noted on automobiles in the vicinity which appeared on cars either known to be driven by KASPER's adherents or by actions of their occupants suspected as such.

1J-5403	(1959	Tenn.)-	Recognized as being car belonging to and driven by
1н-7844	(1959	Tenn.)-	Recognized as being car normally driven by At this time it was driven
1F-2863	(1959	Tenn.)-	Old man from speakers group seen getting in this car with two women and a man believed to be

b6 b7C

The following two out of state license numbers were noted on cars in the vicinity of the courthouse:

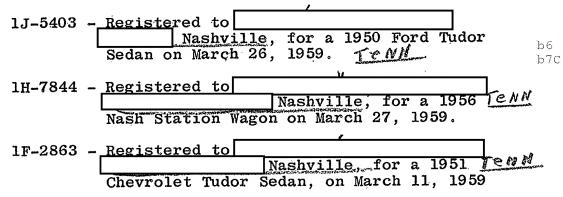
1981370 (1959 Illinois) - Noted because speaker referred to having made speech in Chicago.

115-072 (1959 Delaware) - Noted because KASPER is known to have associates in Delaware.

Neither of the above two licenses were on a car known to have any connection with the subject.

. . .

On May 11, 1959, Mrs. JANICE RIDLEY, Motor Vehicle Division, Tennessee Department of Finance and Taxation, Nashville, advised SA NORWOOD from records of her office that the following registrations appeared for the license numbers shown.



On May 11, 1959, Memphis Confidential Informant T-3 advised SA NORWOOD that the lights were on in KASPER's living quarters very late on Saturday night, and that on Sunday night or Monday morning, May 11, 1959, at approximately 3:00 AM, KASPER, another man and some women came in and made quite a racket for thirty or more minutes. The car they were driving had a license plate on it that was black with white numbers but the informant could not make out the numbers or the state. The informant did not know whether the women left or not but everything got quiet and the lights went out between 2:30 and 3:00 AM. However, at daylight a car left. The informant did not know who was in the car.

At 3:00 PM, May 11, 1959, Memphis Confidential Informant T-3 advised that KASPER came out of his living quarters, where he apparently had been all day, got his car out of the garage across the street and left. No one was with him at the time.

On May 12, 1959, Memphis Confidential Informant T-2 advised that Miss GRACE DAWSON had given the subject almost free run of her house. The informant stated that he had learned that she left the house open to him in the day time so that he could use the telephone. He felt that any long distance calls made from there would probably be made by KASPER.

On May 12, 1959, Memphis Confidential Informant T-4 advised SA NORWOOD that places and persons had been contacted by some person from Miss DAWSON's residence since May 4, 1959:

3-4-59 - RAULSTON SCHOOLFIELD	- Chattanooga, Tenn Tel.	#AM 7-6703
3-6-59 - "	17 * 17	
3-10-59 - J. BENJAMIN SIMMONS	- Washington, D.C.	#MA 2-1131
3-13-59 - RAULSTON SCHOOLFIELD	- Chattanooga, Tenn.	#AM 7-6703
4-6-59 - "	11 11	#MA 4-3417
4-7-59 - Person unknown	- Knoxville, Tenn.	5-7456
4-9-59 - Southland Motel	- Lebanon, Tenn.	#HI 4-2933
4-11-59 - Person unknown	- Knoxville, Tenn.	8-1840
4-13-59 - Rich's	· 11	4-4011
4-22-59 - Person unknown	II II	8-1840
4-22-59 - Rich's		4-4011
4-23-59 - "	11 11	11 11
5_2_59 _ I BENJAMIN SIMMONS	- Washington. D. C.	#MA 2-1131

WFO- 622802826

II. Activities at Washington, D. C.

WF T-4 advised on May 15, 1959, that had received a letter from JOHN KASPER and KASPER stated he did not intend returning to Washington, D. C. FLEMING indicated he wanted to hold a meeting of the Seaboard White Citizens Councils (SWCC) to either close it down or reorganize it, leaving KASPER out of the group.

b6 -b7C

A description of the SWCC is contained in the appendix section of this report.

WF T-4 advised on May 25, 1959, that the SWCC is not an active organization and the possibility of its folding up is great. Informant advised that KASPER is still carried as the Executive Director.

WF T-4 advised on June 25, 1959, that during a brief visit to Washington, D. C., on June 23, 1959, KASPER went into great detail about why he didn't want to be tied up with GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL of Arlington, Virginia. The main reason, according to informant, seemed to be that KASPER thought ROCKWELL was a 1920 Nazi living in 1959. KASPER indicated that he thought the Attorney General would socn put ROCKWELL on the subversive list and KASPER stated he would go to jail for his beliefs but not for something that he didn't believe in. He mentioned that he did not care what thought of this plan, but stated that he was going to revoke the SWCC charter. KASPER talked about Nashville and in answer to a question from informant, stated that bombing was not out of style but depended on the local situation. He thought that the Justice Department wanted him in jail when school opened, but it was never too late to instigate action. EKASPER mentioned to informant that he had a good supporting crowd in Nashville of about 1,100. He also thought that his support throughout the country was good and hewindicated he had a great deal of success in his last fund raising appeal. According to the informant he had a largewsummof money with him and KASPER also mentioned that he might go to Vanderbilt Law School.

WFO 9228628

A description of GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL and his organization, the World Union of Free Enterprise National Socialists, is contained in the appendix of this report.

WF T-4 advised on June 23, 1959, that KASPER rented a trailet will in Washington, D. C., which he had to turn in at Nashville within seven days. He is using the trailer to haul his possessions to Nashville.

WF T-4 advised on June 23, 1959, that KASPER believed he would be arrested immediately if the Supreme Court denies his appeal. Therefore, after taking his possessions to Nashville, he intended to go to Louisville, Kentucky, where he would deed his car to J/B STONER of the National States Rights Party. After doing this KASPER intended to go to Wetumpka, Alabama, to visit JOHN CROMMELIN (retired Admiral).

The National States Rights Party will be described in the appendix to this report.

WF T-4 advised on June	25. 1959. that on
KASPER.	met at the home
nf L	and KASPER indicated to
that he is going to turn	in his part of the SWCC charter
as he thinks it is hest to discor	itinue the group for the time
being. indicated to	informant that she is going
to mail KASPER all of the names t	that she has collected from $^{ m b6}_{ m b7C}$
various sources. She indicated t	that she already had 500 names $^{-6.7}_{ m b7D}$
to send KASPER.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

WF T-16 advised on June 25, 1959, that on June 22, 1959, KASPER had mentioned that he did not expect to have much time before going to jail for six months. According to the informant he appeared to have plenty of money and he stated that his fund raising campaigns were very successful. KASPER was interested in what GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL was doing and launched into a tyrant adainst his tactics. All in all he seemed very jealous of ROCKWELL.

WFO 1622-802826

According to informant, KASPER says that he thought violence could still be used with effectiveness in some parts of the South, but that the only permanent way of enjoying success was throughpolitical action.

Physical surveillance by Special Agents (SAs) of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) was conducted on KASPER during a visit he made to Washington, D. C., from June 22-24, 1959. On June 23, 1959, it was observed that he was hauling certain material in a U-Haul Trailer bearing Florida license IN 1649. His car was observed to be a 1950 dull gray Chrysler Sedan, bearing Tennessee license 3-C6927.

III. Writings

On May 26, 1959, Post Office Inspectors Office, Jacksonville, Florida, made available a mimeographed letter captioned "JOHN KASPER Appeal" dated May 11, 1959. The letter was signed JOHN KASPER Post Office Box 7073, Nashville 10, Tennessee.

This is a five page appeal for funds. The following paragraphs are samples from that letter:

"We are struggling for civilization in America. We are working for a nation which will present equal or greater opportunities to America's sons and daughters than the past has afforded them. We aim at the most intelligent white leadership in our various governments, Federal, State and local. We stand for the Constitution of the United States as ratified in 1789, every word of it, as the greatest instrument of government ever devised by free men.

"Against this is barbarism. Against this is the return to savage, jungle life embodied in the murderous ideals of the Bolshevic and the jews who conceived such a monstrous concept of life. Against this is usury and the international financiers, Federal Reserve racketeers, mostly controlled by the Jews of New York, Washington, London, Paris, Geneva and Moscow. Against this is the present Supreme Court of the United States comprised of communist sympathizers, jews,

WFO 162-802826

White-race haters, and radicals of the rooseveltian revolution which changed our government from a Constitutional Republic to a centralized welfare state with jew-control at the top.

"Also, here in Nashville, after I was 'rehabilitated' in Federal prison for a year, I went to trial on an 'inciting to riot' charge. The charge was made before I went to prison but not tried 'til after I got out. It was a great comedy, a strutting judge who beamed benevolently out at the court on this 'big case' he was trying, a nicely stacked jury of big silk stocking muckety mucks, witnesses who lied in fear of being beaten by police again, as they were at the time they were arrested, and State prosecutors who missed their calling in the theater or the vaudeville circus and somehow landed in the courtroom.

"I ask you now, to please send me as much money as you possibly can, that I may be enabled to continue these appeals and remain out of jail until they are finally decided. Between the two cases, Federal and State, I must have at least \$5,000.00 to carry them on. The time is short on the Federal case and I must tell my attorney what I am going to do. What I do depends on what I can do. What I can do depends on what you will do to help me."

IV. Legal Difficulties

On June 4, 1959, Investigator, District Attorney's Office, Davidson County, Nashville, Tennessee, advised SA FRANCIS W. NORWOOD that hearings were held on the morning of June 4, 1959, by the Tennessee Supreme Court on KASPER's case, and that this was an appeal by KASPER from a conviction on a charge of inciting a riot in Nashville.

SA NORWOOD ascertained from Clerk of the Tennessee Supreme Court that the court was expected to hand down a ruling on the case on July 27, 1959.

WFO 62-802826

The New York Times, newspaper, on July 28, 1959, carried an article on page C15 entitled "Kasper Plea Fails." The article points out that the Tennessee Supreme Court on July 27, 1959, ruled that KASPER must serve six months in the Davidson County workhouse at Nashville and pay a \$500 fine for inciting to riot in Nashville integration troubles in 1957.

On June 29, 1959, the United States Supreme Court denied KASPER's petition for a writ of certiorari from his conviction in the Federal Court at Knoxville, Tennessee, in connection with the 1956 Clinton, Tennessee High School integration riots.

On July 17, 1959, Deputy United States
Marshal, Knoxville, Tennessee, advised that on July 16, 1959,
KASPER was taken into Federal custody by a United States
Marshal. He indicated that KASPER would be removed to the
Federal Correctional Institution at Tallahassee, Florida.

The Washington Post and Times Herald, local newspaper, on July 24, 1959, set forth in an article that KASPER has checked in at the Federal Correctional Institution at Tailahassee, Florida, to begin his six month sentence for interferring with integration at Clinton, Tennessee High School.

WFO 62-8028 APPENDIX White Citizens Councils of D. C., aka Seaboard White Citizens Councils. The White Citizens Councils of D. C., aka the Seaboard White Citizens Councils (SWCC) were incorporated in the District of Columbia as reflected in certificate 16343 filed August 31, 1956, with the Recorder of Deeds, Washington, D. C. The "particular

business and objectives of said corporation shall be to promote the material improvment of its members by designating information to members and others for the purpose of improving race relations." Among individuals listed as trustees, directors and/or managers for the corporation were JOHN KASPER and FLOYD FLEMING.

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER also known as JOHN KASPER was sentenced to one year in a Federal prison in the Fall of 1956, by United States District Judge ROBERT TAYLOR in Knoxville, Tennessee, for violation of a restraining order growing out of the Clinton, Tennessee High School racial riots in August, 1956. KASPER has also received a six months Federal prison sentence and a six months sentence from the State of Tennessee, for his activities.

A source has advised that as of May, 1959, KASPER is still the Executive Director of the SWCC. The source has advised that the actual active membership of the SWCC is small and limited to approximately nine persons.

World Union of Free Enterprise National Socialists.

A source advised on February 27, 1959, that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL of Arlington, Virginia, had held an organizational meeting of the World Union of Free Enterprise National Socialists (WUFENS) at his residence on February 26, 1959. Six persons were present and they, according to the source, comprised the beginning of an officer corp of the organization. ROCKWELL told those present that the WUFENS would be an international movement, but that the section of the organization in the United States would be known as the American Party of the WUFENS.

ROCKWELL on March 26, 1959, furnished to Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation a copy of the program of the WUFENS stating that he expects to become president of the United States through the organization's platform. The main enets of the WUFENS, as reflected in a program, call for the migration of Negroes to Africa and the trial and execution of all Jews guilty of communist and zionist treason.

The source advised on May 20, 1959, that the main activity of the organization since its inception has been the distribution of anti-jewish material as well as material setting forth a program of the organization.

WFO 62-802826

National States Rights Party

b6 b7C

Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on December 9, 1958, that she was formerly National Vice Chairman of the National States Rights Party (NSRP). The NSRP was started in Louisville, Kentucky, as a third political party to preserve segration in the South. She added, however, that the organization had become violently anti-jewish.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 62-860285

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF USTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

AUG 6 1959

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER RACIAL MATTERS

Reference is made to the report of Special Agent Richard B. Lavin dated and captioned as above.

All informants utilized in this report have furnished reliable information in the past with the exception of ME T-3. Contact with ME T-3 has been insufficient to evaluate the reliability of his information.

This memorandum is loaned to you by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and neither it nor its contents are to be distributed outside the agency to which loaned.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: RICHARD B. LAVIN

Office: Washington, D. C.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINE

Date:

Aug 6 1959

File Number: Washington Field 162-80286

Bureau 62-105095

Title:

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, JR.

Character

RACIAL MATTERS

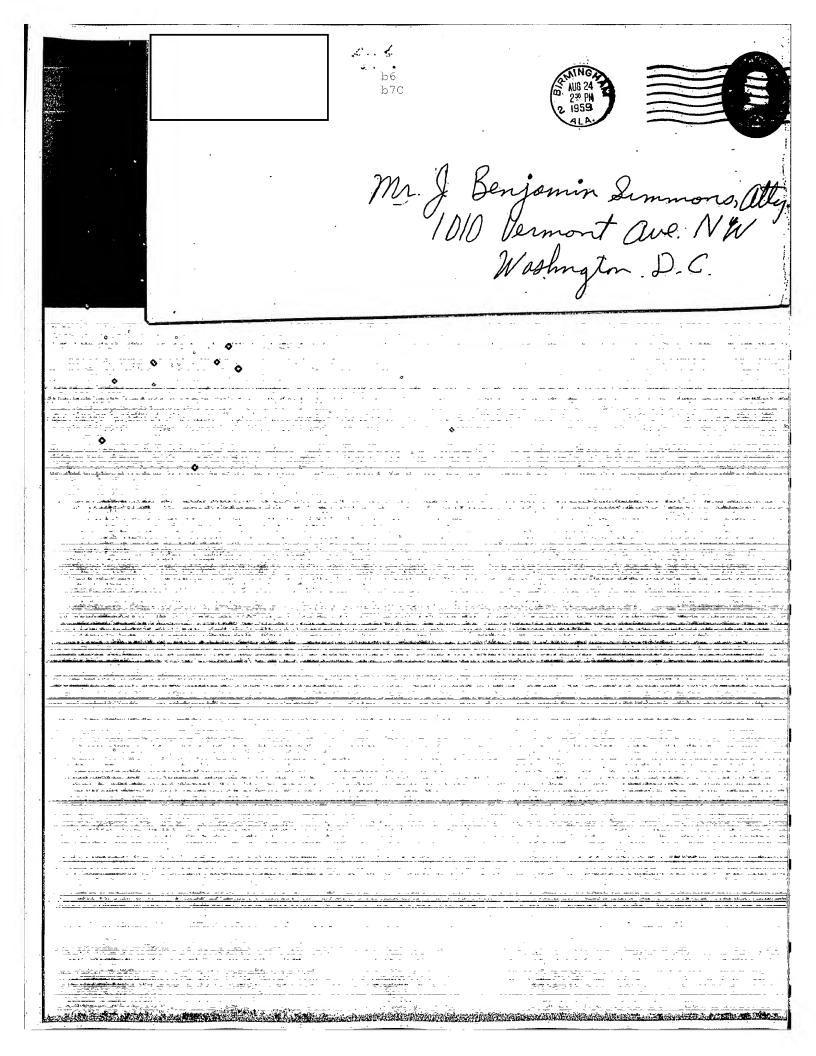
Synopsis:

KASPER managed campaigns for BESSIE WILLIAMS and HENRY A. JARRELL for Mayor and Vice Mayor of Nashville in 1959. KASPER spoke at Vanderbilt University campus in May, 1959, and was poorly received. On 5-9-59, KASPER held a rally on the front steps of Davidsen County Court House in the WILLIAMS campaign. KASPER visited Washington, D. C., briefly in June, 1959, but did not conduct any activity along racial lines while in D. C. KASPER's petition for a Writ of Certiorari, the U.S. Supreme Court denied and KASPER taken into custody by U.S. Marshal 7-16-59, to commence serving 6 months prison term. KASPER presently incarcerated in Federal Penitentiary, Tallahassee, Florida.

_ P*_

DETAILS:

I. Activities at Nashville, Tennessee



TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

We, the undersigned, would like it be known that we protest and abhor the cruel and inhuman treatment of Mr. John Kasper, who is serving a six-month term at the Federal Correctional Institution at Tallahassee, Florida. We are informed that he is constantly harassed by negroes there, and, to add injury to insult, he was either beaten up or punched in the face by one of the negro prisoners. We protest Mr. Kasper being persecuted and, had not one Mr. Haskell Johnson of Mobile, Alabama been released from said prison, and given his story to the Associated Press, it would never have been known.

We protest to the warden, to the guards at the prison, to the Federal Government of the United States, and most of all, to the Supreme Court who is responsible for Mr. Kasper's being there. We ask that this harassment be stopped at once, or that Mr. Kasper be transferred to another prison. Feeling that his life is in danger, we urge that his safety should be assured.

b6 b7

TO WHOM IT HAT CONDERW!

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b6 b7C

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

	•					
	TO:	The Director		DATE:	August 3,	1959
ks/	d -	8				Tolson Belmont
<i>y</i> .	FROM:	A. Rosen			1.1	DeLoach McGuire
•				†	A William	Mohr
	SUBJECT:	FREDERICK JOHN KAS	PER_	É	1.6/19/11	Tamm
	•	RACIAL MATTERS			I PA	Trotter W.C. Sullivan
		Kasper was convict	ed for contempt of	f the II.	S. Distric	Tele, Room
	Court, Eas	stern District of I	ennessee, in conne	ection w	ith his	Gandy
	opposition	stern District of I n to integration at	Clinton, Tennesse	e. The	Supreme (Court
	U. S. Mars	denied his appeal a shal, Knoxville, Te	nnessee, to commen	us arre ice serv	ing a six	months'
	sentence.	•				6-1
		Kasper is present1	u in the Federal C	orrect i	onal Insti	,—
	Tallahasse	ee, Florida, and Wa	rden Eugene R. God	dwyn ha	s furnishe	ed the
	following	information:	e e e	•		
		At about 3:30 p.m.	, on 7-25-59 subje	ct Kasp	er was on	the
	recreation	n field of this ins	titution participa	ting in	some sort	of
ļ	athletic c	contest with other came up to Ka	inmates when a Neg sper and said, "Yo	ro inma n. don't	te namea like Near	'0es.
	do you?"	and Kasper	then exchanged a f	ew word	s and the	two b6
	men scuffl them apart	led for a minute or	so before the oth	er inma	tes could	<i>pul1</i> b ^{7C}
	_					1000
	sentence T	Goodwyn explained having been convict	that is ser	ving a	five-year	
	U. S. Army	y. He said that ne	ither man had been	harge w	nd that no	e weapon
	had been i	used by either man.	According to Goo	dwyn,		admitted
	had neithe	it he had been the c er done nor said an	agressor in the sc Uthina to provoke	it.	ana tnat K	asper
	•					
	between vo	Continuing, Goodwyn Irious inmates occur	n explained that s r at this institut	cuffies ion alm	oj tnis t ost dailu:	ype
	however, t	this is the first t	ime Kasper has bee	n invol	ved in one	• '
	Goodwyn so	iid that he did not tter"would probably	want this informa	tion to	get to th	e press
	and such u	vas definitely not	the case. REC-	12 1	7 /15	X95/1
		We ented that the ans	יייי אנטיייי אנטיייייייייייייייייייייייי	13 100		019-66
	involved i	He said that if and in this scuffle, he	y inmate other tha would have though	n nasper t no reor	r naa been ฟะปโตไก็อนร์958	t:
	however, i	n view of Kasper's	potential for cau	sing rà	cial dist n	Abances,
		m, plans to recomme transferred in the				that
	institutio	on outside the South	h, such as the Fed	eral Cor	rrectional	
	Institutio	pp, Danbury, Connect	ticut. Goodw yn st	ated the	at he woul	d keep
	reference	u advised of any fu to Kasper's possib	le transfer to ano	ther Fed	, julure w leral inst	itution.
,		2 -		11	\ .	
•	WIM: ers N		SENT DIRECTOR	1 /	J .	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	WIM: ers	THEK I TOBULE	9-3-59	STO	e 10]٧

ΪQ

: Director, FBI (62-105095)

DATE: August 18, 1959

FROM

SAC, Jacksonville (105-45)

SUBJECT: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, JR., aka RACIAL MATTERS

.

Rerep SA RICHARD B. LAVIN dated 8/6/59, at Washington Field Office.

Appropriate arrangements have been made by this office with authorities at the Federal Correctional Institution, Tallahassee, Florida, whereby this office will be advised when subject is released from that institution. When this information is received, the Bureau and auxiliary offices will be immediately advised.

In the meantime, instant case is being placed in a pending inactive status for a period of ninety (90) days.

EX 109

REC. 42 62-105095-67

2-Bureau

1-Knoxville (62-623)

1-Memphis (105-275)

1-Mobile

1-Washington Field (62-8028)

2-Jacksonville

JBH-cpc

(8)

28 AUG 20 1959





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

September 2, 1959

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on September 1, 1959, that a petition has been circulated in the Nashville, Tennessee area protesting the incarceration of Frederick John Kasper in a Federal prison at Tallahassee, Florida.

The petition also protested the "cruel and inhuman" treatment of Kasper in that he is "constantly harassed" by Negroes there. It adds that Kasper "was either beaten up or punched in the face by one of the negro prisoners".

The petition ended with the request that Kasper be transferred to another prison because his life is in danger at Tallahassee.

According to the source, the petition has been mailed to Kasper's attorney, J. Benjamin Simmons in Washington, D.C.

Kasper is serving a six month sentence in the Federal prison at Tallahassee following a conviction arising out of racial disturbances over school intergration at Clinton, Tennessee, in the Fall of 1956.

This memorandum is loaned to you by the Federal Bureau of Investigation and neither it nor its contents are to be distributed outside the agency to which loaned.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN SUITCLASSIFIP LOUTE
DATE SASSIFIP LOUTE
901 484

62-105095-68 ENCLOSURE

FD-36 (Re-	v. 12-13-56)		Mr. Tolson Mr. Belnvoit Mr. DeLoach Mr. McGuire
t -	F B I	e: 9/2/59	Mr. Mohr
Ţransmit	the following in	ý.	Mr. Trotter Mr. W.C.Sullivan Tele: Room Mr. Holloman
Via	AIRTEL (Priori	ity or Method of Mailing)	Miss Gandy
	TO: DIRECTOR, FBI FROM: SAC, WFO (62-8028)	59 44	1200) 5.d.
	FREDERICK JOHN KASPER RACIAL MATTERS		
	Enclosed for the Bureau letterhead memo concerning a peticirculated protesting the incarce mation copies are being sent the	tion which is being eration of subject. In Memphis Office.	
	Also enclosed for the B Office are two Photostats of the forwarded to J. BENJAMIN SIMMONS,	petitions which were KASPER's attorney.	
D	The source in the memo original information is located i	is who	b7D
ENCLO	SLIRE (3-BureauN(Encls-10) 2-Memphis (Encls-4) (RM) 2-WFO (1- ELT/sal (7)	information contained Rein is unitassified 4.57 107484	Hog
	<u>AIRTEL</u>	! leadand;	to any
		AGENCY AGENCY REQ. REC'D DATE FORW. 7-1 HOW FORW. BY	Dego-Weith 59 15/
	Mª.	MEC-110 ~ 15 MN 62-10509	738,68
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App	oroved: Special Agent in Charge	•	
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Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO :DIRECTOR, FBI

(62-105095)

DATE: 8/19/59

FROM

: SAC WFO

 $(62-8028)^3$

SUBJECT: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, JR., aka

RACIAL MATTERS

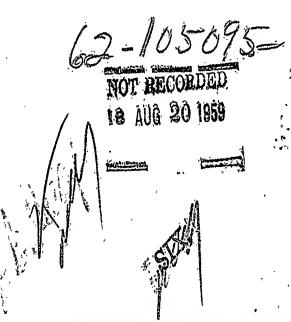
00: WF0

As requested by Bureau Form 0-17, 8/17/59, enclosed are two additional copies of the report of **S**A RICHARD B. LAVIN, WFO, 8/6/59.

2 Bureau (Enc. 2)
1 WFO
RBL: VIM

SOLUTION

SO



VERNMENT DATE: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-105095) 79 *3*9/59 SAC, MEMPHIS (105-275) SUBJECT: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, aka RACIAL MATTERS OO: WFO Rerep SA RICHARD B. LAVIN dated 8/6/59 at WFO. On 8/27/59, there was filed with the Clark of Tenn. State Supreme Court a petition for rehearing of the case in which subject was convicted of inciting a riot. This petition was prepared by the subject while in Federal Prison and submitted by mail. The original is in the subject's handwriting On 8/31/59, the Tenn. State Supreme Court dismissed his petition for rehearing. Subsequent to that time, BENJAMIN SIMMONS, Atty., Washington, D.C., advised the clerk of the Tenn. State Supreme Court that he intended filing a writ of certiori with the U.S. Supreme Court on behalf of the subject. He requested copies of the trial record and certain other documents. one of which was the petition filed by the subject. Mr. JACK BOYD, Clerk, Tenn. State Supreme Court, furnished SA FRANCIS W. NORWOOD the above information on 9/28/59 and at that time, a photostat of the copy of the subject's petition filed 8/27/59, which he has had typed for the benefit of SIMMONS. Copies of this are being forwarded to the Bureau and WFO for information. In view of the fact that KASPER will undoubtedly return to Nashville, Tenn., after his release from Federal Prison. this case is being placed in a pending inactive status in the Memphis Division to be reactivated January 2, 1960. (2)- Bureau (Encl. 2) (REGISTERED) 2 - Washington Field (Encl. 1) (REGISTERED) 1 - Memphis FWN/krp (5)Mar Brilling Cities 25 OCT 5 1959

Airtel

To: SAC, Jacksonville (105-45)

From: Director, FBI (62-105095)

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, AKA. RACIAL MATTERS

ReBuairtel 7-21-59.

Information has been received at the Bureau indicating that Edward R. Fields, head of the National States Rights Party (NSRP), expects Kasper to be released from Federal Correctional Institution, Tallahassee, on 11-27-59, and to attend a convention of the NSRP at Dayton, Ohio, 11-28 & 29-59. Immediately advise anticipated date of Kasper's release and advise whether any detainer has been filed.

1 - Washington Field (62-8028) (information)

WLM:ers (5)

EX- 105

REC- 96

62-105095-10

10 NOV 27 1959

Tolson

Belmont

DeLoach

McGuire

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Parsons

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Trotter

W.C. Sullivan

Tele. Room

Holloman

Gandy

MAIL ROOM:

TELETYPE UNIT

19



LATEST REPORT ON KASPER

Vol. IV, No. 10, October 1959 John Kasper, behind bars since July at the

Federal Reformatory at Tallahassee, Fla.,

is tentatively scheduled to be released

December 16, under the Federal law which allows a prisoner time off for good behavior. On October 12, the U.S. Supreme Court refused for the second time to review Kasper's case. He is serving a six-month sentence for violating a court order forbidding interference with integration at Clinton, Tenn.

The young agitator has won support from

two women long prominent as hate publicists -- Elizabeth Dilling and Lyrl Van Hyning. In her August-September Bulletin, Mrs. Dilling devotes a page to "JOHN KASPER, Victim of Jewry":

> Frankly, I was prejudiced against John Kasper until I met him July 5th of this year.... Publicity represented Kasper as rabblerousing in the public squares against (Jewish-forced) integration of Negroes and Whites, while at the same time he had been palling with them socially at dances, etc. That was the bunk, I learned.... I found John Kasper to have the highest Christian ideals. 2-105095

The September issue Oof Recordant Hyning's

Women's Voice, published in Chicago, features an open letter by Kasper and an appeal for funds. Kasper describes his introduction into bigot movements o' physic as follows:

62 NOV 9 1959 101

Admiral John G. Crommelin, U.S.N. ret., one of the greatest living patriots...first brought to my attention the seriousness of the attack on racial separation...from the time I had the privilege of Admiral Crommelin's friendship, I have worked incessantly to maintain white-race integrity and segregation throughout the U.S.

The Kasper letter goes on to boast of his varied activities since 1951: attacking the Federal Reserve System; starting bookstores "to break the monopoly of book distribution exercised by left-wing international Jews"; fighting "the 'mental health' racket... a Jew-ridden occupation designed to control non-Jews who stand against their aims to rule the world." Kasper answers charges that he had socialized with Negroes:

Over a 3 or 4 month period in N.Y., I attempted to alert New York Negroes to the fact that they are being duped and used as instruments of the Jews.

In the course of a lengthy discussion of his bouts with the courts, Kasper lists the attorneys who have "worked tirelessly" and "without compensation, even though their defending me has worked reprisals against them financially, and otherwise." J. Benjamin Simmons of Washington, D.C., is cited for his work on Federal cases. Four Chattanooga, Tenn., attorneys are also credited for having "stuck with me all the way" — Judge Raulston Schoolfield and his law partners, Excell Eaves and John Taylor; and James Carroll.

MADOLE CIRCULATES
FANATIC LITERATURE
OF CHICAGO CROUP

The leader of the National Renaissance

Party, James Madole, is distributing the

"Survival Issue" of Frontier, a four-page

leaflet published in Chicago by the Institute of Biopolitics, "a research

and policy formulation group of the Democratic Nationalist Party."

Democratic Nationalism," Frontier advocates "a basic design for the organic preservation of the moral and material elevation of the Whitefolk of North America." Proposals are based on the demand that "only members of our Whitefolk may be citizens of the Nation." This excludes not only Negroes and "unclassified non-Whites," but also Jews, Communists, Liberals, Humanists and Pacifists. From this starting point, the "Folk Policy" proposals demand:

, ... the complete and officially enforced segregation of all non-Whites in the Nation.

...creation of a National Repatriation Commission to bring about the emigration and resettlement of non-assimilable Whites and non-Whites through financial and economic assistance.

...(that) Immigration shall be restricted to select Whites from lands of ethnic consanguinity.

U.S. EXPERT ON
PALESTINE ADDRESSES
ARAB STUDENTS

The Newsletter of the Organization of Arab Students in the U.S.A., in a special

issue on conventions, reprints an address

delivered by Paul D. Arthur, Fulbright professorial appointee in the Middle East, at CAS! West Coast Regional Convention.

Zionist political and financial power, according to Dr. Arthur, "is all out of proportion to their numbers, particularly in our larger cities." He cites the entertainment industry as offering an excellent opportunity for "frequent and well organized Zionist presentations," and singles out the "understandable" Egyptian boycott of Elizabeth Taylor's films:

It should be noted that the boycott of Mrs. Goldbogen was due to her purchase of Israeli bonds, not her decision to become a Jew. /Goldbogen was the late Mike Todd's original name.

In a similar vein, Dr. Arthur describes

"well-known" Zionist pressures on local and national politicians:

The most flagrant current examples of Zionist influence is the continued tax-exempt status of the United Jewish Welfare Fund and its Zionist recipient, the United Jewish Appeal. Classed as tax-exempt charities by the U.S. government, this group siphons three million dollars out of Los Angeles alone for Israel, its political parties and military program... Our Treasury Department is too cowed by the Zionists to even discuss the matter.

"ANTI-SEMITES
OF THE WORLD,
UNITE"

Mahmoud al-Habi'i, a top correspondent for the Cairo magazine, Akhir Sa'a, reviews the resurgence of anti-Semitism

in Germany in a recent issue and suggests that Arabs should find ways of cooperating with European anti-Semites:

...the Arabs are not alone in their struggle against Zionism, even though no attempt has yet been made to cooperate with the various organizations that fight Zionism and Jewish "graspingness" in their various countries....

Why don't the League, the Moslem Congress, or the Christian Arab associations in the Arab East take the initiative in organizing a general congress that would get together all the various associations and organizations that fight Zionism and its expansionism?

GERALD L. K. SMITH
PEDDLING HENRY FORD'S
"THE INTERNATIONAL JEW"

Hatemonger Gerald L.K. Smith has obtained mailing lists of attorneys in at least two cities for his current campaign to advertise

and sell The International Jew, originally published by Henry Ford

Publication of this book is entirely without the sanction of the Ford organization, which will continue to ignore it — the best way of insuring against widespread publicity.

Funds for the activities of the American Jewish Committee are raised through the Joint Defense Appeal.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI (62-105095)

DATE: 11/25/59

FROM

SAC, JACKSONVILLE (105-45)

subject:

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, JR., aka. RACIAL MATTERS

Re Washington Field Office letter 11/18/59 to Jacksonville requesting that a check be made at the Federal Correctional Institution, Tallahassee, Florida, to ascertain the approximate date of KASPER's release and any detainers that have been placed against him.

Warden EUGENE R. GOODWYN, JR., Federal Correctional Institution, Tallahassee, advised on 11/23/59 that KASPER is scheduled to be released from that institution on 12/16/59. No detainers have been filed against him. GOODWYN made available a copy of a letter dated 11/17/59, which he recently wrote to Mr. HARRY G. NICHOL, District Attorney General, Davidson County, Nashville, Tennessee, regarding KASPER, which letter reads as follows:

"FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA

¹¹November 17, 1959

"Mr. Harry G. Nichol District Attorney General Davidson County Nashville, Tennessee

> "Re: KASPER, Frederick John Reg. No. 16391-TF

"Dear Mr. Nichol:

"We are writing you at this time because we routinely do so with all authorities about thirty days in advance of releases in all cases where we have had correspondence regarding the

2 Bureau RM 2 - Washington Field RM 2 - Jacksonville

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status of inmates so that such authorities will be cognizant of proximity of release.

"Kasper is now being scheduled for release December 16, 1959.

"In your last letter to us of September 28th, you advised us that defendant is under \$2,500 cash bond; that no forfeiture had been taken on the bond in view of possible further proceedings in the Supreme Court; and that it was your intention to let the bondsman take him back to Tennessee or else take forfeiture on the bond.

"In compliance with your letter of September 28th, we shall advise you when Kasper has been released and will include in our letter release information such as destination and so forth.

"If we can be of further service to you, please do not hesitate to call on us.

"Very truly yours,

"E. R. GOODWYN, JR., WARDEN

"J. J. THOMPSON

"Administrative Assistant
"Classification and Parole"

The Bureau and Washington Field Office will be kept advised of further developments in this matter.

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

то	: DIR	ECTOR, FBI		DATE: 12/4/	/ 59	•
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	would be and furr KASPER.	also advi willing to talk w aish all informatio	sed that ith representation in his possessi	stated the rest of the Item concerni	BI	
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-	for info	This is being brormation purposes.	ought to the atte	ention of th	ie Bureau	-
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c	то :	N	, FBI (62-1056 (62-2028))95)			оатв: 12/	7/59	
	SUBJECT:		JOHN KASPER ION CONCERNING				, <u>-</u>		b7D
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53 DEC 16 1959



FBI

		(Type in plain text or code)
ia	AIRTEL	AIR MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)
	то:	DIRECTOR, FBI (62-105095)
,	FROM:	SAC, JACKSONVILLE (105-45)
1	I KOPI	A CAROLINA (100 MO)
	SUBJ:	FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, JR., aka. RACIAL MATTERS
Ī		00: Washington Field
		Re Memphis letter to Jacksonville dated 11/19/59.
	Institut SA JAMES	Warden EUGENE R. GOODWYN, JR., Federal Correctional tion, Tallahassee, Florida, on 12/9/59, informed B. HAFLEY as follows:
ı,		Since subject KASPFR has been an immate at this
	Since the list, the	Since subject KASPER has been an inmate at this ion on his last conviction, two letters dated by and 10/22/59, addressed to him, have been received ER from of Nashville, Tennessee. Its person is not on KASPER's approved correspondents to letters have not been delivered to KASPER, but in a dead letter office at the institution.
	to his most	cion on his last conviction, two letters dated by and 10/22/59, addressed to him, have been received ER from of Nashville, Tennessee. The last on KASPER's approved correspondents to letters have not been delivered to KASPER, but
	to his most the Clerthis most KASPER was a - Memp 1 - Know 1 - Wash	cion on his last conviction, two letters dated and 10/22/59, addressed to him, have been received ER from of Nashville, Tennessee. Its person is not on KASPER's approved correspondents in a letters have not been delivered to KASPER, but in a dead letter office at the institution. According to Warden GOODWYN, KASPER has written nother in New Jersey, his attorney, bondsman, and is of the Court at Knoxville, Tennessee, during it recent incarceration. GOODWYN explained that will be released from this institution on the leau (RM) wille (62-6230)(Info)(RM) REC- 94 2 - 105095 REC- 94 2 - 105095 Output Delivered to KASPER has written in the leau (RM) (RM) (RM) (RM)
	to his most the Cler this most KASPER was 1 - Know 1 - Wash 1 - Mobi 2 - Jack	cion on his last conviction, two letters dated and 10/22/59, addressed to him, have been received DER from of Nashville, Tennessee. Its person is not on KASPER's approved correspondents the letters have not been delivered to KASPER, but a dead letter office at the institution. According to Warden GOODWYN, KASPER has written nother in New Jersey, his attorney, bondsman, and ak of the Court at Knoxville, Tennessee, during it recent incarceration. GOODWYN explained that will be released from this institution on the sau (RM) whis (RM) (RM) (RM) (RM) (RM) (RM) (RM) (RM)
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	to his man the Cler this mos KASPER was a - Buré 2 - Memp 1 - Know 1 - Wash 1 - Wash 1 - Jack JBH-cch	cion on his last conviction, two letters dated and 10/22/59, addressed to him, have been received DER from of Nashville, Tennessee. Its person is not on KASPER's approved correspondents the letters have not been delivered to KASPER, but a dead letter office at the institution. According to Warden GOODWYN, KASPER has written nother in New Jersey, his attorney, bondsman, and ak of the Court at Knoxville, Tennessee, during it recent incarceration. GOODWYN explained that will be released from this institution on the sau (RM) whis (RM) (RM) (RM) (RM) (RM) (RM) (RM) (RM)

JK 105-45

morning of 12/16/59, will be driven to the Greyhound Bus Station in Tallahassee by authorities from the institution, and will be furnished a bus ticket to Knoxville, Tennessee. It is GOODWYN's belief that KASPER will arrive in Knoxville late during the night of 12/16/59.

UNITED STATE

Trotter

W.C. Sullivan Tele, Room Holloman

The Director

DATE: December 15, 1959

FROM : A. Rosen

SUBJECT: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, JR.

RACIAL MATTERS

The early morning radio broadcast over Station WRC, Washington, D. C., on December 15, 1959, indicated that Frederick John Kasper, Jr., was to be released from the Federal Correctional Institution, Tallahassee, Florida, on December 16, 1959.

Kasper is presently serving six months in the abovementioned institution for contempt of U.S. District Court, Eastern District of Tennessee, arising out of Kasper's opposition to integration at Clinton, Tennessee. Warden Eugene R. Goodwyn, Jr., advised Kasper, upon release on the morning of December 16, 1959, will be driven to the Greyhound Bus Station in Tallahassee by institution authorities and furnished a bus ticket to Knoxville, Tennessee.

Kasper also stands convicted at Nashville, Tennessee, on local charges of inciting to riot when Nashville schools were first integrated. He was sentenced to six months in the workhouse and fined \$500. The Tennessee Supreme Court upheld the conviction July 27, 1959. No local detainer has been filed; however, Kasper is under \$2500 bond in the Nashville case. Harry G. Nichol, District Attorney General, Davidson County, Nashville, Tennessee, advised Warden Goodwyn to release Kasper and not hold him for the State of Tennessee. Nichol advised that Kasper has filed a petition for certiorari with the United States Supreme Court on December 3, 1959, to have that court review the case Thasmuch as the \$2500 cash bond cannot be forfeited until January, 1960. Nichol wants to wait until United States Supreme Court decision before taking any action regarding Kasper. He feels that action can be taken against the bond at any time. REC-11 62 105095.

You will be kept advised of any pertinent developmentsin this matter.

13 DEC 17 1959

REC- 117.

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)-00 (11	160	Mr. Tolson Mr. Belmont
•	XN		Mr. DeLoach Mr. McGuire
. (1/2/	FBLO	Mr. Mohr
$\mathcal{N}_{\mathcal{N}}$	~~ /		Mr. Parsons Mr. Rosen
4; 2.	•	Date: 12/17/59	Mr. Tamm Mr. Trotter
Tr.	nemit	Date: 12/17/59 t the following in PLAIN TEXT	Mr. W.C.Sulliva
110	rnemi	(Type in plain text or code)	Tele. Room Mr. Holloman
Vi	~	TELETYPE URGENT	Miss Gandy
V 10	u ,	(Priority or Method of Mailing)	
	<u> </u>		
		PO: DIRECTOR, FBI AND SACS MEMPHIS, MOBILE, KNOXVILLE JACKSONVILLE	E AND
r d		FROM: SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD (62-8028)	
#		FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, JR. RACIAL MATTERS. RE JACKSONVI	LLE
1	30	TELETYPE DECEMBER SIXTEEN LAST AND KNOXVILLE TELETYPE DE	ECEMBER
		SIXTEEN LAST. KASPER DID NOT ARRIVE KNOXVILLE ABOARD BU	JS FROM
		TALLAHASSEE. MOBILE REQUESTED TO DISCREETLY CHECK HOME	OF
		ADMIRAL CROMMELIN, WETUMPKA, ALABAMA. ALL OFFICES SHOUL	.D
	,	BE ALERT RE KASPER UNTIL HE SETTLES IN SOME PARTICULAR A	REA. P.
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	,	3-Bureau 1-Teletype Unit Mr. Rosen	
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION U. S DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE COMMUNICATIONS SECTION



Mr. Belmont

Mr. Mohr. Mr. Parsons

Mr. Rosen.

Mr. Trotter Mr. W.C.Sullivan Tele. Room.

b7D

Mr. Holloman Miss Gandy.

DEC 1 6 1959

12-16-59 URGENT

3-39

PM EST RHR

DIRECTOR, FBI, AND SAC-S, MEMPHIS, WASHINGTON FIELD TO

AND MOBILE

FROM SAC. JACKSONVILLE

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, JR., AKA, RACIAL MATTERS. FEDERAL CORRECTIONAN INSTITUTION DEC. ELEVEN LAST TO DIRECTOR. WARDEN, FCF, TALLAHASSEE, FLA.,

ADVISED SUBJECT RELEASED FROM THAT INSTITUTION AT APPROXIMATELY

EIGHT FIFTEEN A.M. TODAY AND FURNISHED BUS TICKET TO KNOXVILLE,

TENNESSEE.

ADVISES SUBJECT

ARRIVED AT TRAILWAYS BUS STATION, TALLAHASSEE, APPROXIMATELY EIGHT THIRTY A.M. TODAY AND WAS MET BY APPROXIMATELY FIVE LOCAL PRESS REPORTERS.

SUBJECT WAS INTERVIEWED INFORMALLY BY THOSE REPORTERS AT BUS STATION AT WHICH TIME HE TOLD THEM HE PLANNED TO TAKE EIGHT FORTYFIVE A.M. TRAIL

WAYS, BUS TO KNOXVILLE, TENN., AND LATER ON PROCEED TO NASHVILLE, TENN.,

TO CHECK FURTHER INTO CASE IN COURT PENDING AGAINST HIM THERE.

INFORMANT STATES SUBJECT BOARDED EIGHT FORTYFIVE TRAILWAYS BUS TO

KNOXVILLE AND DEPARTED UNESCORTED IN IT. IT IS NOT BELIEVED THAT

HE WAS CONTACTED BY ANY OTHER PERSON AT TALLAHASSEE AFTER RELEASE OTHER

THAN ABOVE PRESS REPORTERS. SUBJECT SCHEDULED TO ARRIVE,

TENN. BY BUS APPROXIMATELY EIGHT THIRTY P.M. TONIGHT.

ADVISED AIR MAIL.

END AND ACK IN ORDER PLS

WA 3-39 PM OK FBI WA RL

OK FBI ME BE

TU DISC

Mro Rosen

TWO COPIES WFO

DEC 18 1959

FBI

	Date: 12/16/59	
Tre	ansmit the following inPLAIN TEXT	
	(Type in plain text or code)	,
Vio	a AIR TEL (Priority or Method of Mailing)	
	TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-105095)	
	FROM: SAC, MEMPHIS (105-275) / SUBJECT: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, Aka.	
	SUBJECT: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, Aka. W	Freshord
	00: WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE	•
	Re telephone call from Mr. WILLIAM WELTE of the Bureau to ASAC HALTER, Memphis, 12/15/59, advising that n detainer is on file at USP, Tallahassee, Florida, in favo of Nashville authorities.	ıo
	HARRY NICHOL, Davidson County Attorney General, Nashville, Tennessee, advised SA WILLIAM L. SHEETS on 12/that he had written the warden of above institution to re KASPER upon completion of his Federal sentence. He said took this action for several reasons; namely, that KASPER petitioned the United States Supreme: Court under date of 12/3/59; that KASPER has posted a \$2,500.00 cash bond wit Nashville authorities, which bond could not be forfeited until January, 1960; that it would cost more than \$200.00 bring KASPER back to Tennessee at this time, and it was decided to await action of the United States Supreme Cour before taking necessary action to have KASPER begin servi of his sentence of six months and \$500.00 fine received a Nashville.	15/59 lease he has h to
	Mr. NICHOL said he would appreciate receiving a information coming to the attention of the FBI with regar to the status of KASPER's application to the United State Supreme Court.	d /
1	Airtel	100
Y	1 Isletype 2 - Washington Field Office (62-8028)	195_78
•	1 - Memphis (105-275) WLS: JM (6)	A 0
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	Approved: Sent M Per	
	C D p p Charge of Amend on Charge	c- Black A
	A second	•

ME 105-275

LEAD

THE WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE

AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

Will follow Supreme Court action and advise Bureau and Memphis.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION U. S DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

DEC T

Mr. Tolson Mr. Belmont. Mr. DcLaach Mr. McGuire Mr. Mahr. Mr. Mr. Trotter. Mr. W.C.Sullivan Tele. Room. Mr. Holloman Miss Gandy.

12-16-59 11-11 PM EST GH

TO DIRECTOR FBI AND SAC-S MEMPHIS-AND WASHINGTON FIELD

FROM SAC KNOXVILLE.

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, JR., RAÇIAL MATTERS. RE JACKSONVILLE TEL TWELVE SIXTEEN INSTANT. TRAILWAYS BUS FROM TALAHASSEE ARRIVED KNOXVILLE NINE PM THIS DATE. KASPER WAS NOT ON BOARD. PERTINENT INFORMATION COMING TO ATTENTION KNOXVILLE OFFICE IN FUTURE WILL BE FURNISHED TO BUREAU AND INTERESTED OFFICES. 8944 IN TITLE AFTER JR

END AND ACK IN O PLS

2-11-10 PM K FBI WA ELR

BPO ME OK FBI ME EM

TU DISCO

SHLD READ AKA, RACIAL MATTERS.

REC-68

18 DEC 17 1959

TWO DOPIES WED

Mr. Rosen

FD-36 Rev. 12-13-56)

FВÍ

	Date: 12-31-59
ran	asmit the following in Plain text
	(Type in plain text or code)
/ia _	Air-tel
	(Priority or Method of Mailing)
	TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-105095)
	FROM: SAC, MEMPHIS (105-275)
,	· Particular in the control of the c
	FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, aka
	RACIAL MATTERS Washington Field Origin
ŀ	77 - 4 - 101
	On 12-20-59, advised SA FRANCIS W. NORWOOD that there
	was activity at the residence of Miss GRACE DAWSON, 4010 Brush
	Hill Road, indicative that subject may have been at that address on that date did not see the subject. Spot checks were
1	made by SA NORWOOD but no activity was noted.
2	
7	On 12-21-59 Nashville, advised SA NORWOOD that from the activities of NASDED
	Miss GRACE DAWSON, on 12-20-59, she believed that KASPER
	was in Nashville. Miss DAWSON has never discussed KASPER by
	was KASPER. She stated that on 12-21-59, he had gone.
1	
	On 12-29-59, Criminal Court Judge HOMER WEIMAR, Davidson County, Nashville, before whom the subject was tried
. 1	and convicted on a charge of inciting a riot. ordered the
	subject and his attorney to appear in his court on 12-31-59 at 9:30 AM. The purpose is to hear arguments from BENJAMIN SIMMONS,
	the subject's attorney to the effect that KASPER should remain
	free on hond until the H. S. Supreme Court has ruled on subject s
	request that that court review his case. WEIMAR indicated that he was of the opinion that he had no authority to allow KASPER
	to remain free on bond. After the Tennessee State Supreme Court
İ	Airtel
	Teletype (3- Bureau (62-105095)
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Me#105-275

Air-tel to Bureau

12-31-59

upheld the conviction of the subject, Judge WEIMAR ordered \$1400 of the \$2500 bond used to pay the \$500 fine and court costs against KASPER. Hence, if WEIMAR allows KASPER to remain on bond, he must post another \$1400. Judge WEIMAR stated that if KASPER fails to appear, and no good reason is given by his attorney, he will issue a capias for his immediate arrest and confinement to the Davidson County Workhouse when located.

On 12-30-59,	advised that she did
not believe that KASPER was at Miss DAWSC	N's resid <u>ence. She</u>
stated that Miss DAWSON had Christmas Din	ner with
(known to be followers of K	(ASPER), but that no
mention was made of her "roomer" being pr	esent.
stated that Miss DAWSON never identifies	KASPER other than to
refer to him as her "roomer."	



DEC 3 1 1959

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. DeLonch
Mr. McGuire
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Parsons
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tamm
Mr. Trotter
Mr. W.C.Sullivan
Tele. Room
Mr. Holloman

Miss Gandy_

URGENT 12-31-59 6-33 PM CST JWB

TO DIRECTOR, FBI, AND SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE

FROM SAC, MEMPHIS 1P

RACIAL MATTER

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, RM. HEARING ON SUBJECT-S CASE HELD

IN CRIMINAL COURT, DAVIDSON COUNTY, NASHVILLE, TENN., THIS

DATE. JUDGE HOMER WEIMER RULED THAT SUBJECT COULD REMAIN

FREE ON BOND PENDING RESULTS OF REQUEST FOR CERTIORARI TO

US SUPREME COURT. SUBJECT STAYING AT FOUR ZERO ONE ZERO

BRUSH HILL RD., NASHVILLE, TENN., AND STILL DRIVING GRAY

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fice Memorandum united states government

DIRECTOR, FBI (62-105095)

DATE: 1/11/60

SAC, WFO (62-8028)

SUBJECT:

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, aka

RACIAL MATTERS

(00: WFO)

RemEairtel to Director 12/16/59.

SA JAMES J. RYAN procured from EDWARD SCHADE, Clerk of U. S. Supreme Court on 1/5/60, a copy of the petition for a Writ of Certiorari #561 filed by subject with U. S. Supreme Court on 12/2/59, and the answer of the Attorney General of the State of Tennessee filed 12/30/59, with U. S. Supreme Court. The petition seeks a review of opinion and judgment of the Supreme Court of Tennessee dated 7/27/59, in the case of JOHN KASPER vs. The State of Tennessee. The petition and answer are enclosed for the Bureau.

Mr. SCHADE advised that at present he is unable to furnish any definite date when the Supreme Court will reach a decision in this matter. WFO will follow action of the Supreme Court.

2 - Bureau (Encls-2)

1 - Knoxville (INFO)

1 - Memphis (INFO) (105-275)

1 - WFO

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Office-Supreme Court, U.S.

FILED

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JAMES R. BROWNING, Clerk

IN THE

Supreme Court of the United States

OCTOBER TERM, 1959

 $_{No.}$ 561

JOHN KASPER, Petitioner,

 \mathbf{v} .

STATE OF TENNESSEE

PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO THE SUPREME COURT OF TENNESSEE

J. Benjamin Simmons 1010 Vermont Avenue, N.W. Washington 5, D. C.

Attorney for Petitioner

Of Counsel:

HERBERT S. WARD
1010 Vermont Avenue, N. W.
Washington 5, D. C.

INDEX

${f F}$	Page
Question Presented	2
Statement of the Case	2
Reasons for Granting the Writ	3
Conclusion	7
CASES CITED	
Bridges v. California, 314 U.S. 252, 62 S. Ct. 190 Dennis v. United States, 341 U.S. 494, 71 S. Ct. 357 Konigsberg v. State Bar of California, 353 U.S. 252, 77	4, 5 4
S. Ct. 722	4, 5
L. Ed. 470	5 5 3 4
United States Constitution	
Amendment I	2, 3
TENNESSEE CONSTITUTION	
Declaration of Rights Article I, Section 1	5 6
Statutes	
28 United States Code, Sec. 1257(3)	2
INDEX TO APPENDIX	
Opinion	1a 8a 9a

IN THE

Supreme Court of the United States

OCTOBER TERM, 1959

No.

JOHN KASPER, Petitioner,

v.

STATE OF TENNESSEE

PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO THE SUPREME COURT OF TENNESSEE

Petitioner prays for a writ of certiorari to the Supreme Court of the State of Tennessee which affirmed judgment of the Criminal Court of Davidson County, Tennessee, finding petitioner guilty of inciting to riot, sentencing him to six months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of Five Hundred Dollars (App. No. 8a).

OPINION BELOW

The opinion of the Court below has not yet been officially reported. Copy of the opinion and judgment are annexed hereto and printed in the Appendix.

JURISDICTION

The judgment of the Supreme Court of Tennessee was entered on July 27, 1959 (App. No. 8a). A Petition for a Rehearing was denied on September 3, 1959 (App. No. 9a). The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked pursuant to the provisions of 28 United States Code, Section 1257 (3).

QUESTION PRESENTED

Are the speeches made and printed material circulated by the petitioner which formed the basis for the charge and conviction of the common law offense of "inciting to riot" protected under the First Amendment of the United States Constitution?

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

The petitioner was convicted of the common law offense of inciting to riot (App. 8a) and sentenced to serve for a period of six (6) months in the Davidson County, Tennessee, workhouse and pay a fine of \$500.00 (App. 8a).

The summary of the testimony is covered extensively in the lower Court's opinion so will not be repeated here (App. 1a).

In the Court's opinion, it was stated (App. 6a):

"The defendant's insistence is that he does not believe in violence and has never at any time advocated violence; that he came here for the purpose of promoting friendly race relations. He admits the general tenor of statements attributed to him by numerous witnesses, but insists he was simply quoting the predictions of others."

A reading of the entire opinion of the Court is urged.

REASON FOR GRANTING THE WRIT

Are the Speeches Made and Printed Material Circulated by the Petitioner Which Formed the Basis for the Charge and Conviction of the Common Law Offense of "Inciting to Riot" Protected Under the First Amendment of the United States Constitution?

Stating the reason for granting the writ another way: "Are the "freedom of speech" and "freedom of press" protections under the first amendment absolute with respect to a prosecution for "inciting to riot" under the common law; the State of Tennessee having no statute making inciting to riot a crime?"

In the case of Terminiella v. Chicago, 337 U.S. 1 (1949) a Chicago ordinance was judicially interpreted to permit punishment for breach of the peace for a speech which "stirs the public to anger, invites disputes, or bring about a condition of unrest". In that case a riot had actually occurred and the speech in question had in fact "provoked a hostile mob, incited a friendly one, and threatened violence between the two". The Court reversed a conviction under the ordinance and Justice Douglas wrote:

"A function of free speech under our system of government is to invite dispute. It may, indeed, best serve its high purpose when it induces a condition of unrest, creates dissatisfaction with conditions as they are or even stirs people to anger. Speech is often provocative and challenging. It may strike at prejudice and preconceptions and have profound unsettling effect as it presses for acceptance of an idea. This is why freedom of speech, though not absolute, is nevertheless protected against censorship or punishment, unless shown likely to produce a clear and present danger of a serious substantive evil that rises far above public inconvenience, annoyance, or unrest."

The length to which the Supreme Court has gone in protecting freedom of speech is illustrated in the case of *Yates et al.* v. *United States*, 354 U.S. 298, 77 S. Ct. 1064, and the issues in that case were whether or not it was a violation of the Smith Act:

"... to advocate and teach the duty and necessity of overthrowing the government of the United States by force and violence and (2) to organize as the communist party of the United States, a society of persons who so advocate and teach, all with the intent of causing the overthrow of the Government by force and violence as speedily as circumstances would permit."

This Court held that those persons had the right to advocate the overthrow of our government by force and violence so long as it clearly remained in the realm of advocacy.

In the Court's opinion below it will be noted that the Court stated (App. 5a):

"At this meeting there was passed out with the name of the defendant (petitioner) on the reverse side of same printed material that stated that these were the last days of peace between the white and negro races and tended to question the motive and sincerity of national, state and county officials and urged that the white people stiffen their backs and prevent integration of schools with their shotguns. There was also passed out by the defendant or those aiding him in the conduct of his meetings and speeches a picture of a negro boy kissing a white girl."

The cases that are pertinent in this connection are Konigsberg v. State Bar of California, 353 U.S. 252, 77 S. Ct. 722; Dennis v. United States, 341 U.S. 494, 71 S. Ct. 357; Bridges v. California, 314 U.S. 252, 62

S. Ct. 190; Schware v. New Mexico, 353 U.S. 232, 77 S. Ct. 752.

In Konigsberg v. State Bar of California, supra, the Court said at page 269:

"Because of the very nature of our democracy such expressions (an article he wrote saying this Court had sold out to the enemy, meaning fascists) of political views must be permitted. Citizens have a right under our constitutional system to criticize government officials and agencies. Courts are not and should not be immune to such criticism." (citing Bridges v. State of California, supra).

In the Dennis case the history of the "clear and present danger rule" is discussed and delineated and this Court apparently agrees with Justice Holmes' statement in *Schenck* v. *United States*, 249 U.S. 47, 39 S. Ct. 247, 63 L. Ed. 470:

"The question in every case is whether the words used are used in such circumstances and are of such a nature as to create a clear and present danger that they will bring about the substantive evils that Congress has a right to prevent".

The prosecution in this case proceeded upon the common law offense. There is no statute in Tennessee making inciting to riot a crime. The Tennessee constitution gives even a wider scope in its Bill of Rights than the Bill of Rights to our federal constitution. It would be gravely doubtful if the Tennessee legislature could legally enact a statute making it an offense to "incite to riot" in view of absolute protection its constitution gives on speech and press matters.

Article I, Section 1 of the Declaration of Rights, Constitution of Tennessee, provides: "That all power is inherent in the people, and all free governments are founded on their authority, and instituted for their peace, safety and happiness; for the advancement of those ends they have at all times, an inalienable and indefensible right to alter, reform or abolish the government in such manner as they may think proper."

Section 19, Declaration of Rights, Constitution of Tennessee, provides:

"The free communication of thoughts and opinions is one of the invaluable rights of man, and every citizen may freely speak, write, and print on any subject, being responsible for the abuse of that liberty..."

The record in this case shows that the prosecution was based entirely upon the speeches made by the petitioner and the printed material put out in connection with his speeches.

The Court will observe that the entire case against Petitioner is that the modus operandi of the commission of the common law crime of inciting to riot was by oral and printed words. Counsel has examined the cases cited herein and others and believes that the freedon of speech and freedom of the press protections of the First Amendment are absolute in this situation. Tennessee has a written constitution and statutes covering the usual crimes. Petitioner was not charged and convicted of violating any statute of Tennessee, but instead is charged and convicted of a common law crime by written and oral words. Tennessee is a very old state, carved out of the Territory of North Carolina, and its legislature has been active during its history as a state, as a casual glace at its Code will illustrate. But

its legislature has never made "inciting to riot" a crime, and as set forth earlier herein, this is undoubtedly due to the broad protections its written constitution rightly gives these two great freedoms (speech and press).

CONCLUSION

It is the position of the Petitioner that freedom of speech and of the press are absolute so far as forming the basis for an offense known only to the common law. This being a case of first impression so far as Petitioner can ascertain, it is urged that certiorari be granted.

Respectfully submitted,

J. Benjamin Simmons 1010 Vermont Avenue, N.W. Washington 5, D. C.

Attorney for Petitioner

Of Counsel:

HERBERT S. WARD

APPENDIX

APPENDIX

Filed July 27, 1959 B. J. Boyd, Clerk

OPINION OF THE TENNESSEE SUPREME COURT

JOHN KASPER, Plaintiff in Error,

v.

STATE OF TENNESSEE, Defendant in Error.

Opinion

Plaintiff in error, John Kasper, hereinafter called defendant, was convicted for inciting a riot and sentenced to serve for a period of six months in the Davidson County Workhouse and pay a fine of \$500.00.

There have been filed in behalf of defendant 20 assignments of error, some of which overlap, but counsel has not seen fit to file any written brief or argument in support of said assignments of error.

Under assignments 1, 3, 4 and 8 it is insisted that the court erred in not sustaining the motion to quash the array of jurors upon the alleged grounds that they did not comprise a cross section of the County either geographically or economically; that they were a biased and prejudiced panel of jurors holding strong opinions in opposition to defendant; in refusing to grant the motion for change of venue.

We have examined the record thoroughly in this regard and we find absolutely no merit whatever in these insistences. The trial judge heard ample evidence in regard thereto and gave the same most careful attention. Hence we overrule those assignments.

The second assignment of error is that there is no common law offense of inciting to riot because it is al-

leged that the indictment or presentment is based on the common law and that the same has been expressly repealed by the adoption of the State and Federal Constitutions on those subjects and that no legislation covering the subject has been enacted.

There is no merit in this insistence because Art. XI, Sec. 1 of the Constitution of this State expressly provides otherwise and it has been so held in Henley v. State, 98 Tenn., 665. 41 S. W. 352, 39 L. R. A., 126.

Assignments 5, 6 and 7 are that the evidence preponderates against the verdict and in favor of his innocence; the proof fails to show that as many as 3 people were assembled at any time as would be necessary to establish the existence of a riot, that proof fails to show that a riot ever occurred, and if so, in the presence of the defendant.

It thus becomes necessary to refer to the evidence. The State offered the following evidence:

The defendant, a native of New Jersey, and a graduate of Columbia University, Class of 1951, came to Nashville, Tennessee, about the end of July, 1957. At that time there was considerable feeling and unrest among a substantial number of residents of Nashville because of a Federal District Court order requiring the first grades in all City Schools to be integrated upon the opening of September 1957 term of school.

The defendant had appeared before the City School Board in an attempt to prevent integrating the first grade in the public schools. He began making speeches sometime in the early part of August around in various places. It was shown by the testimony of a Mr. Fullerton, a newspaper reporter for the Nashville Tennessean, that at a meeting on the first Sunday in August, 1957, the defendant said in substance "Well, he said that people are getting pretty excited about it (the school opening) and he said,

we don't want any trouble here but people are getting pretty excited. I remembered he said, I had a fellow come up to me and say, "John, Why don't you hang the School Board." He said, "I don't say we should do that" and he said, "another fellow came up to me, John, I have got a shot gun, we might have to use it to defend myself and my family and I can do it." He said, another fellow came up to me and said, "John, I don't want any trouble here but my kids aren't goin to school with Negroes, and if I have some dynamite, I know how to use it."

This witness stated that the defendant kept repeating the above statement in substance and that in all these references that he made to violence he purported to be quoting somebody else and not saying these things himself.

This witness attended another meeting the latter part The defendant conof the month of the same nature. tinued speaking around in various places before the opening of schools on August 27 for enrollment of pupils. one of those occasions he spoke in front of the Davidson County Courthouse and on that occasion he made extremely derogatory remarks about Governor Clement, Mayor West and other officials, including the School Board. He said the School Board had a Jew and negroes on it and they were nothing but pushbuttons for the Mayor. He referred to negro people generally as "niggers" and said the Jews were agitating and promoting this trouble with the negroes to the point where the negroes thought they were better than the people he was speaking to. said the negro is better than the Jew and that the Jews. were Christ killers. Again he said he was not advocating violence but there would be bombings, dynamiting, bloodshed and probably killing but regardless, they were not going to put negroes in our schools. That statement brought on some loud talking and clapping of hands. this occasion the defendant's hat was passed around among the crowd to take up a collection which defendant said was

to defray the expense of printing literature and the money was turned over to him. The only literature passed out at the first meeting was announcement of the schedule of future meetings. At a subsequent meeting in the same spot, other literature to be referred to hereinafter was passed out.

On August 27, the enrollment date for the schools, the defendant appeared at least five of the schools and made inquiry about the number of negro children registered, if any, and created a disturbance by urging the people not to let their children go into the schools or urging them to withdraw them as a result of which a very substantial number of children were withdraw from each of the schools.

Then on September 9, the day the schools were to begin class, the defendant engaged in the same performance. For instance, at the Caldwell School there were some people there before the defendant arrived and they were quiet. After he arrived and began speaking, the crowd increased and became loud and traffic was blocked so that the police officer made him move on. Defendant in departing told the crowd to follow him to the Buena Vista School. at Fehr's School where defendant appeared on September 9, there were 156 pupils there before he came and only 40 The mob yelled for the lady principal to afterwards. come out and they threatened to get her. During the disturbance the colored janitor's automobile was burned. After the crowd had dispersed, the schoolyard was filled with sticks, stones and broken bottles.

This principal definitely testified that parts of the threats made against her were made while the defendant was talking to the crowd asking them to boycott and picket the schools. She named more than 4 people in the crowd.

Then that night of September 9, the big show came off. The meeting started out in front of the War Memorial Building in Nashville but as the crowd grew in size and were blocking traffic on Capitol Boulevard, the meeting was moved to the steps of the Capitol Building. crowd was estimated to be in the beginning a little more than 100 but increased to the maximum estimate by some witnesses of 700. At this meeting the defendant spoke his usual line of stating what would happen if the integration was proceeded with but was careful, of course, not to make any statements or threats as to what he would do himself personally. He designated pickets to go to some of the schools; he held up a rope with a noose in the end of it and suggested that a lot of people would like to see Z. Alexander Looby hanged (this latter person being a negro lawyer and a member of the City Government of the City of Nashville). The defendant posed for a picture holding some wooden mallets crossed in his hands, these mallets being the type used by stonemasons.

At this meeting there was passed out with the name of the defendant on the reverse side of same printed material that stated that these were the last days of peace between the white and negro races and tended to question the motive and sincerity of national, state and county officials and urged that the white people stiffen their backs and prevent the integration of schools with their shotguns. There was also passed out by the defendant or those aiding him in the conduct of his meetings and speeches a picture of a negro boy kissing a white girl.

The evidence shows that the crowd reacted to these things as one would expect. Immediately thereafter, according to one witness, at least 150 people who had attended the meeting in front of the Capitol repaired to Fehr School where a riot occurred. The crowd was breaking glass and running all over everything.

About two o'clock A. M. that same night, the Hattie Cotton school was dynamited and partly demolished.

We deem it unnecessary to go into further detail as we are of opinion that there is ample evidence both direct and circumstantial, to fully support the verdict of the jury. We would like, however, to make this comment. The defendant's insistence is that he does not believe in violence and has never at any time advocated violence; that he came here for the purpose of promoting friendly race relations. He admits the general tenor of statements attributed to him by numerous witnesses, but insists that he was simply quoting predictions by others.

As for his alleged non-violence attitude, it seems to be a case of the voice of Jacob and the hand of Esau. As for race relations, his every move was consistent with and conducive to nothing but disruptive race relations.

Evidently we must overrule these assignments.

Assignments 10 and 14 relate to the refusal of the trial judge to permit counsel for defendant to cross-examine two witnesses relative to their being beaten by police officers and causing them to make statements. The State concedes that this was error but we do not think so under the circumstances of this case. These men did testify that they were beaten by the police and that they were afraid of the police but under questioning by the trial judge, they testified in the absence of the jury that regardless of their claim of having been beaten that what they had said in their statements and in their testimony was the truth. The trial judge was satisfied with their statements that they were telling the truth and he was very careful all through the trial not to get into side issues but to stick strictly to the charge in the indictment. We do not think this was error but even so, in view of all the mass of evidence otherwise, we agree with the State that it is harmless error.

The same thing may be said of assignment 19 with reference to Constable Peek. That is, the trial judge was not interested in Peek's conversation with the defendant when he arrested him and sought to elicit from defendant a

history of his views and theories about Communism, race relations, etc.

Assignments 9, 11 and 12 relate to matters introduced in evidence consisting of a baseball bat, a mallet, etc., found in the car of witness Crimmons after he had been attending the defendant's meetings and about a piece of wire; also a sound film taken of the meeting on the night of September 9 showing the crowd in front of the Capitol.

Crimmons had been associating with the defendant, driving him around and also taking orders from him about picketing. It was proper to put these items found in his car before the jury to let them decide whether they were relevant to the charge in the indictment. The film was also properly authenticated and introduced for whatever it was worth and that also was for the jury. There is some question about the type of wire, whether it was suitable for discharging dynamite, but that is likewise a matter that was for the jury so that we can see no merit in these assignments.

We have examined the other assignments and find no merit in them. There is no doubt in anybody's mind that any citizen has a right to express his opinion about the opinion of the Supreme Court of the United States in the integration cases but the right of free speech is limited just as are all other so-called rights and when one goes beyond a proper expression of opinion and incites to riot, he has gone beyond the area of freedom of speech. The great Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes said that no one has a right to yell "Fire" in a crowded theater when there is no fire.

Before closing we wish to make the following comment. The trial judge made a preliminary statement to counsel that he would confine the evidence strictly to the charge in the indictment and there would not be tolerated any side issues. He enforced this ruling strictly and impartially as

well as humanly possible. It is well that he did for many reasons including the fact that approximately fifty witnesses testified.

The judge commended counsel for the efficiency and propriety of their efforts. We most heartily commend the judge for his fairness and efficiency.

All assignments are overruled and the judgment below is affirmed.

/s/ John E. Swepston, J.
John E. Swepston, J.

SUPREME COURT MINUTES AT NASHVILLE, M. B. 44, page 782.

JOHN KASPER

٧.

STATE OF TENNESSEE

Davidson Criminal.

Affirmed.

Judgment

Came the plaintiff in error by counsel, and also came the Attorney General on behalf of the State, and this cause was heard on the transcript of the record from the Criminal Court of Davidson County; and upon consideration thereof, the Court is of opinion that there is no reversible error on the record and that the judgment of the Court below should be affirmed, and it is accordingly so ordered and adjudged by the Court.

It is therefore ordered and adjudged by that Court that the State of Tennessee recover of John Kasper, the plaintiff in error, for the use of the County of Davidson the sum of \$500.00, the fine assessed against John Kasper in the Court below, together with the costs of the cause accrued in this Court and in the Court below, and execution may issue from this Court for the cost of the appeal.

It is further ordered by the Court that the plaintiff in error be confined in the county jail or workhouse of Davidson County, subject to the lawful rules and regulations thereof, for a term of six months and that after expiration of the aforesaid term of imprisonment, he remain in the custody of the Sheriff of Davidson County, until said fine and costs are paid, secured or worked out as required by law, and this cause is remanded to the Criminal Court of Davidson County for the execution of this judgment.

And it appearing that a cash appeal bond in the amount of \$2,500.00 was deposited with the Clerk of the Criminal Court of Davidson County, when the defendant, John Kasper, has been taken into custody, the cost of the Court below and of this appeal and the \$500.00 fine assessed against the defendant will be paid from said cash bond, as provided in Tennessee Code Annotated, Sec. 40-1234. July 27, 1959.

SUPREME COURT MINUTES AT NASHVILLE, M. B. 44, page 792.

Davidson Criminal.

Petition to Rehear Denied.

JOHN KASPER

v.

STATE OF TENNESSEE

Order

This cause coming on further to be heard on a petition to rehear, upon consideration of all of which and the Court finding no merit in the petition, it is denied at the cost of the petitioner. 9/3/59

No.201

Office-Supreme Court, U.S.
FILED
DEC 30 1955

JAMES R. BROWNING, Clerk

IN THE

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

OCTOBER TERM, 1959.

JOHN KASPER,
Petitioner,
v.
STATE OF TENNESSEE,
Respondent.

ANSWER

To Petition for Writ of Certiorari.

GEORGE F. McCANLESS, Attorney General, State of Tennessee.

THOMAS E. FOX,
Assistant Attorney General,
State of Tennessee.

St. Louis Law Printing Co., Inc., 415 N. Eighth Street. CEntral 1-4477.

62-105095-82

INDEX.

	Page
Jurisdiction and question presented	. 2
Brief and argument	. 3
Cases Cited.	
Stromberg v. California, 75 L. ed. 1117, 283 U. S. 359.	. 3
Terminiella v. Chicago, 93 L. ed. 1131, 37 U. S. 1	. 3
Statute Cited.	
Title 28. U. S. C. A. 1257 (3)	. 2

IN THE

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

OCTOBER TERM, 1959.

JOHN KASPER, Petitioner,

٧.

STATE OF TENNESSEE, Respondent.

ANSWER

To Petition for Writ of Certiorari.

MAY IT PLEASE THE COURT:

The petitioner seeks a review by this Honorable Court of an opinion and judgment of the Supreme Court of Tennessee, dated July 27, 1959 (petition to rehear denied October 2, 1959), in the case of John Kasper v. State of Tennessee, not yet officially reported, but unofficially reported in 326 S. W. 2d 664.

JURISDICTION AND QUESTION PRESENTED.

Jurisdiction of this Honorable Court is invoked by authority of Title 28, U.S.C. A. 1257 (3).

Counsel for the State of Tennessee insists that the question presented is whether or not the common law offense of inciting to riot in the State of Tennessee is repugnant to the right of free speech and free press guaranteed by the First Amendment to the Constitution of the United States. Counsel for the petitioner admits on page 3 of the petition that this is another way of stating the issue involved, although "Under Question Presented", he states the problem for solution to be as-follows:

"Are the speeches made and printed material circulated by the petitioner which formed the basis for the charge and conviction of the common law offense of 'inciting to riot' protected under the First Amendment of the United States Constitution?"

Further, in view of the fact that none of the evidence in this cause has been designated as a basis for this petition, it is again insisted that the question involved must be whether or not the common law offense of inciting to riot in this State conflicts with the right of freedom of speech and freedom of the press.

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BRIEF AND ARGUMENT.

Cases determined by this Honorable Court and cited by counsel for the petitioner answers this question contrary to the contention of the petitioner. In Terminiella v. Chicago, 93 L. ed. 1131, 37 U.S. 1, it was said:

"The constitutional guaranty of free speech does not prevent the punishment for slanderous, abusive; and offensive utterances which have a tendency to breach the peace. Stromberg v. California, 283 U.S. 359, 368, 75 L. ed. 1117, 1122, 51 S. Ct. 532; Near v. Minnesota, 283 U.S. 697, 708, 711, 712, 75 L. ed. 1357, 1363, 1365, 1366, 51 S. Ct. 625 (distinguished); Thorn² hill v. Alabama, 310 U. S. 88, 84 L. ed. 1093, 60 S. Ct. 736; Ogren v. Rockford Star Printing Co., 288 Ill. 405, 417, 123 N. E. 587; Murdock v. Pennsylvania, 319 U. S. 105, 87 L. ed. 1292, 63 S. Ct. 870, 882, 891, 156 A. L. R. 81 (distinguished); Thomas v. Collins, 323 U.S. 516, 89 L. ed. 430, 65 S. Ct. 315 (distinguished); Cantwell v. Connecticut, 310 U.S. 296, 308, 84 L. ed. 1213, 1220, 60 S. Ct. 900, 128 A. L. R. 1352; Chaplinsky v. New Hampshire, 315 U.S. 568, 571, 86 L. ed. 1031, 1034, 62 S. Ct. 766; Chicago v. Hunt, 374 III. 234, 29 N. E. 2d 86.

This Honorable Court in Stromberg v. California, 75 L. ed. 1117, 283 U. S. 359, had this to say with respect to the right of free speech:

"The right is not an absolute one, and the state in the exercise of its police power may punish the abuse of this freedom. There is no question but that the state may thus provide for the punishment of those who indulge in utterances which incite to violence and crime and threaten the overthrow of organized government by unlawful means."

Counsel for the petitioner has not designated that the indictment in this cause be certified to this Honorable

Court, and the Tennessee Supreme Court did not in its opinion state a clear and concise definition of the offense "inciting to riot". However, it is clear from the Court's opinion and the facts recited therein that the petitioner did intend to incite his followers to riot to prevent the integration of Negró children with white children in public schools of Nashville, Tennessee, by violence and unlawful means. Considering the principles stated in the cases cited above and the facts recited in the Tennessee Supreme Court's opinion, it seems clear that the common law offense of inciting to riot in the State of Tennessee does not contravene the right of free speech as guaranteed by Amendment I, Constitution of the United States.

In view of the foregoing, it is submitted that the petitioner's prayer for a writ of certiorari in this cause should be denied.

Respectfully submitted,

GEORGE F. McCANLESS, Attorney General, State of Tennessee.

Assistant Attorney General,
State of Tennessee.

TEF/b

I certify that I forwarded a copy of this Answer to Petition for Writ of Certiorari to Mr. J. Benjamin Simmons, 1010 Vermont Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., on this, the day of December, 1959.

Thomas E. Fox,
Assistant Attorney General,
State of Tennessee.

TEF/b

De6 (Rev. 12-13-56)				Mr. Tolson
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Approved: _______ Sent ______ M Per ______ G2 JAN 1 Special Agent in Charge



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

January 14, 1960

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER

A source who has furnished reliable information in the past has advised that Frederick John Kasper, who is currently in Nashville, Tennessee, communicated with Floyd Fleming this week and requested Fleming to send three thousand copies of the leaflet "Are you a Segregationist?" to Grace Dawson in Nashville. Kasper advised Fleming that he needed the leaflets to assist in raising funds in order that he could pay court fines. He indicated that if he did not raise the money to pay the fines he would have to spend considerable more time in jail.

The leaflet is signed by Floyd Fleming as Chairman, Committee to Free John Kasper. It depicts Kasper as the leader in the fight to preserve segregation and requests that D.C. funds be submitted to save Kasper months in prison and to complete his legal battle.

The source has furnished information reflecting that Fleming, Washington, D. C., is a close associate to Kasper and that Grace Dawson has been active in Kasper's behalf in the Nashville, Tennessee, area.

Regarding Kasper, he is a publicly known segregationist who was released from a Federal Penitentiary in December, 1959, after serving a six months' sentence resulting from disturbances at Clinton, Tennessee, over school integration. He is currently appealing and ecision of the Tennessee state courts arising out of the same disturbances.

Attached to each copy of this memorandum is a copy of the leaflet ware you a Segregation ist?."

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FFL. It is the property of the FFL and it leaned to your agency; restill a matter are not to be distilled as like your agency.

62-105095-84 ENCLOSURE

//



62-105095-8 4 ENCLOSURE

SEGREGATIONIST?

"SURE!" you say. "I'm not ashamed of it! Only Jew-Communists, phoney "intellectuals, Jew bootlickers and greedy carpetbagger politicians want to mix the races! I'm ready to FIGHT to keep America WHITE!"

Those are great words, and they sure need to be said, -but are you <u>DOING</u> all you can to save the White Man from Jew-Communist integration?

"SURE!" you say again, "What MORE could I do?"

The answer is right here in your hands!

John Kasper saw Jew Communists pushing the White and Negro races together openly as part of their devilish plans to breed the White Man down into a race of docile, brown mongrels for a Marxist one-world, --and he did what HE could!!

What he did was pretty DAMNED good!!

They had to call out the U. S. Army with fixed bayonets and their TANKS to prevent the rise of the Christian American White people in their wrath when John Kasper did HIS bit to alert them to the menace of Jew-Communist integration!!



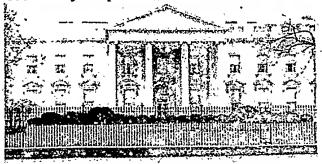


The above-picture was not taken in East Berlin or Poznan, Poland. It was taken on a school yard in the U.S.A. The tank and loaded machine guns are there to be used "if nacestary" against the parents and, citizens who gathered at the school in protest anglest the admission of Nacester Thus

with the backing of a Marxist-tainted Supreme Court, and with the aid of two furn-coat governors (Clement of Tennessee Chandler of Kentucky) boyonels, tanks and machine gunstivere at long last being used to enforceathe N.A.A.C.P.'s vic



1000's of jews picket White House for reds!!!



Nopody at White House for John Kasper

Take a look at the two pictures above!!

They constitute the best possible object lesson in WHY we have been steadily losing the battle to save America and the White Race from the Jew Communist conspiracy since 1913!

When the rotten Jew triators, the Rosenbergs, were caught stealing our atom secrets for the Communists, along with fifteen other Jew Communist traitors, THEIR side turned out en masse and poured out their money and their efforts in the battle to save the traitors. Huge MOBS of Jews, -hundreds of the vermin, stampeded to the White house on behalf of the vilest traitors in our history! Look at them!!

You who read this are probably sitting comfortably in your home or office. And as you read, John Kasper, who put up the most magnificent FIGHT ever made for YOU and your race, is jammed into a thoroughly MIXED Federal PRISON, on the ROCK PILE! Only a short time ago, this lone American patriot was slugged by a brutal, sweating black, naked to the waist and snarling and cursing in the prison yard, crawling with other ugly black criminals.

62-105095-84

Not a SOUL has appeared at the White House on behalf of YOUR side, --America's side, --and John Kasper's legal defense has been borne almost wholly by a pitiful few.

Now maybe the rest of us haven't got what it takes to make a lone stand like John. God does not grant such courage and leadership to many.

And maybe not many of us can even get to the White House as the Jew-Communists can always do with their usurious money.

But any man or woman who claims to be ready to fight for the White Race can certainly help get John Kasper off of that rotten, integrated rock-pile and out of that federal prison!

Kasper has already served one year for "contempt" -(exercising his rights of free -- speech in Clinton), and is presently serving six months for "conspiring in Tennessee", -although he was proved to be over a thousand miles away (in Washington, D. C.) at the time he was supposed to be conspiring!!!

John Kasper was sent to jail two times for exercising freedom of speech, -for opposing the mixing of negroes and whites in the classrooms. He never advocated nor participated in any violence.

When jew playwright Miller and jew Goldfine were cited for open defiance and contempt of Congress, neither one spent a day in jail!—and the jews howl up a storm that they were even cited! The courts today protect and defend these red jew termites, while they persecute and prosecute courageous Americans like John Kasper who stand up for our Race, our Nation and our Constitution.

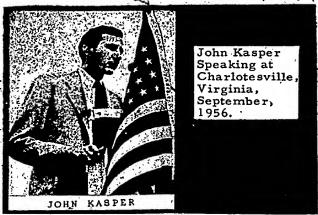
In addition to these two chunks carved out of John Kasper's life for standing up for YOU and our Race and Nation, John has been fined \$500, which means MORE time in jail, unless the money is raised and paid.

Beside all this, John faces still another six months at the hands of the enemy he almost defeated and who will never forgive him, -or you, for insisting on racial decency.

John Kasper's attorney of Washington, D. C., who handled John's previous cases, has now taken charge of the Nashville case, and is petitioning the U. S. Supreme Court to review this case. Although we are not so blind as to be really hopeful of abtaining any relief from THAT court, we must complete the record to protect other patriots.

We are not going to beg you for the kind of large contributions which are really needed so desperately. We know that it is always the same LITTLE people who stand so long and loyally for the cause, and most of us simply don't HAVE any money.

But every moment you spend in comfort while John Kasper is all alone amongst those



Negro criminals on the prison rock-pile should prick your conscience to DENY YOURSELF even something necessary to GET JOHN OUT OF THERE AND BACK WHERE HE CAN AGAIN ATTACK!!!

How would YOU feel, had you knowingly rushed the massed forces of the Jew Communist enemy to save your fellow White Americans from treason and mongrelization, and if YOU were on a filthy rock pile with negro criminals on a vicious and false charge right NOW, while other "segregationists" lolled around their homes complaining that they could not "afford" the few dollars it would take to get you OUT? Even ten dollars from just 200 people would save John Kasper months of agony in prison, and complete the legal battle as well. The Jews do it ALL THE TIME! Have we White, Christian Americans LESS loyalty to our persecuted heroes than a gang of JEWS?

No person who receives this letter is so poor that he can not scrape together at least five dollars to save John Kasper from another YEAR in the torture of an integrated Federal prison! We are not asking for money to publish some paper or open an office, but to stop the inhuman, brutal torture of a great heroe who gave everything he had for YOU and YOUR race and nation, -and to get a great leader of the White Man's fight back onto the front lines where he can again strike mighty blows against Jew-Communist treason and race mixing!

OBEY YOUR DECENT, WHITE-MAN'S INSTINCT, -RIGHT NOW!!

Prove that we are at least as worthy to survive as the Jews, who fight like tigers for their "heroes"! Prove that you MEAN your devotion to the White Man and America, by giving up something small to win the greatest prize on earth, --a free, clean, decent WHITE CHRISTIAN AMERICAN REPUBLIC!

Hoyd Hemmy

Floyd Fleming, Chairman, Committee to Free John Kasper P. O. Box 4564, Washington 17, D. C.

Make check or Money Order payable to: SEABOARD WHITE CITIZENS COUNCIL

62-105095-811

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)	Mr. Tolsen
	Mr. Mohr
	Mr. Farsons
FBI	Mr. Callahan
1	Mr. DeLoach
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Via AIRTEL (Priority or Method of Mailing)	Mr. Ingram
	Miss Gandy
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TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-105095)	Ca 13 10 0
	JA MAN
FROM: SAC, WFO (62-8028)	
FREDERICK JOHN KASPER	(7)
RACIAL MATTERS	V
Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies of	a
letterhead memorandum and two copies for Memphis, conce	erning
a request by subject for material to be distributed in	the
Tennessee area. Information copies are being sent to to Memphis Office.	ine
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Special Agent in Charge	

Re: Frederick Kasper

allowed to remain on bond pending results of request for certion ri to U. S. Sapreme Court at hearing in Criminal Court, Davison County, Tenn., 12-31-59.

Frederick John Kasper, anti-semetic segregationist, formerly head of the Seaboard White Citizens Council, Washington, D. C., and attempted to form a White Citizens Council in Tennessee. Kasper recently served 6 months in the Tallahassee, Florida, Federal Correctional Institution, which conviction arose out of Kasper's opposition to integration at Clinton, Tennessee.

Kasper also stands convicted at Nashville on local charges of inciting to riot when Nashville schools were first integrated. He was sentenced to 6 months in the Workhouse and fined \$500.

The Tennessee Supreme Court upheld the conviction 7-27-59. He was released from the Tallahassee, Florida, Correctional Institution on 12-16-59. He was under \$2500 bond. No local detainer has been filed, but he is under \$2500 bond in the Nashville case.

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO.

DIRECTOR, FBI (62-105095)

DATE: 1/21/60



SAC, JACKSONVILLE (105-45)

SUBJECT:

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, JR., aka.

RACIAL MATTERS

00: WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE

N'SI

Re teletype dated 12/16/59 from Jacksonville to Director, Memphis, Washington Field Office, Mobile, and Knoxville advising of subject KASPER's departure from Tallahassee, Florida, on that date to Knoxville, Tennessee.

A news wire service report from Nashville, Tennessee, which item appeared in the Jacksonville Journal daily newspaper, Jacksonville, Florida, on 1/1/60, reflects that subject on 12/31/59 appeared before Criminal Court Judge HOMER WEIMAR to plead for temporary freedom until a higher court can make its decision. This article also stated that the Tennessee Supreme Court has ruled that KASPER can remain free on \$2,500.00 bond until the United States Supreme Court decides whether it will review his appeal of a conviction of inciting a riot.

Inasmuch as it appears that subject is no longer located in the Jacksonville Office territory and is in no way active in that territory at this time, no further action in this case is being taken by the Jacksonville Office.

EX 101 REC- 19 6 2-105095-85

-RUC-

2 - Bureau (RM)

1 - Knoxville (62-623) (Info) (RM) 1 - Memphis (105-275) (Info) (RM)

1 - Mobile (Info) (RM)

1 - Washington Rield Office (62-8028) (Info) (RM)

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FBI

	Date: 1/18/60 PLAIN TEXT	
Tran	nsmit the following in (Type in plain text or code) AIRTEL	
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-	TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-105095)	ı
,	FROM: SAC, MEMPHIS (105-275)	, I
	FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, Aka RACIAL MATTERS	b6
	00: Washington Field	b7C
4	New Market 18 1 C	
	Re Washington Field Airtel to Director dated 1/11/60.	
2	Office, Nashville, Tenn., advised SA FRANCIS W. NORWOOD that subject appeared before Judge HOMER WEIMAR, Criminal Court, Davidson County Nashville, Tenn., being surrendered by PORTER FREEMAN, his bondsman At this time, he requested that he be allowed to serve his six month sentence in the Davidson County Jail rather than in the Davidson County Workhouse. His reason for this request was that he felt that there might be trouble from some of the Negroes in the Workhouse if he were sent there. Judge WEIMAR committed KASPER to the County Jail until Monday, 1/18/60, at which time he will decide where he is to serve his sentence. Present with KASPER in the court were his bondsman,	
Äirtel. 1/.	PORTER FREEMAN, and Miss GRACE DAWSON, who as a court reporter was taking a record of the proceedings, both by shorthand and with a tape recorder which KASPER was operating.	
A. M. V. A. M. S. Spec. Da	were only spectators. It was observed that went over to KASPER and wished him well as he left the courtroom for the jail.	
Reg. Ma. Rogisters	3 - Bureau (RM) 1 - Knoxville (Info.) (RM) REC. 20 JAN 20 1960	
	Approved Special Agent in Charge	

Office Memoundum • United States Government

M JROM D

DIRECTOR, FBI (62-105095)

DATE: 1/26/60

b6 b7C b7D

SAC, MOBILE (62-739)

SUBJECT:

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER RACIAL MATTERS

Re WFO teletype 12/17/59 and Molet to Knoxville, 12/19/59.

Referenced correspondence relates to keeping current data re whereabouts of subject. Spot surveillances at residences of Adm. JOHN CROMMELIN, both at Wetumpka, Ala. and Montgomery, Ala., conducted 12/18/59 and 1/17/60, reflect no indications of presence of KASPER.

made inquiries discreetly on 12/31/59, and attempted to have himself notified if KASPER arrived

This effort not productive as of 1/7/60.

has not heard

of presence of KASPER as of 1/18/60.

AP story appearing in Montgomery Advertiser, daily at Montgomery, 1/16/60, relates that KASPER ordered 1/15/60 to report to criminal court, Nashville, Tenn., to begin serving term for "inciting to riot" in Nashville in 1957, and that his bondsman, PORTER FREEMAN, said that KASPER would appear.

If additional refforts desired to locate KASPER,

Memphis should so advise.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HERELI'S UNCLASSIFICATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO

140 62-1050g

15 JAN 29 1960

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2 - Bureau (RM)
2 - Memphis (RM)
2 - Mobile
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DIRECTOR, FBI (62-105095)

DATE: 2/4/60

AC, WFO (62-8028)

SUBJECT:

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, JR.,

aka

six months.

RACIAL MATTERS

(00:WFO)

Memphis by airtel 1/19/60, to Louisville in a matter entatled "NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY" set forth that JOHN KASPER was incarcerated in Davidson County Jail, Nashville, Tennessee, on 1/16/60, to start a sentence of

Memphis is requested to make appropriate arrangements with the authorities of the Davidson County Jail to be informed of any pertinent information coming to the attention of the jail authorities during KASPER's sentence and also Memphis should be advised when KASPER is released.

WFO is closing the case on KASPER until the reception of information from Memphis that KASPER has been released. C

2)Bureau 2-Memphis (105-275) 1-WFO RBL:cas (5)

5 FEB 5 1960

FX. - 139



FEDERA BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Will make arrangements with local authorities to be advised of the subject's release from the Davidson County Workhouse.

IDENTITIES OF AGENTS ON SURVEILLANCE

January 2, 1960, SA FRANCIS W. NORWOOD

January 4, 1960, SA NORWOOD

January 6, 1960, SA NORWOOD

January 7, 1960, SA NORWOOD and SA CHARLES J. HONETOR

January 12, 1960, SAS NORWOOD and HONETOR

January 13, 1960, SAS NORWOOD AND SA CHARLES F. GRIGSBY

January 14, 1960, SAS NORWOOD and GRIGSBY

January 15, 1960, SAS NORWOOD and WILLIAM L. SHEETS

January 16, 1960, SA NORWOOD

INFORMANTS

SYMBOL NUMBER	INFORMATION ORIGINALLY FILED	
WFO=T==1 is		
Memphis T-1	Me#105-275-345	
name carried u	nder confidential symbol number	r a
Memphis T-2	Instant report	b6 b70 b71
name carried und cause of the type of informa	er confidential symbol number be tion furnished)	∋
Memphis T-3	i i	
Memnhis T=4	,	

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SYMBOL NUMBER

INFORMATION	ORIGINALLY	FILE

Memphis T-5

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Careful consideration has been given to the use of T symbols in this report and has been done only when absolutely necessary to protect the identity of the informant.

ADMINISTRATIVE

The extended period of investigation for this report is the result of this case being pending-inactive during the period of time that the subject was incarcerated in the Federal Correctional Institution at Tallahassee, Florida. The case was followed prior to his incarceration and subsequent thereto by means of air-tels and teletypes, copies of which were made available to the Bureau.

C*
COVER PAGE

STANDARD FORM NO. 64 Office Memorandum • United States Government : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-105095) DATE: 3/7/60 SAC, WFO (62-8028) SUBJECT: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER RACIAL MATTERS Enclosed for the Bureau are the original and seven copies of a letterhead memo concerning an appeal for funds letter presently being distributed by the subject. A copy is furnished for the information of Memphis. The source mentioned is The copy received by informant is being retained in ALL INEPRIMATION CONTAINS (2-Bureau (Encls-8) 1-Memphis (Encl-1) (Info) 1-WFO RBL: cas (4)

ENOTORINE ATTACHER Agency J. 2 am Osit Ryan Reg. Rec'd How Forw. . 1 oc CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT

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UNIT STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTIE

Copy to:

Report of: SA FRANCIS W. NORWOOD

Date: 2-10-60

Office: Memphis

File Number: Me#105-275; Bufile #62-105095)

Title: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER

Character: RACIAL MATTERS

Synopsis

KASPER's conviction by Criminal Court, Davidson County,
Nashville, Tenn., upheld by Supreme Court, State of Tenn.,
and the U. S. Supreme Court denied certiorari on his appeal.
KASPER presently incarcerated Davidson County Workhouse,
Nashville, on six months sentence. He has \$500 fine and
court costs to pay. Information concerning circulation of
petition protesting KASPER's treatment set forth. Informants
report KASPER has belongings stored at 4010 Brush Hill Road,
Nashville, and that there is a possible break between him
and because of the treatment of money advanced
by for KASPER's bond. KASPER still maintains contact
with Admiral JOHN CROMMELIN at Wetumpka, Ala. KASPER had
only one visitor during the week prior to his entering jail,
this was

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREING UNITED HOS HOUSE HOU

ĎEŢĀILS: ACTIVITIES AT NASHVILLE, TENNESSÉE

An article appeared in the Nashville Tennessean, a daily newspaper published at Nashville, Tennessee, on Friday, November 20, 1959, Page 5, which stated that the subject's term would end on December 16, 1959 at the Federal Correctional Institution at Tallahassee, Florida. The article pointed out that KASPER had a six months workhouse sentence still to serve in Davidson County, Tennessee, but that his

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attorney had stated that a petition for review by the United States Supreme Court would be filed by December 3, 1959.

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advised SA FRANCIS W. NORWOOD that there was activity at the residence of Miss GRACE DAWSON, 4010 Brush Hill Road, Nashville, indicative of the fact that the subject may have been at that address on that date. stated that he did not see the subject. It should be noted that this is the place where KASPER has resided prior to the time he was committed to the Federal Correctional Institution at Tallahassee, Florida.

On December 21, 1959, Memphis Confidential Informant T-1 advised from the activities of Miss GRACE DAWSON on December 20, 1959, informant believed subject was in Nashville. However, the informant could not make a definite statement that he was.

On December 30, 1959, Memphis Confidential Informant T-1 advised that she did not believe the subject was at Miss DAWSON's residence on that date. She stated, however, that Miss DAWSON had had Christmas dinner with a which might indicate that the subject had taken ner there. The stated, however, that no mention was made of the subject. and that | eN N she could not be sure of her conjecture

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On January 5, 1960, Memphis Confidential Informant T-2 advised that someone at the residence of Miss GRACE DAWSON had contacted an individual in Clearwater, Florida at 7:45 PM on December 22, 1959, at the Telephone No. 82-4953, and that the same number was contacted from that residence at 12:28 PM on December 25, 1959.

The informant stated also on December 25, 1959, someone at that residence had contacted Admiral JOHN G. CROMMELIN, Telephone No. AM4-7831 at Montgomery, Alabama. The informant stated the identity of the person making these contacts was not known.

On October 8, 1959, Memphis Confidential Informant T-3 advised SA NORWOOD that the subject had stored approximately twenty boxes of material in the basement of the residence of Miss GRACE DAWSON, 4010 Brush Hill Road, Nashville. Informant stated these boxes contained a wide variety of material from clothing to newspapers and are in no particular order of filing but appeared to have been dumped into the boxes for storage purposes.

One of the boxes appeared to contain material relating to KASPER's activities in New York City when he was operating the "Make-It New Book Shop," and the material consisted of correspondence which he had at that time with individuals in New York City. There was also contained in this box some letters which had been sent to the subject from an individual in the State of Indiana; however, the name of this individual was illegible, as was his return address. The postmark on the material was 1954 and in the box were a number of cards which are apparently cards from a mailing list and contained the names and addresses of persons in New York City. There were also contained in this box numerous pamphlets of an anti-Semitic nature.

Another box, and possibly two boxes, contains material relating to correspondence with KASPER by various individuals all over the United States, after KASPER became active with the Tennessee White Citizens Councils in Nashville, Tennessee, many of the letters being addressed to him at Box 7073, Nashville.

Among the material in this box was a letter postmarked
June 11, 1959 with the return address of
Tennessee, which bears the typed address of JOHN KASPER, P. O. Box
7073, Nashville 10, Tennessee. Informant stated that the letter was
written on letterhead stationery of and the salutation appeared
"Dear John." In the letter apologizes for being late in cor-
respondence to a request from KASPER and for sending such a small
amount of money. He stated that the NSRP had cost him so much money
running around the country and, in view of the coal mining trouble
in East Tennessee, which had caused a drop off of his business, he
could afford no more contributions. He mentioned that the National
States Rights Party was scheduled to meet with two or three other
organizations from California, Michigan and Illinois for the pur-
pose of discussing a merger. The meeting was scheduled to take
place July 4 or 5, 1959 in Chicago and was supposed to be
there, however, he stated he did not think he would be able to
make the meeting. In the letter he remarked that the "ambushings
around this territory" were such that all of the victims were white
people. He stated "if there had been one Negro murdered the State
and Federal Government would have raised heaven and earth to find
the parties."

Informant stated that one of the boxes contained correspondence and two stacks of 3 X 5 cards which would number approximately 400 cards in all. He stated on the outside of one of these stacks was the following notation: "JOHN KASPER's list (SAM sent over)." On the other stack of cards is the notation: "J.K. sent this list. It is to be filed permanent. These are filed alphabetically for Florida." Both of the lists are stacks

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of cards containing names and addresses of persons in the Jackson-ville, Florida area. Also contained in this box are a large number of papers called The Chronicle which was published at Jacksonville, Florida on April 3, 1959. The informant stated that there were some articles in the paper relating to racial activities. Another box contained a large collection of newspapers published in Nashville, which are regular daily newspapers and all are dated December 8, 1958 and contained articles relating to bombings in Nashville and to the activities of KASPER.

Informant stated that in another of the boxes there was a considerable amount of correspondence, and there appeared to be a list of persons who were active in the Tennessee White Citizens Councils in 1958. This was during the time KASPER was active in Nashville. These names and addresses were written in pencil and apparently were prepared by someone other than KASPER because their writing is such that it would indicate them to be an uneducated person. Informant stated that there was noted in one of the boxes a book entitled "The Roosevelt Red Record and Its Background." The name of the author could not be determined.

Informant indicated that this material apparently belonged to KASPER and was being stored by Miss DAWSON. TENNESSEE On l Memphis Confidential Informant T-4 advised that the subject had been in contact with He stated that the subject told that he had spoken to Admiral JOHN CROMMELIN about them and hoped they would be able to take a trip with him to visit CROMMELIN in Alabama. Informant. stated that told the subject tentative arrangements were made for them to go on January 20, 1960.

John God Commelia

Informant stated that KASPER was living very quietly b6 b7C b7D at the residence of [Nashville, and indicated he wanted to go ahead and get his legal difficulties ironed out in Nashville and settle down to writing a book. He also indicated that he has some political aspirations. On Memphis Confidential Informant T-4 advised that the subject contacted and pointed out that he would probably be jailed the next

phonically contacted CROMMELIN and made arrangements for

day inasmuch as he had to report to Judge WEIMAR at Criminal Court in Nashville. He stated that in regard to their proposed trip to Wetumpka, Alabama to visit Admiral JOHN CROMMELIN, he had tele-

visit CROMMELIN if could make the trip. He stated that CROMMELIN was very much interested in meeting and that they could come down at any time he desired.

Informant stated that KASPER was planning to spend his time in the County Jail or Workhouse as quietly as he could and get it over with. He stated he hoped that this would be his last legal entanglement, and that he was going to try to get the Judge to let him spend the six months in jail instead of the workhouse. The informant stated that KASPER was planning to stay around Nash-ville for awhile and was thinking of the possibility of establishing legal residence in Nashville in order to oppose Mayor BEN WEST on a political basis.

On January 2, 4, 6 and 7, 1960, subject's automobile was observed parked at 4010 Brush Hill Road, Nashville. However, subject himself was not observed at this address.

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On January 11 and 15, 1960, subject was not observed at the above address on Brush Hill Road, however, on the afternoon of January 14, 1960, was observed to visit the residence at 4010 Brush Hill Road. had with her a small boy approximately three years of age who played in the yard while she and KASPER went in the house.

On January 16, 1960, a spot check was made at the Davidson County Courthouse prior to and subsequent to KASPER's hearing before Judge HOMER WEIMAR. It was noted that KASPER was accompanied to the courthouse by PORTER FREEMAN, his bondsman, and Miss GRACE DAWSON, who reportedly made a record of the hearing. It was observed that the only other followers of KASPER who were present at the courthouse were

CIRCULATION OF PETITION CONCERNING SUBJECT

An article appeared in the Memphis Press-Scimitar, dated July 30, 1959, at Memphis, <u>Tennessee</u>, with the Associated Press dateline of Tallahassee, Florida. This article reported

that KASPER had been struck by a Negro prisoner at the Federal Correctional Institution in Tallahassee, Florida.

By communication dated September 2, 1959, the Washington Field Division advised that Washington Field Informant T-1 had made available copies of a petition which protested the cruel and inhuman treatment of the subject, claiming that he was constantly harassed by Negroes at the Federal Correctional Institution at Tallahassee, Florida. The petition ended with the request that KASPER be transferred to another prison because his life was in danger in Tallahassee. The informant stated the petition had been circulated in Nashville, Tennessee area.

On November 5, 1959,	
	•
was interviewed by SAS FRANCIS W. NORWOOD and JAMES B. HENDERSON.	,
During the course of this interview volunteered the information	_
that he had signed instant petition protesting the treatment afforded	d,
to the subject in the Federal Penitentiary He stated that he signed	d.
the metition at the request of	<u> </u>
on Nashville. Jette did not recall her house number.	b6
is a customer of and sometime during the Summer of 1959,	b70
on an occasion when he called on her, she asked him if he was opposed	d
to prisoners being mistreated. He stated naturally he is opposed to	
such activities and when she explained to him that KASPER was being	
brutally beaten, he agreed to sign the petition that he was opposed	
brutally beaten, he agreed to sign the political that he did not know KASDED and	
to his being mistreated. He stated that he did not know KASPER and	
knows little of his activities in Nashville. He stated that	
has never indicated any other activity to him.	
<u> </u>	

LEGAL DIFFICULTIES

An article appeared in the Nashville Tennessean, a daily newspaper published at Nashville, Tennessee, on September 4, 1959, on Page 24, concerning the subject. This article stated that the Tennessee Supreme Court had rejected on September 3, 1959, the subject's handwritten petition for reconsideration of his conviction in connection with the integration of Nashville schools. The article pointed out that KASPER was at that time serving a sentence in a Federal institution at Tallahassee, Florida, and stated he filed a petition with the court, asking it to reconsider its decision of July which upheld a local conviction.

On September 28, 1959, M r. JACK BOYD, Clerk, Tennessee State Supreme Court, furnished SA NORWOOD the following information:

On August 27, 1959, there was filed with the Clerk of the Tennessee Supreme Court a petition for rehearing of the case in which the subject was convicted of inciting a riot. This petition was prepared by the subject while in Federal Prison and submitted by mail. The original of the petition is in the subject's handwriting.

On August 31, 1959, the Tennessee State Supreme Court dismissed this petition for rehearing. Subsequent to that time BENJAMIN SIMMONS, attorney, Washington, D. C., advised the Clerk of the Tennessee State Supreme Court, that he intended filing a writ of certiorari with the United States Supreme Court on behalf of the subject. He requested copies of the trial record and certain other documents, one of which was the petition filed by the subject.

It will be noted by communication dated January 11, 1960, the Washington Field Office advised that EDWARD SCHADE, Clerk, United States Supreme Court, Washington, D. C., advised SA KEVIN F. FLANAGAN on that date that KASPER's petition for a writ of certiorari was denied by the Supreme Court on that date.

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In connection with the bond for the subject in the
Criminal Court, Davidson County, Nashville, Memphis Confidential
Informant T-5 advised SA NORWOOD on November 19, 1959, that
Tennessee White Citizens Council, had indicated that he
was worried about some money of his. He explained that the last
time the subject was arrested he had to put up bond in connection
with his case in Nashville. was approached to put up
the money. He stated that he mortgaged his house and obtained
\$2000. He then gave this money to PORTER FREEMAN, who actually put
it up for the bond. advised that he now wants his money back
but cannot get it back. He went to FREEMAN and asked him to get it
back but FREEMAN stated that he went to the Davidson County Court-
house and inquired about it and was advised that it could not be
released as it was being held as surety against the fine and court
costs against the subject. was very worried as apparently
he did not get any type of receipt from FREEMAN and was afraid he
would never get his money. The informant did not know why he did
not put the money up himself instead of giving it to FREEMAN to
make the bond.
On December 30, 1959, Memphis Confidential Informant

On December 30, 1959, Memphis Confidential Informant T-5 advised that was still worried about his money and apparently he was a little shaken in his regard for KASPER. He reportedly made the statement that he might have backed the wrong man." Informant stated that seemed to be confused about KASPER. He seemed to be doubtful of KASPER's sincerity but at

the same time did not want to make a break with him. Informant advanced the opinion that since reportedly put up the money for KASPER's bond, but did it through another man, he had gotten himself into a place where he is dependent on KASPER's good will if he is going to get any of his money back.

On December 29, 1959, Criminal Court Judge HOMER WEIMAR, Davidson County, Nashville, before whom the subject was tried and convicted on the charge of inciting a riot, ordered the subject and his attorney to appear in his court on December 31, 1959, for the purpose of hearing arguments from BENJAMIN SIMMONS, the subject's attorney, to the effect that KASPER should remain free on bond until the U.S. Supreme Court had ruled on the subject's request that the court review his case.

An article appeared in the Nashville Tennessean, a daily paper published in Nashville, on December 30, 1959, which stated that the state would resist an attempt by the subject to remain free on bond pending action of his case by the U. S. Supreme Court.

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On December 31, 1959, after hearing arguments in the case, Judge WEIMAR ruled that the subject could remain free on bond pending the results of the request for certiorari to the U. S. Supreme Court.

An article appeared in the Nashville Banner, a daily newspaper in Nashville, on January 18, 1960, stating that Judge WEIMAR had ruled that KASPER would serve his six months in the Davidson County Workhouse, which he would enter either January 18 or 19, 1960. The article stated that the subject would serve the six months sentence, and that it might stretch out to longer than six months if he or someone did not pay the court costs and fine, which would amount to between \$900 and \$1400. The article

stated that if the costs remained unpaid, the subject would have to work out the debt at \$2 a day with no credit for Sundays, rainy days or holidays.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Memphis, Tennessee February 10, 1960

Re: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, aka RACIAL MATTERS

With regard to Memphis Confidential Informants T-1, T-2, T-3, T-4 and T-5, and Washington Field Confidential Informant T-1, mentioned in the report of SA FRANCIS W. NORWOOD, dated February 10, 1960 at Memphis, each of these informants has furnished reliable information in the past.

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ENCLOSURE

62-105095-90

ENCLOSURE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Washington 25, D. C. March 7, 1960

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER Also Known As John Kasper

On February 18, 1960, a source who has furnished reliable information in the past, supplied the attached letter entitled "John Kasper Fine and Costs."

This letter recounts the trials and imprisonments of Kasper and attacks various local and Federal officials. The letter also requests that financial help be sent to Post Office Box 8771, Nashville 11, Tennessee.

Attached to this letter is a list of twelve publications which Kasper recommends for reading.

Concerning John Kasper, it should be noted that he is presently incarcerated at the Davidson County Workhouse, Nashville, Tennessee, on a six-month sentence on a charge of inciting a riot in connection with the integration of Nashville, Tennessee, schools

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62-105095-90

JOHN KASPER FINE AND COSTS

January 30, 1960

This sound came in the dark, first must thou go the road to hell --

As this is written I am in shackles and beginning the last phase of the first part of a continuing struggle for more light. The place is the Davidson County Workhouse at Nashville, Tennessee.

There are so many things I would like to write you about; of matters that are now history, of unbelievable illegality and railroading to jail by Federal and State Courts in Tennessee by methods heretofore thought buried in the barbarcus past. Especially, I would like to engage your serious attention to specific remedies for specific diseases and how we can and must restore constitutional government to White America - or at least a method of restoration that I think is soundly drawn from my own conflict with the powers of darkness and confusion.

But John Kasper has been long on action and short on time, moreso now than ever before.

The situation is this:

In 1956, '57, '58, I was railroaded to jail for exercising freedom of speech and organizing against the compulsory mixing of the races in Clinton and Nashville, Tennessee. I have also engaged in similar efforts to maintain white-race integrity and Constitutional government all over the Southern part of the United. States and from Chicago to Mobile; from New York to Miami.

Twice I have gone to jail (Federal prison) for a total period of 18 months FOR NOTHING. Only the fact that I was successful in mustering resistance to integration wherever I was allowed the right to free speech and assembly has jailed me three times. The resistance was so sound, so natural, and so correct from any moral or legal standpoint that it was as logical as night following day that some vicious, hateful expression of revenge would be levied against any known leadership. The Federal District Courts and U.S. Supreme Court were incensed with rage because their illegal decrees were legally confounded by the white citizenry.

The N.A.A.C.P. and its jewish manipulators were venemous as a pit of rattlosnakes in their hebraic desire to see the opposition crushed. Corrupt politicians who have gained power through the cheapest possible demagoguery of
promising a rapist, veneral disease-ridden race, that they will soon govern
State governments as well as the Washington welfare state and that the day is
not far distant when white folks will approach Negroes with hat in hand and ask
for jobs, housing and educational opportunity - these pimps of usury,
international finance, World Bank and bunk, U.N., Federal Reverse, irresponsible
power, metro government, flouridation of water, devitalization of bread, Urban
Renowal (attack on the homestead) collectivization of agriculture and God knows

what other rot of the rooseveltian revolution, these political betrayers sitting in the national jawhouse in Washington have cast their lot with infamy and dishonor and would rather see America governed by aliens, jews, and black savagery than any decent impulse tied to the vision of the Founding Fathers.

So that -- I am in the workhouse here in Nashville - for at least six months at behest of a few of the sorriest politicians living. The Tennessee evil centers around former Governor Frank Clement, race-mixing Mayor Ben West of Nashville, the two left-wing Senators, Gore, Kefauver, Judge Homer Weimar of Nashville, the seemingly mad Federal Judge Taylor of Knoxville, and Federal Judge Miller of Nashville.

Whether I will be here longer than six months is entirely up to my friends.

Through appeal and court action I have helped make a record of the illegality of our courts and government. Perhaps you have helped me do that with your sacrifices, your contributions, and your loyal support of the many legal appeals I have made.

A day comes when I will be able to personally thank you for all of the godly help you have sent me. There will again be opportunity for correspondence and a person to person meeting.

Now though, there are no more legal appeals possible.

And the only recourse is for the Tennessee Governor, Buford Ellington to cut the sentence to time served. There is little likelihood of that, as he permits the continued existence of the communist Highlander Folk School, and has approved by inaction the integration of Clinton, Nashville, and Smyrna, Tennessee, as well as his recent refusal to defend certain West Tennessee voting registrars who are being persecuted by the Attorney-General of the United States for protecting white voter's rights.

I must raise at once \$1431.00 in cash to pay a fine of \$500.00 and \$931.00 in court costs. If this is not done, I must remain here at hard labor on this chain-gang (predominately niggers) and work out the amount at the rate of \$2.00 per day. Brief reflection will show you that at that rate I could be here for 715 days beyond the six months I must serve in any case, and that is two full years less two weeks.

In the many efforts made to restore responsible Constitutional government in America people wonder if their time or contributions are of my real use. In the present instance there can be no doubt about it, for every \$2.00 received is a day less I will have to crack rocks and it will be a day sooner that I can actively return to the firing line, and in God's name, get out of here.

There are some who are receiving this appeal for funds who have contributed toward the legal appeal to the U.S. Supreme Court I made in the second Federal case, and there is a real possibility that I did not acknowledge your help or send you some expression of my gratitude.

If that is true for you, I can only offer by way of explanation that my petition for appeal to the Supreme Court was never heard and I was jailed shortly after the appeal for funds was sent out. I will answer every letter eventually, I promise that. For now I can only say "Thank you", profound thanks for your

help and I pray that one day I can show you a small token of my deep appreciation - every bit of help I have had has gone toward necessary costs of trial and appeal. I have been blessed with the services of a great constitutional lawyer. J. Benjamin Simmons of Washington, D.C. who has continued the legal struggle without payment for his services, and Raulston Schoolfield of Chattanocga and associates who defended me heroically in the absurd trial that now sends me to the workhouse.

This is only the second time in more than four years that I have asked for help. I am not a professional money-raiser nor have I ever used tactics to shock people into giving help. Everything has been based on absolute need, and my end of the struggle for Constitutional government and white-race integrity has been supported by mostly 'poor'folks, plain, everyday citizens whose common sense has cut through the deception of 'controlled newspapers' and other communication media. For my part, the struggle has been made on a mouthful of air, a shoestring, and continuous effort no matter what the circumstances or how criminal the opposition.

In the first appeal for funds written early last sugmer there appears the following:

"We are struggling for civilization in America. We are working for a nation which will present equal or greater opportunities to America's sons and daughters than the past has afforded them. We aim at the most intelligent white leadership in our various governments, Foderal, State and local. We stand for the Constitution of the United States as ratified in 1789, every word of it, as the greatest instrument-of government ever devised by free men.

"Against this is barbarism. Against this is the return to savage, jungle life embodied in the nurderous ideals of the Bolshevic and the jews who conceived such a monstrous concept of life. Against this is usury and the international financiers, Federal Reserve racketeers, mostly controlled by the jews of New York, Washington, London, Paris, Geneva, and Moscow.

"Against this is the present Supreme Court of the United States comprised of communist sympathizers, jews, white-race haters, and radicals of the receveltian revolution which changed our government from a Constitutional Republic to a contralized welfare state with jew-control at the top."

I can't improve that writing at this time and don't see anything to add or take away. It is what I stand for, and what I oppose, anything different or else to the contrary notwithstanding.

Going to a chain-gang for 'inciting to riot' when no riot ever occurred is difficult, but it is not nearly as difficult as life in America will be for all of us if we don't all pull an oar together and beat back the evil while we still are shadows of free men and women.

One can't get through hell in a hurry and it seems that one must first go that road before coming to more light. It takes continuous energy, relentless determination, every sort of hard work and the courage of a thousand tigers.

As we have seen, there will be great persecution of the innocent to make small but significant gains over the foul host of grasping, perverse men who drive the nation to wrack-ruin. Renewal has occurred before in our history in a dark hour and it will again if we all keep on keeping on.

It is urgent that you sacrifice your all now as never before - my very freedom depends upon it - the bars and filth and stench of this cage is the living testimony of it, and for God's love please got your friends to help as soon as possible. All checks or money orders should be made cut John Kasper, at P.O.Box 8771, Nashville 11, Tennassee.

If you are unable to send any money perhaps you could reprint this appeal or write me for more copies to send to your friends - even stamps will be a great help.

There have been issues and times when it would have been the safe personal course to avoid a fight and thus I could have avoided the malice of political criminals. I have absolutely no regrets about the course of affairs as they have involved me, and I would do all again in the same way to accomplish the same result which is exposure of the communist-jewish-international finance conspiracy against white America, oust corrupt public officials and elect men of character and integrity to every public office, and above all restore constitutional government to the American people.

Admiral John G. Crommelin, one of the greatest living Americans should be the draft candidate of all patricts for President of the United States on an independent ticket in 1960. However, I have learned that the Admiral will run for either the Senate or House of Representatives in the 1960 election on the Democratic ticket - at least it is my cincerest wish that he will do so. We must get idmiral Grommelin into the national government. He is the one men who would rever falter, flinch, or compromise on issue, especially on the jewish question or the integration question or the money question or any matter concerning the public welfare.

Support the Admiral if he runs for the House or Senate. There is no patricine activity here worthwhile for any American at this time.

I pray that God will guide and protect you wherever you are.

Yours for white-race integrity and the Constitution.

John Kasper

P.S. I would be glad to have word from you at the workhouse. Financial help should be sent to P. O. Box 8771, Nashville 11, Tennessee.

"ONLY THE MOST ABSOLUTE SINCERITY UNDER HEAVEN CAN EFFECT ANY CHANGE".

To be thoroughly informed about the present workings of the American Government. I urge you to subscribe to the following publications if you don't already:

	•
THE AMERICAN MERCURY 250 W. 57th Street, New York 19, New York	\$4.00 yearly
THE AMERICAN NATIONALIST Box 301, Inglewood, California	\$3.00 yearly
COMMON SENSE 530 Chestnut Street, Union, New Jersey	\$1.00 yearly
THE CROSS AND THE FLAG P. O. Box 27895 Los Angeles 27, California	\$2.00 yearly
THE DETENDER P. O. Box 886. Wichita, Kansas	\$2.00 yearly
THE DILLING BULLETIN P. O. Box 659. Chicago 90. Illinois	\$3.00 yearly
FARMER'S VOICE R. W. Clindaniel, Rt. 1 Syracuse, Indiana	\$1.00 yearly
RIGHT 418 Ellis Street, P.O.Box 180 San Francisco, California	\$3.00 yearly
THE STATESMAN 511 E. Broadway Glendale, California	\$5.00 yearly
THE THUNDERBOLT Box 261: Deffersonville, Indiana	\$3.00 yearly
THE WHITE SENTINEL Box 156, St. Louis, Missouri	\$3.00 yearly
WOMEN'S VOICE 537 Scath Dearborn Street, Room 800	\$4.00 yearly

(Also the great weekly newspaper The "Montgomery Home-News"
211 Moore Street, Montgomery, Alabama
4.00 elsewhere
1.50 - 6 months

Advertising rates on request)

Chicago 5, Illinois

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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LEADS

THE ATLANTA, BALTIMORE, BOSTON, CHICAGO, CINCINNATI, DALLAS, DETROIT, HOUSTON, INDIANAPOLIS, JACKSONVILLE, KNOXVILLE, LITTLE ROCK, LOS ANGELES, LOUISVILLE, MIAMI, NEW ORLEANS, NEW YORK, OKLAHOMA CITY, PHILADELPHIA, PHOENIX, PITTSBURGH, SAVANNAH, SEATTLE, ST. LOUIS DIVISIONS (INFORMATION)

One copy for information purposes is being furnished to the above offices because information is contained herein to the effect that an individual residing in the territory covered by these offices is a correspondent, contributor, or has been solicited for a contribution by the subject.

THE MEMPHIS DIVISION

AT NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

Will follow and report information received from authorities in charge of the Davidson County Workhouse, where the subject is presently incarcerated on a charge of inciting a riot, reporting all information concerning contact with the subject by individuals who indicate sympathy with his philosophies.

INFORMANTS

T = 1 ;		Information furnished to SA RANDOLPH E. TROW of the Richmond Division. Original source, Me-105-275-381.	b6 b7c b7D
	Informant is being carried under a pursuant to Bureau instructions in		
T=2		Information furnished to SA FRANCIS W. NORWOOD. Original source	•

Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed and T symbols were utilized in this report only in those instances where the identities of the sources must be concealed.

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COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA FRANCIS W. NORWOOD

Date: 4-14-60

Office: Memphis

File Number: Bufile #62-105095; Me#105-275

Title: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, JR.

Character: RACIAL MATTERS

Synopsis: Subject remains incarcerated in Davidson County Workhouse, Nashville, Tenn., on charge of inciting a riot. He is receiving considerable propaganda material from racist organizations. He is also managing to send out statements which are mimeographed and distributed by his associates in Nashville. List of associates left at Davidson County Workhouse for him is set forth. Informant furnished list of contributors to KASPER and a list of persons who will be solicited for contributions. Information concerning correspondence set forth.

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREDY'S UNCLASSIFICATION OF THE PARTY OF TH

DETAILS: PROPAGANDA DISSEMINATED

Memphis Confidential Informant $T_{\sim}1$, on February 16, 1960, furnished the following information to SA RANDOLPH E. TROW:

Informant stated that had received a letter which was mimeographed and carried the heading "John Kasper Fine and Costs," and which had typed in name.

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This letter was ostensibly signed by JOHN KASPER and was a four page, single space, typewritten or mimeographed letter, giving a history of KASPER's activities and was ostensibly written from the Davidson County Workhouse at Nashville. The letter set forth the tribulations of KASPER and also explained that he must raise \$1431 in cash to pay the fine and court costs for his conviction in Nashville or stay longer in the Davidson County Workhouse. letter had a postscript-added to it indicating that any contributions should be sent to P. O. Box 8771, Nashville 11, Tennessee, and indicated that KASPER would be glad to have a word from the recipient of this letter at the Davidson County Workhouse. Attached to the letter was another page setting forth a list of publications which were recommended for reading by persons who wanted to be thoroughly informed about the "present workings of the American Government." The letter itself was a diatribe against the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People and was anti-No LOC Semitic in nature. It also spoke in behalf of Admiral JOHN G. CROMMELIN as a candidate for President of the United States.

A news article appeared in the Nashville Banner, a daily newspaper published in Nashville, Tennessee, on Page 1 of the March 30, 1960 edition, stating that JOHN KASPER, a race agitator, had been writing letters from his cell in the Davidson County Workhouse urging the election of LESLIE E. JETT as Sheriff and bitterly attacking Sheriff TOM CARTWRIGHT and Mayor BEN WEST of Nashville. The paper indicated that a letter had been received by an unidentified couple in Nashville and was an attack on the present Sheriff, TOM CARTWRIGHT, Judge ANDREW DOYLE, City Judge, Nashville, Judge HOMER WEIMAR, Davidson County Criminal Court, Judge RAYMOND LEATHERS, Davidson County, and District Attorney General HARRY NICHOL.

The letter also called for the support of <u>PORTER</u>
FREEMAN, a feed merchant from <u>Antioch</u>, <u>Tennessee</u>, who was seeking the post of General Sessions Court Judge.

On March 25, 1960, Mr. HERBERT JONES, Superintendent, Davidson County Highway Department, Nashville, who also has under his jurisdiction the Davidson County Workhouse, made available certain material concerning the subject. One item of this material was a copy of a typed handbill concerning the elections in Davidson County which apparently had been prepared by some of KASPER's associates and given to him for comment. This handbill set forth what KASPER opposed and what he stood for in the election and also listed the persons whose names should appear on the ballot that he was interested in. Mr. JONES stated this had been obtained when KASPER tried to get it out of the workhouse, since he was not

supposed to get such material out. Mr. JONES noted although incarcerated in the workhouse, KASPER appeared to be taking an active part in the elections through the services of his friends in Nashville, particularly PORTER FREEMAN.

PROPAGANDA RECEIVED BY SUBJECT AT DAVIDSON COUNTY WORKHOUSE

On March 25, 1960, Mr. HERBERT JONES, Superintendent, Davidson County Highway Department, Nashville, and Davidson County Workhouse, Nashville, advised that the subject had received a letter postmarked March 21, 1960 at Jamaica, N. Y. from which was written on letterhead stationery of the American Nationalist Socialist Party. The letter stated that was writing to the subject at the suggestion of one and was to let KASPER know he was thinking of him and working for him. He stated that in part "the 'old men' of the rightist cause may have deserted you, but we Nazi's have not." He went on to state that conservatives and moderates have not the guts for the "tough battle" that lies ahead, and only Nazi men will be able to beat our powerful enemies." He stated he hoped that KASPER would soon be out to join in the fight with "your comrades of the Nazi International."

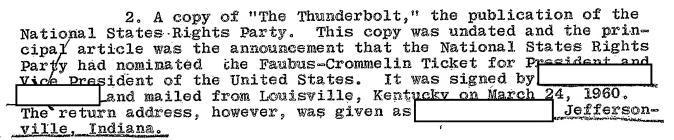
The stationery upon which this letter was written had a large American flag in the upper right-hand corner. Across the top of the paper was a large spread eagle with a swastika in a circle under it similar to those used by the Nazis of Germany. Under this was a circle with the name American Nationalist Socialist Party painted around the inner edge and in the center a swastika. On the bottom was another of the spread eagle. Attached to the letter and also to the envelope were stamps similar to postage stamps. They read at the top "Fight Communism," and bore the figure of the Statue of Liberty and the American Flag. Coiled around the bottom of the flag standard and then stretching out and spelling the word Communism was the figure of a serpent. The letter was contained in a plain white envelope.

On March 26, 1960, Mr. CHARLES PARKHURST, Deputy Warden, Davidson County Workhouse, Nashville, made available material which had been left for the subject on that day by PORTER FREEMAN, an associate of KASPER's and the man who was his bondsman while KASPER was free on bond. This material consisted of the following:

1. A typewritten copy of a telegram, ostehsibly sent to the President of the United States from one Nashville. This telegram principally was pointing out to

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the President the dangers of international Communism, and making suggestions for his handling of the international Communists in his conferences with them concerning Atomic Energy.



- 3. A publication entitled "The Klan Bulletin," the May, 1960 issue, which purposed to be the official publication of an organization named the Christian Knights of the Ku-Klux Klan. listed one J. BUSTONER as editor and in essence stated that the Klan, which was not further identified, was rising to meet the racial This was mailed from Louisville, crisis in the United States. Kentucky on March 24, 1960 and was addressed to "The Honorable John Kasper, Davidson_County Workhouse, Nashville, Tennessee." On the back of The Klan Bulletin was a printed application for membership in the Christian Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. This showed that J. B. STONER was the archleader and Imperial Wizard. It gave the membership fees for men as \$10 and for women and applicants under The return address was given as P. O. Box 45, twenty-one as \$5. There was also contained therein a small Louisville, Kentucky. advertisement for subscription to the Klan Bulletin, the cost being \$2 per year. One other article appearing in the Klan Bulletin was an attack on the Congress of Racial Equality.
 - 4. There was a short letter dated March 24, 1960 from an individual who only signed his note with the initial "R" at Lakeworth, Florida. This individual included copies of a publication called "Closer Up," which was an anti-integration paper or news letter and ostensibly was published by Marak, Inc., P. O. Box 2223, Palm Beach, Florida. Also contained in this letter was a news letter from GERALD L. K. SMITH.

In the short note which was signed "R", the writer mentioned that a publication called the Georgia Tribune had carried an article lauding Conde M. (Conde McGinley) and made the statement "see what M.L. KING did."

5. Volumes 1 and 2 of a book entitled "Thirty Years in the U. S. Senate" by THOMAS H. BENTON. These books were forwarded from Apartment 31, 909 20th Street, NW, Washington, D. C.

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- 6. The February and March issue of the American Mercury, no return address shown.
- 7. A plain envelope addressed to KASPER containing a page from the Knoxville News-Sentinel newspaper. The particular page carried the story of the recommendation by the Board of Education for the City of Knoxville to integrate the public schools in Knoxville.

8. The Apral 1, 1900 Issue of "The Chronicle," which	•
was forwarded by Jacksonville, Florida.	
THE COLUMN	
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Mr. PARKHURST advised on March 26, 1960, that the sub-	1.1
ject also had received some personal letters without propaganda	
material. One of the them was signed only as "Ole Wet Hen." This	
material. One of the them was signed this as the house in the house	
was written in ink and was on green stationery and appeared to be	
a female's handwriting. The letter gave the address of one	No Loc
and Telephone No. AMhurst 9-5868.	7.0
This letter indicated that the writer was extremely fond of the	
'subject, and also made mention of several of the other subject's	1.
followers by the names'	1
who apparently is a sister of the writer. It also made mention of	
the fact that the writer had been to see the subject on the pre-	b7C
ceding Sunday and Mr. PARKHURST stated that the only woman that he	
could recall visiting KASPER on that day was	remm
	THE PERSONNELS AND THE
On April 4, 1960, Mr. PARKHURST stated that the subject	

had received personal correspondence from

New Orleans 15, Louisiana,

and 304 Baxter Building, Nashville. (It will be noted that 304 Baxter Building is the address of the office of Miss GRACE DAWSON, a court reporter who is a close associate of KASPER. Miss DAWSON is in her eighties.)

on April 4, 1960, Mr. PARKHURST also stated a letter had been received by the subject from

Illinois. This letter was written on the letter-head stationery of the Christian Patriots Crusade, publishers of The Revere. In this letter stated he had attended the Dayton Convention of the National States Rights Party and was considerably disappointed at the slim attendance and the adverse publicity given the convention in the Dayton newspapers. He stated he felt that many of the segregationists had become lazy and were cowards, or else they were just hobbyists fooling with the political situation. He stated at the convention he had used a resolution reaffirming the Christian beliefs of the National States Rights Party, which resolution was passed. He also indicated that he hoped the party

would be cleansed of the "Nazi and anti-Christian element." In this regard he stated he felt there was no point in picking up a dead and
foreign movement, and also stated that he felt most of the anti-
Christian "famatics" were as dangerous and undesirable as the Jews
themselves. He made a statement concerning an individual by the name
of stating he was afraid documentary would be bad. He
also mentioned the press reaction to the National States Rights
Party and pointed out that he was afraid the press was capable of
vicious smear out of nothing, and that he shuddered to think "what
will be put together with a few minutes of Rockwell's ravings." The
writer also stated that he felt that it was too bad about the boy
who was arrested in Alabama. He stated "someone should have dis-
covered him earlier and directed his enthusiasm toward a more worth-
while channel."
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parkhurst also pointed out that there was another letter for the subject which he believed to have been sent by This was a letter of a personal nature in which the subject was referred to as "D.D." and in which the writer professed her love for the subject. This was signed "Your Pet."

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PARKHURST stated there was also another clipping from the Knoxville News-Sentinel concerning the integration of public schools which was sent in a letter postmarked at Knoxville, Tennessee April 3, 1960. This contained no comment but bore the return address of 412 Tobler Lane, Knoxville.

FUND RAISING ACTIVITIES

On March 3, 1960, Memphis Confidential Informant T-2 furnished the following list of financial contributors to the subject, which list is maintained by Miss GRACE DAWSON. At the top of this list was the notation Mailed in by Adm. Cromelin — Citizens Bank of Maryland, Riverdale, Maryland, check \$5." and another notation "Brought in by Mr. Wray — cash — \$72."

Name of Person	Bank	Date	Amount
	Citizens Bank of Maryland, Riverdale, <u>Md.</u>	2-6-60	\$25.00
	American Fletcher National Bank and	2-9-60	\$2.00
Indiana Indiana	Trust Company, Indianapolis		

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Name of Person	Bank	Date .	Amount
	The First Bank and Trust Com- pany of Pensa- cola, Pensacola, Florida	2-8-60	\$18.00
	West 17th Street Office, Calif. Bank, 521 W. 17th Street, Santa Ana, California	2.48.60	\$10.00
	First National Bank of Arizona, 1st Avenue and Washington St. Branch, Phoenix, Arizona	2 - 2 - 60	\$ 7.00
	The Liberty Nation- al Bank and Trust Company of Savannah, Savannah, Georgia	2-10-60	\$ 2.00
(contributed by	The Citizens and Southern Bank of Albany, Albany, Georgia	2-10-60	\$ 6.00
	Georgia		
	Chemical Corn Exchange Bank, 72nd St. Office, Lexington Ave. & 72nd St., New York City	2-10-60	\$16.00
	Amalgamated Trust and Savings Bank, 111 S. Dearborn, Chicago, Illinois	2-11-60	\$ 1.05

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	Name of Person	Bank	Date	Amount
1		Elma Branch, The National Bank of Com- merce of Seattle, Elma, Washington	2-9-60	\$10.00
		Rhode Island Hospital Trust Company, Provi- dence, R. I.	2-8-60	\$ 5.00
		The First Nation- al Bank of Elgin, Elgin, Illinois	2-15-60	\$10.00
		Bank of Maryville, Maryville, Tenn.	2-12-60	\$ 5.00
×		First National Bank of Ceredo, Ceredo, W. Va.	2-17-60	\$10.00
		First City Na- tional Bank of Houston, Houston, Texas	2-18-60	\$10.00
		First City Na- tional Bank of Houston, Houston, Texas	2-18-60	\$10.00
¢		MONEY ORDERS		
}	Name of Person	Date		Amount
\		2-10-60	•	\$20.00
. 59		2=10=60 		\$ 4,00
ľ		-		

Name of Person	Date	Amount
	2-9-60	\$ 5.00
~	2-8-60	\$ 1.00
	2=11-60	\$ 5.00
	American Express Money Order 2-8-60	\$ 4.00
	American Express Money Order 2-8-60	\$12.00
		\$10.00
		\$ 5.00
		\$10.00
		\$10.00
		\$ 5.00
		\$ 4.00
Total		\$319.05

The informant also made available a copy of a letter addressed to the subject from Indiana, dated February 4, 1960. This individual indicated in his letter that his name had probably been duplicated as he had received a letter on two days running apparently asking for a contribution. He stated he had written a letter to Governor BUFORD ELLINGTON of the State of Tennessee in behalf of the subject. and had also written to Lexington. Tennessee I were good American. He suggested that some of the appeal letters be sent to
The subsection was the subsection as a
He then listed a group of names to whom he suggested a copy of the appeal letter be sent. These names are as follows:
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stated at the end of his letter that he had had personal correspondence with every person on the list and stated he

believed it would help to send the appeal letter to them.

The informant stated that the appeal letter referred to is a mimeographed letter entitled. The John Kasper Appeal. He pointed out that this is a letter which is mimeographed on both sides of three sheets of standard size white mimeograph paper. It sets forth KASPER's activities, his aims and his propaganda; it tells of his troubles with the law and points out that he is badly in need of funds to continue his fight. He appeals to all patriotic groups and individuals to band together and draft Admiral JOHN G. CROMMELIN for President in 1960 and is seriously critical of the Jews and Negroes in the United States. The letter is signed JOHN KASPER, P. O. Box 7073, Nashville 10, Tennessee. On the last page, on the back of the page, is a suggested list of reading material and the cost of it for persons who are interested in reading right wing literature.

The informant also <u>furnished</u> a copy of a letter to the subject addressed to <u>Nim at _______ Nashville 11</u>, Tennessee, which was from _______ and which sent a contribution of \$5.00. He gave his return address as _______ Florida, and added a postscript as follows, "The white world is led by traitors, cowards, incompetents, opportunists and Jews. An international Nazi movement is needed to destroy this scum from off the face of the earth."

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Memphis Confidential Informant T-2 also furnished a mimeographed sheet entitled "The Autobiography of an Ex-Con(Or Why I Want to Return to Crime)." This ostensibly was written by who claimed to be thirty-one years of age and a native of Nashville. He stated in the mimeographed sheet that he had been in the Davidson County Workhouse with the subject, and because of the wonderful example set by the subject, he had changed his way and felt that the subject was a very wonderful man. The informant stated that apparently Miss DAWSON was printing up some of these for distribution; however, he was unable to ascertain how wide distribution would be.

LEGAL ACTION

On March 26, 1960, Mr. CHARLES PARKHURST, Deputy Warden, Davidson County Workhouse, Nashville, stated that PORTER FREEMAN who had been the subject's bondsman, had been by to see the subject and had left a legal document for him to read. He stated that this was a motion on behalf of the subject before the Criminal Court

of Davidson County, Nashville, to have the court charges reduced and to release the money that the court had held out of the bond so that it could be returned to the bondsman. Mr. PARKHURST stated that he understood that the subject had asked that he present this petition in court.

On April 4, 1960, Mr. PARKHURST advised that the subject had gone to court on that morning in order to present his brief, requesting that the court reduce the court charges and also that they release the bond money which was being held as surety against the subject paying his fine of \$500.

An article appeared in the Nashville Tennessean, a daily newspaper published at Nashville, on April 5, 1960, stating that the subject had appeared in Criminal Court on April 4, 1960, at which time he acted as his own attorney and said that it would be the same as robbery if the court insisted on charging him \$501 for trial transcript which was made at KASPER's own expense. He made a motion that the court order assessing this charge against him should be vacated. The article also stated that PAUL BUMPUS, the Assistant Attorney General, had stated in court that the money should go to Miss GRACE DAWSON and not to EARL HAWKINS, the Criminal Court Clerk, as was ordered by the court. It was noted in the article that Miss DAWSON was retained by KASPER to take down the testimony of his trial in 1958 and, on agreement of both sides, she furnished the transcription of the testimony to the Criminal Court Clerk and to the State Supreme Court when the case was appealed. It is this money that the subject is arguing should be vacated from the charges against him. Judge HOMER WEIMAR took the motion under advisement and will rule on it during the latter part of April, 1960

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On April 4, 1960, Mr. CHARLES PARKHURST furnished the following list of names which had been left at the Davidson County Workhouse to be delivered to the subject. He did not recall who left the list but stated that it was mimeographed:

CY 1-6489		VE 2-3285
AM 9-5778		СУ 7-4489
AM 9-0995	. .	AL 8-7380

Me#105-275	
	b b
	rasnville, Tennessee
	*
	Stahlman Building
Nashville 5, Tennessee (can be reached at Wendell	Nashville, Tennessee
Smith's Restaurant after 3:00 PM)	Route 1, Antioch, Tennessee
	*
	Nashville, Tennessee
	*

Added to this was the following notation:

"Important! The above list of names is to be contacted by telephone, in person, or by mail at any time when persons on list are
asked to do so for any good reason whatsoever. However, do not
contact by phone or in person any named marked *. These names
are for mailing purpose only. Supplementary lists will be added
from time to time and you will receive them."

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Memphis, Tennessee April 14, 1960

Re: FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, JR. RACIAL MATTERS

Reference is made to the report of SA FRANCIS W. NORWOOD, dated April 14, 1960 at Memphis. Memphis Confidential Informant T-1 is a representative of a private organization who obtained the information from an informant of his, whose reliability is unknown to the Bureau. Memphis Confidential Informant T-2 has furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to you agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Barrell Combine

airtel

To:

SAC, Memphis (105-275)

From:

Director, FBI (62-105095)

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, aka. PACIAL MATTERS

Re my radiogram 4/22/60 granting authority for interview of Kasper.

By return mail advise date and caption of communication setting forth results of interview.

FCW/avu avu (5)

> MAJLED 9 APR 2 7 1960 COMM-FEI

EX- 105

REC- 53

APR 28 1960

Tolson Mohr . Parsons Belmont Callahan DeLoach Malone McGuire Rosen Tamm Trotter N.C. Sullivan

TELETYPE UNIT

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

APR 2 2 1960

TELETYPE

DEFERRED 4-22-60 7-42 PM RAM

TO SAC MEMPHIS /105-275/

FROM DIRECTOR 1P /62-105095/

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, AKA, RACIAL MATTERS. REURTEL

APRIL TWENTY ONE LAST. AUTHORITY GRANTED FOR TWO

MATURE AGENTS TO INTERVIEW KASPER AT DAVIDSON COUNTY

WORKHOUSE. IF HE FURNISHES CIVIL RIGHTS COMPLAINT, HANDLE

ACCORDINGLY AND FURNISH UNDER THAT CAPTION.

END ACK PLS

OK FBI ME JWB.

TU DISC

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

APR 21 1960

URGENT 4-21-60 2-48PM JB TO DIRECTOR, FBI /62-105095/

FROM SAC, MEMPHIS /105-275/ 2P

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, AKA, RM. ON APRIL TWENTY, SIXTY, KASPER
TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED NASHVILLE RA OFFICE, NASHVILLE, TENN.,
AND ADVISED HE DESIRED TO TALK TO AGENT IN THE DAVIDSON COUNTY
WORKHOUSE WHERE HE IS INCARCERATED. HE STATED THE MATTER WAS
NOT URGENT BUT THAT HE WOULD LIKE TO TALK TO AGENT WITHIN NEXT
TWO OR THREE DAYS IF POSSIBLE. NO COMMITMENT WAS MADE AS TO
WHETHER OR NOT AGENT WOULD TALK TO HIM. FOR INFORMATION BUREAU,
ON APRIL TWENTY, SIXTY, SUBJECT WAS IN CRININAL COURT, DAVIDSON
CO., WHERE PLEADED HOS OWN CASE ON MOTION THAT HE BE FREED FROM
THE DAVIDSON COUNTY WORKHOUSE. HE BASED HIS APPEAL ON CONDITIONS
IN THE WORKHOUSE, CLAIMING THE WORKHOUSE IN RUN LIKE THE SPANISH
INQUISITION. HE ALLEGED BRUTALITATIONS WORKHOUSE TO SEVERAL GUARDS AND
SOUGHT TO INTRODUCE TESTIMONY THROUGH WITNESSES TO BACK UP HIS
APR 29 1960
ALLEGATIONS. WORKHOUSE OFFICIALS DENIED ALLEGACTIONS.

HE STEP

Mr. Tolson Mr. Mohr Mr. Parsons Mr. Belmont Mr. Callahan

Mr. DeLoach.

Mr. Malone_ Mr. McGuire

Mr. Rosen Mr. Tamm
Mr. Trotter
Mr. W.C.Sullivan
Tele. Room
Mr. Ingram
Miss Gandy

BRUTALITY FROM WITNESS STAND. KASPER ALSO CLAIMED HIS MAIL WAS

Mr. Rosen

PAGE TWO.

BEING OPENED AND THE COURT TOOK JUDICIAL NOTICE THAT IT IS
PROPER PROCEDURE FOR SUCH INSTITUTIONS TO OPEN PRISIONERSMAIL. KASPER-S APPEAL TO BE RELEASED DENIED. HE HAS THREE
MORE MONTHS TO SERVE AND HAS BEEN ASSIGNED TO WORK IN ROCK
QUARRY BY THE COUNTY WORKHOUSE. BUREAU AUTHORITY REQUESTED
FOR TWO AGENTS TO INTERVIEW KASPER AT THE DAVIDSON CO.
WORKHOUSE TO DETERMINE WHAT HE WANTS. SINCE HE HAS INITIATED
THE INTERVIEWS, NO EFFORT WILL BE MADE TO DEVELOPE HIM AS A
POTENTIAL INFORMANT.

END AND ACK PLS.

PLEASE REPEAT ALL WORDS AFTER "DENIED" NEXT TO LAST LINE
PAGE 1 OK MIN ALLEGATIONS OF

-BRUTALITY-FROM WITNESS STAND. KASPER ALSO VXXX-CLAIMED HIS MAIL WAS -END-PAGE-ONE:

3-55 PM OK FBI WA MS
TU DISC

102-105095-93

APRIL 22, 1960

REC-82

-15 (") -

RADIOGRAM

URGENT

TO SAC MEMPHIS (105-275)

FROM DIRECTOR FBI (62-105095)

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, AKA, RACIAL MATTERS. REURTEL
APRIL TWENTY ONE LAST. AUTHORITY GRANTED FOR TWO
MATURE AGENTS TO INTERVIEW KASPER AT DAVIDSON COUNTY
WORKHOUSE. IF HE FURNISHES CIVIL RIGHTS COMPLAINT, HANDLE
ACCORDINGLY AND FURNISH UNDER THAT CAPTION.

FCW:IGE (3)

NOTE: IF RADIO CONTACT MISSED, SEND BY DEFERRED TELETYPE

NOTE: Kasper, a notorious segregationist, is presently incarcerated at the Davidson County Workhouse, Nashville, Tennessee, on a sixmonth sentence on a charge of inciting to riot in connection with the integration of Nashville schools. On 4/20/60 he telephoned Nashville Resident Agency and stated he desired to talk to an Agent within the next two or three days if possible. By way of background, Memphis advises Kasper appeared in Criminal Court 4/20/60 on a motion that he be freed from the workhouse. He plead his own case basing his appeal on poor conditions and alleged brutality on the part of several guards. His motion for release was denied.

for	release was denied.		. <i>Y</i>
Tolson Mohr Parsons Belmont Callahan DeLoach	FEDERAL DURECULOF INVESTIGATION U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE COMMUNICATIONS SECURIT APR 2 2 1000	Vy	
Malone	3 _{MAIL} ROOM TELETYPE UNIT		

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)						
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1 ~	() insmit	the following	g in PLAIN TEXT	•		
	•		(Type in plain text or code)			
Via	٠	AIRTEL	AM (Priority or Method of Mailing)	· ·		
	ī.———		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	- 		
		TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI			
		FROM:	DIRECTOR, FBI SAC, MEMPHIS (105-275)			
		RE:	FREDERICK JOHN KASPER RM			
,			ReurAirtel to Memphis 4-27-60.			
23	Subject was interviewed Davidson Co. Workhouse, Nashville, Tenn., 4-25-60, at which time he stated he desired to go on record that he was not affiliated with, or interested in, the American Nazi Partv. or similar movements inspite of the fact that and others who were interested in this movement were attempting to get him to join it. He stated he felt the FBI knew of their communicating with him and desired to set the record straight as to his feelings concerning this matter.					
		mail and complaint pointing the prise He made that puniout furniture.	At the same time, he complained because the sof the Davidson Co. Workhouse were opening his stated they were delaying his mail. He also ed concerning the general conditions in the Work out that the guards were illiterate, that they oners, and that it is not a well run institution general allegations which he stated were all hese itive measures had been taken against some prise ished no specific information or a complaint all rights violations.	chouse, cursed arsay, oners		
Airtei. Tsietyp	a	_alleged	He also furnished information in which he that marijuana was being smuggled into the David orkhouse.	lson		
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Sent _

Approved: Special Agent in Charge

Sent ____

Approved: _

Special Agent in Charge

FD-36-(Rev. 12-13-56)							
i can		FBI	44.0				
	ما مسابقید اید د	Date: 4/29/60					
Tra	msmit the following	(Type in plain text or code)	1				
Via	AIRTEL	(Priority or Method of Mailing)					
	TO :	DIRECTOR, FBI (62-105095)	+				
	FROM	SAC, MEMPHIS (105-275)					
;	SÜBJECT:	FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, aka					
. Ic		(OO: WFO)					
A A A	Bureau 4/2	ReButel to Memphis dated 4/22/60; re Memphis 28/60.	airtel to				
	with subje	Enclosed herewith for info Bureau are five conterhead memoranda setting forth results of intect at Davidson County Workhouse, Nashville, Texture Copies each are being furnished WFO.	erview nn., on				
	organizati relating t is felt th most of a concerning mation fur marijuana		order to cist rmation use. It is Party is is complaint e. Inforand the eminated by separate				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	sions, KAS about what	It will be noted that during interview on seven stated that any time the FBI desired to know he was doing, he would be glad to tell them.	eral occa- ow anything No effort				
A	2 - Washin 2 - Memphi	REC- 20 62 - 10 50 9 gton Field (62-8028) (Encl. 4) (REGISTERED) s Agency Market Mar	5-95				
Regard	FWN/krp	Reg. Rec'd	2 1960				
	Approved:	mw & Sent M Per					
56	53 MAY 9 10 Special Agent in Charge						

ME 105-275

was made to guide his conversation during interview. He was told in a firm manner that the FBI was in no way responsible for delay in his mail.

While the reliability of information furnished by the subject is certainly questionable, it was noted that he talked freely and at great length. In view of his voluntary statement that he would be willing to tell the FBI about anything that he is doing, consideration should be given to further interviews with him. Bureau authority will, of course, be obtained prior to any other interviews.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Memphis, Tennessee
April 29, 1960

RE: Frederick John Kasper Racial Matters

On April 25, 1960, Frederick John Kasper, who is incarcerated in the Davidson County Workhouse, Nashville, Tennessee, on a charge of inciting a riot, was interviewed by Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. This interview was made at the request of the subject.

Kasper stated that he had something which he wanted to bring to the attention of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. He talked of his relationship with persons who are members of the American Nazi Party. He stated that he knows that he is a controversial figure and that he has attracted a lot of publicity which is personally bad for him. He stated that over the past five or six years, he has made the acquaintance of many people who are extreme right wingers. He stated that many of these people advocate things which he does not believe in. He stated that he has been told that the FBI knew of the fact that he had been receiving mail from persons who were members of the American Nazi Party (ANP) and who were trying to get him to also associate himself with this group. He stated that he is opposed to this leader. Lincoln tockwell. He stated that he wanted to go on record with the FBI that he is opposed to the group and wants the FBI to know that he is not affiliated with it in any manner except that some of his former associates are now active in this.

LISA

Kasper stated that he has met and talked with Lincoln Rockwell and that nearly two years ago he told Rockwell that he wanted nothing to do with him or his organization. He stated that he also warned his friends not to have anything to do with the group. He stated that who was formerly a close be friend of his and one of the founders of the Seaboard White brought set about trying to dissolve the SWCC. He stated that the SWCC had outlived its usefulness but that rather than go to the expense of legally surrendering its charter, he had thought that it could be left to die of its own inactivity and failure to pay the fees required. He stated that when he saw that it was being taken over by Rockwell and the ANP he realized that he should

ENCLOSURE #1

take specific steps to dissolve the SWCC so that he would not be drawn into the ANP through no fault of his own. He stated that he was afraid that some overt act would be committed by someone in the ANP and that he, Kasper, would be prosecuted for it on a conspiracy charge. He stated that he has asked Benjamin simmons, his attorney in Washington, to have the charter revoked. Simmons has advised him that it would cost money to do so because of the advertising and fees involved, and he, subject Kasper, does not have the money to do it.

Kasper stated that another former friend of his who has
Deen drawn into the ANP is He stated that
was formerly active in compating communism and integration in St.
Louis, Missouri. He formerly published the "White Sentinel "
Which Kasper states is one of the first publications to point out
the dangers of the Jewish. communist. Negro conspiracy. Kasper
Stated that! I now lives in Florida and recontly what a to
nim that he was now a member of the ANP. He stated that he still
considers both las friends, but fears that b6
they have been misled. AMERICAN NOTE PARTY book

He advised that he has also received some literature from a man named from New York who is also interested in the Nazi movement. He stated that he wants nothing to do with Burros and that his literature is unsolicited.

Kasper stated that his literature had been taken away from him by the guards at the workhouse, but that to the best of his recollection, the letterhead of the stationery stated that this organization was a branch of the World Union of Free Enterprise National Socialist. Underneath that was given the name of the American Nazi Party.

Kasper repeated several times that he does not want to be on record as being affiliated with this organization.

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION. Memphis, Tennessee April 29, 1960

Re: Frederick John Kasper Racial Matters .

On April 25, 1960, Frederick John Kasper, who is incarcerated in the Davidson County Workhouse, Nashville, Tennessee, on a charge of inciting a riot, was interviewed by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. This interview was at the request of Kasper.

Among the matters which Kasper discussed was the fact that his mail is being opened by the officials of the Davidson County Workhouse. He stated that he was of the opinion that they did not have the right to open his mail without a specific agreement from him and that he had not so agreed. He stated that it was his understanding that the Tennessee State Penitentiary did not open prisoners' mail without their signing an agreement, but stated this was hearsay with him. He stated that it had been the practice at the Federal Correctional Institution at Tallahassee, Florida, to get the consent of the prisoners before the officials opened their mail. Kasper stated that the censorship of his mail resulted in delay of his mail, possibly so the FBI could see it, and that on some occasions he had noted that it took as much as a week for his mail to reach him from Florida. Kasper stated that he had nothing to hide but that he did object to his mail being opened and that he desired that it be brought to the attention of the postal authorities since he felt that it was a violation of postal regulations. Kasper was informed that the FBI was in no way responsible for delay in the receipt of his mail.

Kasper also stated that he wanted to protest the fact that the officials of the Davidson County Workhouse had taken some of his personal possessions from his cell. He stated that they took a box of letters and some literature that he had in the cell. He advised that they told him that they would give it back to him when he was released, but he felt that this was stealing. He stated that on April 20, 1960, he was in the Criminal Court of Davidson County, Nashville, on his motion for suspension of sentence, and that at that time all of the matters related herein were brought out. He stated that he got very little satisfaction from

1ce: AAG Civil Rights Division 6-94# 5-2-10 July ENCLOSURE # 2

the judge and his motion had been denied. He stated that at that time one of the pieces of literature that had been taken from his cell was brought into court and displayed to the court by the District Attorney General. He stated that this piece of literature was from the American Nazi Party, an organization with which he does not have anything to do. He stated that much was made of this in court, even though he stated to the court that he had not solidted the literature and that it had been sent to him by a former associate. He stated that he alleged in court that the piece of literature had been stolen from his cell, but the court stated that they could take what they desired from his cell. He stated that the District Attorney General claimed that the fact that he had this type of literature was the reason his possessions had been taken from him.

The subject stated that another basis for his motion for suspension of sentence had been based upon the cruel treatment afforded the prisoners in the workhouse. He referred to it as medieval and stated that he sought to bring out in court how the prisoners were mistreated. He stated that he was not allowed to do so and the judge asked him if he had been given a bed to sleep in, food and clothing. He stated that he had been given these things, so the judge told him that he did not see where he had any complaint. He stated that the judge asked him if he had been personally mistreated in a physical sense, and Kasper stated that he had to admit that he had not been. Kasper stated that he has not been mistreated himself, but has heard of other prisoners who have been mistreated. He stated that the guards in the workhouse are illiterate and curse the prisoners. He stated he has heard that the prisoners are threatened. Upon being pressed for particulars in this matter, the subject stated that there is a guard named at the workhouse who shot a prisoner in the stomach. stated this occurred in 1958 and that was taken to court and cleared on the shooting. He stated that he feels that should not be back as a guard and that the guards should not be allowed to have guns. He stated that ____ curses and threatens the prisoners. The subject stated that he has no specific informabe tion that has done more to any of the prisoners. Kasper stated that he also wished to bring to the attention of the proper authorities the fact that marijuana is being smuggled into the workhouse. He related that a week or so ago, he was working beside a Negro prisoner named in the rock quarry. He stated that whispered to him and asked if he would like to get some marijuana. He told Kasper that he could supply it to him for 20 cents a stick. He stated that he went along with to get enough information as to how the marijuana gets into the workhouse, but stated that he did not actually get any of the marijuana. He stated he understands that

b6 b70

a truck driver named brings the marijuana in to the guard in turn delivers it to a prisoner named then passes it to who peddles it to the other prisoners. Kasper stated that he learned all of this from and does not know if it is true or not!

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OFFICE MEMORANDUM

United States Government

Director, FBI(62-105095)

Date: 4-19-60

SAC. Memphis(105-275)

SUBJECT:

FREDERICK JOHN KASPER, JR.

Washington Field Origin

Rerep SA FRANCIS W. NORWOOD, dated 4-14-60 at Memphis.

Transmitted herewith is a revised letterhead memorandum. relating to the reliability of informants in instant report. It is requested that this replace the original letterhead memorandum sent with the report.

There is also transmitted a revised Page 12 and additional Pages 13 and 14 to go with the report. Error scored.

(ALL COPIES REGISTERED MAIN

2 Bureau (62-105095) (encl.-20) DETREER 91

1- Atlanta (encl.-4)

1- Baltimore (encl.-4)

1- Boston (encl.-4)

1- Chicago (encl.-4)

1- Cincinnati(encl.-4)

1- Dallas (encl.-4)

1- Detroit(encl.-4)

1- Houston(encl.-4)

1- Indianapolis(encl.-4)

1- Jacksonville (encl.-4)

1- Knoxville(encl.-4)

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1- Miami (encl.-4)

1- New Orleans(encl.-4)

(R. 1601 - Oklahoma City (encl.-4)

1- Phoenix(encl.-4)

1- Pittsburgh(encl.-4)

1- Savannah (encl.-4)

1- Seattle (encl. -4)

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l- Washington Field (62-8028)

(encl.-12)

1- Memphis (105-275)

FWN: FJ

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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Total Deleted Page(s) ~ 9

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Page 111 ~ b6, b7C, b7D

Page 195 \sim b6, b7C

Page 214 ~ Duplicate

Page 216 ~ Duplicate

Page 217 ~ Duplicate